

COM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 8.64516 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: ~~US-10-050-611~~

Perfect score:

Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:	1107863
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Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT:
2	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT:
3	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT:
4	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT:
5	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT:
6	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT:
7	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT:
8	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT:
9	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT:
10	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT:
11	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT:
12	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1991.DAT:
13	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT:
14	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1993.DAT:
15	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1994.DAT:
16	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1995.DAT:
17	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1996.DAT:
18	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1997.DAT:
19	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT:
20	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT:
21	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AZ2000.DAT:
22	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AZ2001.DAT:
23	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AZ2002.DAT:
24	/SIDS1/cgadata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AZ2003.DAT:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Query			DB ID	Description
	Score	Match	Length		
1	21	100.0	4	AA825315	Cell contact inhib
2	21	100.0	4	12	Transport molecule
3	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombo-spondin 1
4	21	100.0	4	23	Human thrombin pep
5	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombin peptide d
6	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombin receptor
7	21	100.0	5	13	Platelet antagonis
8	21	100.0	5	13	Human thrombospor
9	21	100.0	5	22	Thrombin-induced p
10	21	100.0	6	12	Peptide attachmen
11	21	100.0	6	12	Cell attachment pr
12	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
13	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
14	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
15	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
16	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
17	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
18	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
19	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
20	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
21	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
22	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
23	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
24	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
25	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
26	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
27	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
28	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
29	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
30	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
31	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
32	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
33	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
34	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
35	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
36	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
37	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
38	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
39	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
40	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
41	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
42	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
43	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
44	21	100.0	8	19	Integrin receptor
45	21	100.0	8	24	HumanNFn10 FG lo

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AAR25315
ID AAR25315 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX
AC AAR25315;
DT 17-MAR-1993 (first entry)
DE Cell contact inhibitor generic peptide #4.
DE Cyclic peptide; cell contact inhibitor; hydrolytic enzyme.
KW Cyclic peptide; cell contact inhibitor; hydrolytic enzyme.
OS Synthetic.

XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Modified-site 2 /label= MeGly
FT

XX JF04264097-A.

PN 18-SEP-1992.

XX 16-FEB-1991; 91JP-0044386.

XX 16-FEB-1991; 91JP-0044386.

XX (ASAG) ASahi GLASS CO LTD.

XX WPI; 1992-361922/44.

XX Peptide derivs. as contact inhibitor for animal cells - comprise
PT synthesised cyclic peptide and have portion of aminoacid sequence
PT of arginine-N-methyl:glycine-aspartic acid

XX Disclosure; Page 3; 6pp; Japanese.

XX The sequences given in AAR25311-19 are cyclic peptides which act as
CC contact inhibitors of animal cells. They are resistant to
CC decomposition by hydrolytic enzymes and can be maintained at high
CC levels of activity for a long period in vivo. The peptides are
CC cyclic and may have 1-16 pref. 1-4 amino acids.

XX Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 13; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 2

AAB86859
ID AAB86859 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX

AC AAB86859;
XX 28-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX Transport molecule/ligand binding-associated peptide #5.
DE Transport molecule; ligand; cancer treatment; autoimmune disease;
KW inflammation; infection.
XX Synthetic.
OS
PN WO200168142-A1.
XX 20-SEP-2001.
XX 13-MAR-2001; 2001WO-EP02833.
XX 13-MAR-2000; 2000DE-1012120.
XX (KTBT-) KTB TUMORFORSCHUNGS GMBH.
XX Kratz F;
XX WPI; 2001-589998/66.
XX New ligand, comprising therapeutic or diagnostic agent bonded
PT non-covalently with substance having high affinity to transport
PT molecule -
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 39; 74pp; German.
XX This invention describes novel ligands which bind to transport molecules,
CC comprising a therapeutic and/or diagnostic agent (A) non-covalently
CC bonded via a linkage cleavable in vivo depending on pH and/or
CC enzymatically with a substance (B) having an association constant KA to a
CC transport molecule of above 10³ M⁻¹, is new. The medicaments are
CC especially useful for the treatment of cancers, autoimmune diseases,
CC acute and chronic inflammation and infections caused by viruses or
CC microorganisms. The diagnostic kits are useful for the detection of these
CC illnesses and for the detection of the transport molecule and/or its
CC distribution in vivo. The ligands have excellent solubility in the medium
CC at the site of action and are easy and inexpensive to convert into
CC adducts, as the interaction with the transport material is physical.
CC AAB86843-AAB86920 represent peptides used to illustrate the
CC method of the invention.

XX Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 22; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 3

AAE28393 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

AC AAE28393;
DT 27-DEC-2002 (first entry)
DE Thrombo-spondin 1 RGD cell binding region.
KW Tat region; nucleic acid-binding group; cell transfection system;
KW gene therapy; cancer; thrombo-spondin 1.
OS Unidentified.
XX US6376248-B1.
XX 23-APR-2002.
XX 16-MAR-1998; 98US-0039780.
XX 14-MAR-1997; 97US-0818200.
XX (LIFE-) LIFE TECHNOLOGIES INC.
XX Hawley-Nelson P, Lan J, Shih P, Jessee JA, Schifferli KP;
PI Gebeyehu G, Ciccarone VC, Evans KL;
XX WPI; 2002-680647/73.
XX New peptide comprising Tat sequence linked to nucleic acid-binding
PT group, useful, e.g. in gene therapy, for improving cell-transfection
PT efficiency -
XX Example 1; Column 65; 108pp; English.
XX The invention relates to a peptide comprising Tat sequence linked to
CC nucleic acid-binding group. Peptides of the invention are used as
CC components of a cell transfection system particularly for gene therapy
CC (especially of cancer). The present sequence is thrombo-spondin 1 RGD
CC cell binding region. This peptide is used in the exemplification of
CC the invention.

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|
|
|
|
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 4

AAE20157 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX AAE20157;
AC 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
DT Human thrombin peptide.
DE Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX WO200207748-A2.
XX 31-JAN-2002.
XX 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22668.
XX 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
XX (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
XX WPI; 2002-268953/31.
XX Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
PT activated thrombin receptor -
XX Claim 10; Page 25; 28pp; English.
XX The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide. The derivatives of
CC thrombin peptide which serves as a NPAR agonist.

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|
|
|
|
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 5

AAU78374 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX AC AAU78374;
 XX DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 XX DE Thrombin peptide derivative #1.
 XX KW Thrombin; osteopathic; receptor; agonist; bone growth stimulation;
 KW osteoinduction; farm animal; companion animal; laboratory animal;
 KW bone graft; segmental bone gap; bone void; non-union fracture.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN WO200205836-A2.
 XX PD 24-JAN-2002.
 XX PF 18-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22641.
 XX PR 19-JUL-2000; 2000US-219300P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Simmons DJ, Yang J, Redin WR;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-303796/34.
 XX PT Stimulating bone growth at a site in a subject in need of
 PT osteoinduction, such as a site of bone graft, segmental bone gap, bone
 PT void or non-union structure, by administering agonist of activated
 PT thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Claim 9; Page 22; 27pp; English.
 XX CC The invention describes a method of stimulating bone growth at a site
 CC in a subject in need of osteoinduction. The method involves administering
 CC an agonist to stimulate bone growth at a site in a subject (e.g. a farm
 CC animal, companion animal or laboratory animal), in need of
 CC osteoinduction, such as the site in need of a bone graft in a subject, a
 CC segmental bone gap, a bone void or a non-union fracture. This sequence
 CC represents a thrombin peptide derivative obtained from a serine
 CC esterase that can stimulate or activate the non-proteolytically
 CC activated thrombin receptor.
 XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4
 RESULT 6
 AAM50856

ID AAM50856 standard; Peptide; 4 AA.
 XX AC AAM50856;
 XX DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX DE Thrombin receptor binding domain used for cardiac tissue repair.
 XX KW Thrombin receptor binding domain; thrombin; revascularisation;
 KW vascular occlusion; tissue repair; vulnherary; vasotropic; cardiant;
 KW angiogenesis; restenosis; therapy; human.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX PN WO200204008-A2.
 XX PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 XX PS Claim 2; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a thrombin receptor binding domain
 CC peptide that is used in a claimed method for promoting cardiac
 CC tissue repair. The method involves administering an angiogenic
 CC thrombin-derived peptide. The peptide comprises the present
 CC thrombin receptor binding domain together with a serine esterase
 CC conserved sequence (see AAM50857), or preferably a peptide (see
 CC AAM50856) which includes both these sequences. The thrombin-derived
 CC peptide is administered during or following cardiac surgery by
 CC injection into cardiac tissue, and may be formulated as a sustained
 CC release formulation. It is used in claimed methods of stimulating
 CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
 CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
 CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case the
 CC peptide may be coated onto the catheter.
 XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4

Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 7

AA24517

ID AAR24517 standard; Protein; 5 AA.

XX

AC AAR24517;

XX

DT 02-DEC-1992 (first entry)

XX

DE Platelet antagonist peptide 4.

XX

XX Clinical effect; antagonist.

XX

OS Synthetic.

XX

PN JP04134096-A.

XX

PD 07-MAY-1992.

XX

PF 21-SEP-1990; 90JP-0253849.

XX

PR 21-SEP-1990; 90JP-0253849.

XX

PA (SEK) SEIKAGAKU KOGYO CO LTD.

XX

DR WPI; 1992-204525/25.

XX

PT New peptide(s) comprising arginine-glycine-asparagine and

PT hyaluronic acid - useful as platelet antagonists with higher

PT activity than arginine-glycine-asparagine-valine

XX

PS Disclosure; Page 5; 10pp; Japanese.

XX

CC The sequences given in AAR24514-8 are peptides which are useful as

CC platelet antagonists. These peptides have higher activity than the

CC conventional peptide of Arg-Gly-Asp-Val. These peptides have a

CC clinical effect at a lower dose, dosage is 2.5-5.0 mg/kg/day.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DS 13; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 8

AA17781

ID AAY17781 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX

AC AAY17781;

XX

DT 09-MAY-2001 (first entry)

XX

DT 12-AUG-1999 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombospondin-1 type III repeat peptide.

XX

KW Human; thrombospondin; HIV; infection; inhibition; chemokine;

KW contraceptive.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

XX

PN WO9926649-A1.

XX

PD 03-JUN-1999.

XX

PF 24-NOV-1998; 98WO-US24905.

XX

PR 20-MAR-1998; 98US-0078873.

PR 25-NOV-1997; 97US-0066294.

XX

PA (CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.

XX

PI Crombie AR, Laurence JC, Nachman RL;

XX

DR WPI; 1999-370856/31.

XX

PT Suppressing infectivity of human immune deficiency virus

XX

PS Example 2; Page 33; 67pp; English.

XX

CC The present invention describes a method for suppressing infectivity of

CC human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) by treating the virus, or its target

CC cell, with a thrombospondin or thrombospondin analogue. Thrombospondin

CC blocks binding of HIV to its cellular receptors. Thrombospondin or its

CC analogues can be used to prevent infection by HIV, in both contraceptive

CC and non-contraceptive compositions/devices. They are already known to

CC reduce infectivity of some bacteria and protozoa. The present sequence

CC represents a human thrombospondin-1 type III repeat peptide.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DS 20; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 9

AAE72600

ID AAE72600 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

XX

AC AAE72600;

XX

DT 09-MAY-2001 (first entry)

XX

DE Thrombin-induced platelet activator antagonist #39.

XX Platelet aggregation inhibitor; thrombin activation inhibitor;

KW protease activated receptor 1; PAR1; platelet activation inhibitor;

KW thrombosis; acute coronary syndrome.

XX Unidentified.

OS

PN W0200112656-A1.

XX

PD 22-FEB-2001.

XX

PF 17-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US40669.

XX

PR 17-AUG-1999; 99US-0375808.

XX

PA (THRO-) THROMGEN INC.

XX

PI Schmaier AH, Hasan AAK;

XX

DR WPI; 2001-226546/23.

XX

PT Inhibiting thrombin activation in human cell expressing protease

PT activated receptor 1 (PAR1), comprises contacting mixtures of thrombin

PT and human cell expressing PAR1, with a peptide that inhibits platelet

PT activation -

XX

PS Claim 6; Page 26; 49pp; English.

XX

CC The present invention relates to a method for inhibiting thrombin

CC activation in a human cell expressing protease activated receptor 1

CC (PAR1). The method involves using peptides (e.g. the present peptide)

CC that inhibit platelet activation. The method is useful for preventing

CC thrombosis and platelet aggregation. The method can be used for patients

CC with acute coronary syndromes (e.g. crescendo angina, myocardial

CC infarction) and for individuals who have acute coronary syndromes and

CC receive percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty with an article

CC stent placement.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 22; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

DB 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 10

AAR04871

ID AAR04871 standard; peptide; 6 AA.

XX

AC AAR04871;

XX

DT 25-VAR-2003 (updated)

DT 25-SEP-1989 (first entry)

XX

DE Peptide from fibronectin.

XX

KW Fibronectin; cell attachment; cell detachment; fermentation; therapy.

XX

OS synthetic.

XX

PN US4879237-A.

XX

PD 07-NOV-1989.

XX

PF 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0733078.

XX

PR 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0733078.

XX

PA (LJOL-) LA JOLLA CANCER RES FOUND.

XX

PI Ruoslahti EI, Hayman EG, Pierschbacher MD;

XX

DR WPI; 1990-154405/20.

XX

PT Synthetic peptide(s) from fibronectin- used in control of cell attachment

PT and Detachment

XX

PS Claim 1; page 10; 13pp; English.

XX

CC This polypeptide mediates the attachment of animal cells to substrates.

CC The substrate (1) is contacted with cells and with a soln. contg. this

CC polypeptide. This attachment can be prevented in addition to detaching

CC the cells from (1) once attached. Applications are in eg fermentation,

CC cell line prepn., diagnosis and therapy.

CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PR field.)

CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PA field.)

XX

SQ Sequence 6 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 11; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

DB 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 11

AAR11506

ID AAR11506 standard; Protein; 6 AA.

XX

AC AAR11506;

XX

DT 12-JUN-1991 (first entry)

XX

DE Cell attachment promoting peptide.

XX

KW Fibrin; aggregation.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Active-site 2..4

XX PN US4988621-A.

XX PD 29-JAN-1991.

XX PF 10-DEC-1987; 87US-0131130.

XX PR 10-DEC-1987; 87US-0131130.

XX PR 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0738078.

XX PA (JOLL-) LA JOLLA CANCER FOU.

XX PI Ruoslanti EI, Hayman EG, Pierschbacher MD;

XX DR WPI; 1991-116404/16.

XX PT Peptide(s) contg. arginine-glycine-aspartic acid sequence - used

XX PT to prevent and reverse cell attachment or to promote cell

XX PT aggregation.

XX PS Disclosure; Page 8; 12pp; English.

XX CC The peptide, or shorter versions contg. the RGD active site from

XX CC fibronectin, can be used to prevent and reverse attachment of cells

XX CC to substrates. This can be used in cell prodn., fermentation, cell

XX CC line prepn., cell matrix prodn., diagnostics and therapy. The

XX CC peptide can be used for eg mobilisation of bone marrow cells;

XX CC Prevention and reversal of attachment of disseminated tumour cells

XX CC locally such as in the case of an operation performed in the peri-

XX CC toneal cavity, to prevent adhesions and scar formations locally as

XX CC in the case of eye operations, for prophylactic inhibition of E. coli

XX CC binding to epithelial cells of the urinary tract or intestine,

XX CC diagnosis and treatment of E. coli related infections, and

XX CC identification of various pathogenic bacterial strains. The

XX CC peptide is pref. prepd. by solid phase synthesis.

XX CC See also AAR11505

XX SQ Sequence 6 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 12; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

||||

RESULT 12

ABP48385

ID ABP48385 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.

XX

AC ABP48385;

XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)

XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:289.

XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX PN WO200242459-A2.

XX PD 30-MAY-2002.

XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.

XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.

XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.

XX PI Liu Q;

XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.

XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying

XX PT gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering.

XX PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to

XX PT C-terminus -

XX PS Example 1; Page 37; 81pp; English.

XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to

XX CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)

XX CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the

XX CC target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2),

XX CC and a third (S3) target subsite. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide

XX CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and

XX CC (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that

XX CC it binds to the S1 target subsite, selecting the F2 zinc finger such that

XX CC finger such that it binds to the S2 target subsite, and selecting the F3 zinc

XX CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target subsite, thus designing (I)

XX CC target subsites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the

XX CC subsite. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human

XX CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in

XX CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within

XX CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of

XX CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the

XX CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity

XX CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced

XX CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230

XX CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given

XX CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 13
ABP48594
ID ABP48594 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
XX AC ABP48594;
XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:670.
XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN W0200242459-A2.
XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.
XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
XX PI Liu Q;
XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying
PT gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering,
PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to
PT C-terminus -
XX Example 1; Page 40; 81pp; English.

CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to
CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)
CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the
CC target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2),
CC and a third (S3) target sub-site. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide
CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and
CC (3) designing (M) (1) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that
CC it binds to the S1 target sub-site, selecting the F2 zinc finger such
CC that it binds to the S2 target sub-site, and selecting the F3 zinc
CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target sub-site, thus designing (I)
CC that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet
CC target subsites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the

CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human
CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (II), (II) or (III) is useful in
CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within
CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of
CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the
CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity
CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced
CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230
CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given
CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX
XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
XX Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 14
ABP48597
ID ABP48597 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
XX AC ABP48597;
XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:671.
XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN W0200242459-A2.
XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.
XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
XX PI Liu Q;
XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying
PT gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering,
PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to
PT C-terminus -
XX Example 1; Page 40; 81pp; English.

XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to
 CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)
 CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the
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 CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and
 CC (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that
 CC it binds to the S1 target sub-site, selecting the F2 zinc finger such
 CC that it binds to the S2 target sub-site, and selecting the F3 zinc
 CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target sub-site, thus designing (I)
 CC that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet
 CC target sub-sites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the
 CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human
 CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in
 CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within
 CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of
 CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the
 CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity
 CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced
 CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230
 CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given
 CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 15
 ID ABP48600
 AC ABP48600 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
 XX AC ABP48600;
 XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
 XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:672.
 XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN W0200242459-A2.
 XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
 XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
 XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.

XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
 XX PI Liu Q;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
 XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying
 PT gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering,
 PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to
 PT C-terminus -
 XX PS Example 1; Page 40; 81pp; English.
 XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to
 CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)
 CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the
 CC target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2),
 CC and a third (S3) target sub-site. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide
 CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and
 CC (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that
 CC it binds to the S1 target sub-site, selecting the F2 zinc finger such
 CC that it binds to the S2 target sub-site, and selecting the F3 zinc
 CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target sub-site, thus designing (I)
 CC that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet
 CC target sub-sites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the
 CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human
 CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in
 CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within
 CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of
 CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the
 CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity
 CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced
 CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230
 CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given
 CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 Db 1 RGDA 4

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:24
 Job time : 10.6452 secs

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 2.70968 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76:
1: pir1:
2: pir2:
3: pir3:
4: pir4:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	21	100.0	19	2 A34467	36K microfilament-associated protein - pig (fragment)
2	21	100.0	39	2 A36453	decorin - leech (
3	21	100.0	45	2 G82812	hypothetical prote
4	21	100.0	49	2 S70093	hypothetical prote
5	21	100.0	52	2 S19623	ornatin C - leech
6	21	100.0	57	2 E70535	hypothetical prote
7	21	100.0	68	2 A3217	hypothetical prote
8	21	100.0	74	2 S62370	60S ribosomal prot
9	21	100.0	76	2 I39905	trp RNA-binding pr
10	21	100.0	79	2 B90870	hypothetical prote
11	21	100.0	79	2 G85748	unknown protein en
12	21	100.0	79	2 E64884	ydaQ protein - Esc

13	21	100.0	80	2	568677	cytochrome c551 -
14	21	100.0	88	2	H82662	conserved hypotnet
15	21	100.0	89	2	I68553	cell surface glyco
16	21	100.0	90	2	E82562	hypothetical prote
17	21	100.0	93	2	AH0620	probable prophage
18	21	100.0	95	2	E82696	hypothetical prote
19	21	100.0	96	2	G84240	hypothetical prote
20	21	100.0	96	2	D83771	hypothetical prote
21	21	100.0	97	2	A71054	ribosomal protein
22	21	100.0	97	2	C75089	ribosomal protein
23	21	100.0	97	2	E82962	hypothetical prote
24	21	100.0	98	2	S01566	hypothetical prote
25	21	100.0	100	2	T30673	hypothetical prote
26	21	100.0	102	2	E73273	conserved hypotnet
27	21	100.0	103	2	F70976	hypothetical prote
28	21	100.0	104	2	E72338	probable acylphosp
29	21	100.0	107	2	F90230	partial transposas
30	21	100.0	108	2	T51207	hypothetical prote
31	21	100.0	110	2	AC2787	conserved hypotnet
32	21	100.0	110	2	E97566	hypothetical prote
33	21	100.0	115	2	S14024	hypothetical prote
34	21	100.0	115	2	C82479	hypothetical prote
35	21	100.0	116	2	D71832	ribosomal protein
36	21	100.0	116	2	D64681	ribosomal protein
37	21	100.0	117	2	B81255	50S ribosomal prot
38	21	100.0	121	2	I35719	phnQ protein - Esc
39	21	100.0	123	2	H75059	hypothetical prote
40	21	100.0	124	2	D84319	30S ribosomal prot
41	21	100.0	124	2	S62816	ribosomal protein
42	21	100.0	124	2	T03574	hypothetical prote
43	21	100.0	126	2	C86883	50S ribosomal prot
44	21	100.0	126	2	B72621	hypothetical prote
45	21	100.0	126	2	T37063	hypothetical prote

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

A34467
36K microfilament-associated protein - pig (fragment)
C:Species: Sus scrofa domestica (domestic pig)
C:Date: 08-Jun-1990 #sequence_revision 08-Jun-1990 #text_change 18-Jun-1993
C:Accession: A34467
R: Kobayashi, R.; Tashima, Y.; Masuda, H.; Shozawa, T.; Numata, Y.; Miyauchi, K.; Hayakawa, T.
J. Biol. Chem. 264, 17437-17444, 1989
A: Title: Isolation and characterization of a new 36-kDa microfilament-associated glycoprotein from porcine aorta.
A: Reference number: A34467; PMID: 90008913; PMID: 2793866
A: Accession: A34467
A: Status: preliminary
A: Molecule type: protein
A: Residues: 1-19 <KOE>
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 60;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 2
A36453
deorsin - leech (*Macrobrachium* decora)
C:Species: *Macrobrachium* decora
C:Date: 08-Mar-1991 #sequence_revision 08-Mar-1991 #text_change 30-Sep-1993
C:Accession: A36453
R:Seymour, J.L.; Henzel, W.J.; Nevins, B.; Stults, J.T.; Lazarus, R.A.
J. Biol. Chem. 265, 10143-10147, 1990
A:Title: Decorsin, A potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIa antagonist and platelet aggregation inhibitor from the leech *Macrobrachium* decora.
A:Reference number: A36453; PMID:90277620; PMID:2351655
A:Accession: A36453
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-39 <SE>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 39;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 31 RGDA 34

RESULT 3
G82812
hypothetical protein XF0386 [Imported] - *Xylella fastidiosa* (strain 9a5c)
C:Species: *Xylella fastidiosa*
C:Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 20-Aug-2000
C:Accession: G82812
R:Anonymous, The *Xylella fastidiosa* Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequencing and Analysis, Sao Paulo, Brazil.
Nature 406, 151-157, 2000
A:Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.
A:Reference number: A82515; PMID:20365717; PMID:10910347
A>Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below
A:Accession: G82812
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-45 <SIM>
A:Cross-references: GB:AEO03890; GB:AEO03849; NID:g9105215; PIDN:AAF83196.1; GSPDB:GN00128; XFSC:XF0386
A:Experimental source: strain 9a5c
R:Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; Alves, L.M.C.; Araya, J.E.; Baia, G.S.; Baptista, C.S.; Barros, M.H.; Bonaccorsi, E.D.; Bordin, S.; Bove, J.M.; Briones, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carrier, H.; Colauto, N.B.; Colombo, C.; Costa, F.F.; Costa, M.C.R.; Costa-Neto, C.M.; Coutinho, L.L.;

Cristofani, M.; Dias-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorfy, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.J.S.
submitted to GenBank, June 2000
A:Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; Franca, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Frohne, M.; Furlan, L.R.; Garnier, M.; Goldman, G.H.; Goldman, M.H.S.; Gomes, S.L.; Gruber, A.; Ho, P.L.; Hohlseil, J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper, E.L.; Klcajima, J.F.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigret, F.; Lambais, M.R.; Leite, L.C.C.; Lemos, E.G.M.; Lemos, M.V.F.; Lopes, S.A.; Lopes, C.R.; Machado, J.A.; Machado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madelira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E.A.L.
A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.; Monteiro-Vitorello, C.B.; Moon, D.H.; Nagai, M.A.; Nascimento, A.L.O.; Netto, L.E.S.; Nhani Jr., A.; Nobrega, F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmeri, D.A.; Paris, A.; Peixoto, B.R.; Pereira, G.A.G.; Pereira Jr., H.A.; Pesquero, J.B.; Quaggio, R.B.; Roberto, P.G.; Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasaki, H.E.
A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveira, J.F.; Silvestri, M.L.Z.; Siqueira, W.J.; de Souza, A.A.; de Souza, A.P.; Terenzi, M.F.; Truffi, D.; Tsai, S.M.; Tshako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Zago, M.A.; Zatz, M.; Meidanis, J.; Setubal, J.C.
A:Reference number: A59328
A:Contents: annotation
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: XF0386

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 45;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 19 RGDA 22

RESULT 4
S70093
hypothetical protein (orf49) - *Amycolatopsis methanolica*
C:Species: *Amycolatopsis methanolica*
C:Date: 15-Feb-1997 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text_change 07-May-1999
C:Accession: S70093
R:Yrijbloed, J.W.; Jelinkova, M.; Hessel, G.I.; Dijkhuizen, L.
Mol. Microbiol. 18, 21-31, 1995
A:Title: Identification of the minimal replicon of plasmid pMEA300 of the methylotrophic actinomycete *Amycolatopsis methanolica*.
A:Reference number: S70087; PMID:96154938; PMID:8596458
A:Accession: S70093
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-49 <VRI>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:L36679
C:Genetics:
A:Start codon: GTG

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
 Db 23 RGDA 26

RESULT 5
 S19623
 ornatin C - leech (*Placodella ornata*)
 C/Species: *Placodella ornata*
 C/Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Mar-1997 #text_change 24-Jul-1997
 C/Accession: S19623
 R/Mazur, P.; Henzel, W.J.; Seymour, J.L.; Lazarus, R.A.
 Eur. J. Biochem. 202, 1073-1082, 1991
 A/Title: Ornatin: potent glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists and platelet aggregation inhibitors from the leech *Placodella ornata*.
 A/Reference number: S19566; PMID:92111479; PMID:1765068
 A/Accession: S19623
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: protein
 A/Residues: 1-52 <MAZ>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 52;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
 Db 42 RGDA 45

RESULT 6
 E70535
 hypothetical protein RV0666 - *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* (strain H37Rv)
 C/Species: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*
 C/Date: 17-Jul-1998 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1998 #text_change 22-Oct-1999
 C/Accession: E70535
 R/Cole, S.T.; Brosch, R.; Parkhill, J.; Garnier, T.; Churcher, C.; Harris, D.; Gordon, S.V.; Eigmeier, K.; Gas, S.; Barry III, C.E.; Tekala, F.; Badcock, K.; Basham, D.; Brown, D.; Chillingworth, T.; Connor, R.; Davies, R.; Devlin, K.; Feltwell, T.; Gentles, S.; Hamlin, N.; Holroyd, S.; Hornsby, T.; Jagels, K.; Krogh, A.; McLean, J.; Moule, S.; Murphy, L.; Oliver, S.; Osborne, J.; Quail, M.A.; Rajandream, M.A.; Rogers, J.; Rutter, S.; Seeger, K.; Skelton, S.; Squares, S., 537-544, 1998
 A/Authors: Squares, R.; Sulston, J.E.; Taylor, K.; Whitehead, S.; Barrell, B.G.
 A/Title: Deciphering the biology of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* from the complete genome sequence.
 A/Reference number: A70500; PMID:98295987; PMID:9634230
 A/Accession: E70535
 A/Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-57 <OOL>
 A/Cross-references: GB:295972; GB:AL123456; NID:g3261790; PIDN:CA809391.1;
 PID:e319190; PID:g2143295
 A/Experimental source: strain H37Rv

C/Genetics:
 A/Gene: RV0666

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 57;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
 Db 24 RGDA 27

RESULT 7
 AG3217
 hypothetical protein Atu5470 [imported] - *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* (strain C58, Dupont) plasmid At
 C/Species: *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*
 C/Date: 11-Jan-2002 #sequence_revision 11-Jan-2002 #text_change 18-Nov-2002
 C/Accession: AG3217
 R/Wood, D.W.; Setubal, J.C.; Kaul, R.; Monks, D.; Chen, L.; Wood, G.E.; Chen, Y.; Woo, L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Okura, V.K.; Almeida Jr., N.F.; Zhou, Y.; Bovee Sr., D.; Chapman, P.; Clendenning, J.; Deatherage, G.; Gillet, W.; Grant, C.; Guenther, D.; Ruyavin, T.; Levy, R.; Li, M.; McClelland, E.; Palmieri, A.; Raymond, C.; Rouse, G.; Saenphimmachak, C.; Wu, Z.; Gordon, D.; Eisen, J.A.; Paulsen, I.; Karp, P.; Romero, P.; Zhang, S.
 Science 294, 2317-2323, 2001
 A/Authors: Yoo, H.; Tao, Y.; Biddle, P.; Jung, M.; Krespan, W.; Perry, M.; Gordon-Kamm, B.; Liao, L.; Kim, S.; Hendrick, C.; Zhao, Z.; Dolan, M.; Tingey, S.V.; Tomb, J.; Gordon, M.P.; Olson, M.V.; Rester, E.W.
 A/Title: The Genome of the Natural Genetic Engineer *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* C58.
 A/Reference number: AB2577; PMID:21608550; PMID:11743193
 A/Accession: AG3217
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-68 <XUS>
 A/Cross-references: GB:AE008687; PIDN:AA146157.1; PID:gl7743927; GSPDB:GN00188
 A/Experimental source: strain C58 (Dupont)
 C/Genetics:
 A/Gene: AtU5470
 A/Genome: plasmid

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 68;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
 Db 36 RGDA 39

RESULT 8
 S62570
 60S ribosomal protein l38 - fission yeast (*Schizosaccharomyces pombe*)
 N/Alternate names: protein SPAC30D11.1
 C/Species: *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*
 C/Date: 06-Dec-1996 #sequence_revision 06-Dec-1996 #text_change 11-Jan-2000

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
DB 58 RGDA 61

RESULT 10
B90870

ECs1930 [imported] - Escherichia coli (strain O157:H7, substrain RMD 0509952)
C:Species: Escherichia coli
C:Date: 18-Jul-2001 #sequence_revision 18-Jul-2001 #text_change 18-Jul-2001
C:Accession: B90870
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7, substrain RMD 0509952
A:Cross-references: GB:BA000007; PIN:BA35353.1; PID:g3361395; GSPDB:GN00154
A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain RMD 0509952
A:Gene: ECs1930
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-79 <MAX>
A:Status: preliminary

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
DB 58 RGDA 61

RESULT 11
B95748

CP-933R [imported] - Escherichia coli (strain O157:H7, substrain EDL933)
C:Species: Escherichia coli
C:Date: 16-Feb-2001 #sequence_revision 16-Feb-2001 #text_change 14-Sep-2001
C:Accession: G85748
A:Title: Genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7.
A:Cross-references: AB0480; MUID:21074935; PMID:11206551
A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain RMD 0509952
A:Gene: CP-933R
A:Molecule type: DNA

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
DB 58 RGDA 61

RESULT 12
B95748

CP-933R [imported] - Escherichia coli (strain O157:H7, substrain EDL933)
C:Species: Escherichia coli
C:Date: 16-Feb-2001 #sequence_revision 16-Feb-2001 #text_change 14-Sep-2001
C:Accession: G85748
A:Title: Genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7.
A:Cross-references: AB0480; MUID:21074935; PMID:11206551
A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain RMD 0509952
A:Gene: CP-933R
A:Molecule type: DNA

A;Residues: 1-79 <STO>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE005174; NID:gl2515406; PIDN:AGS6451.1; GSPDB:GN00145; UWGP:Z2414
A;Experimental source: strain 0157:H7, substrain EDL933
C;Genetics: ydaQ
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 12
E64884
ydaQ protein - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)
C;Species: Escherichia coli
C;Date: 12-Sep-1997 #sequence_revision 17-Sep-1997 #text_change 01-Mar-2002
C;Accession: E64884
R;Blattner, F.R.; Plunkett III, G.; Bloch, C.A.; Perna, N.T.; Burland, V.; Riley, M.; Collado-Vides, J.; Glasner, J.D.; Rode, C.K.; Mayhew, G.F.; Gregor, J.; Davis, N.W.; Kirkpatrick, H.A.; Goeden, M.A.; Rose, D.J.; Mau, B.; Shao, Y. Science 277, 1453-1462, 1997
A;Title: The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12.
A;Reference number: A64720; MUID:97426617; PMID:9278503
A;Accession: E64884
A;Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-79 <BLAT>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE000232; GB:U00096; NID:gl787600; PIDN:AAC74428.1; PID:gl787608; UWGP:bl346
A;Experimental source: strain K-12, substrain M61655
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 13
S68677
cytochrome c551 - Chromatium vinosum
C;Species: Chromatium vinosum
C;Date: 23-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 04-Mar-2000
C;Accession: S68677
R;Sanyn, B.; de Smet, L.; van Driessche, G.; Meyer, T.E.; Bartsch, R.G.; Cusanovich, M.A.; van Beeumen, J.J. Eur. J. Biochem. 236, 689-696, 1996

A;Title: A high-potential soluble cytochrome c-551 from the purple phototrophic bacterium Chromatium vinosum is homologous to cytochrome c(8) from denitrifying pseudomonas.
A;Reference number: S68677; MUID:96195682; PMID:8612646
A;Accession: S68677
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 1-80 <SN>
A;Experimental source: strain D
C;Superfamily: cytochrome c6; cytochrome c6 homology
C;Keywords: chromoprotein; electron transfer; heme; iron; metalloprotein; oxidative phosphorylation
F;1-77/Domain: cytochrome c6 homology <CYC>
F;10,13/Binding site: heme (Cys) (covalent) #status predicted
F;14,59/Binding site: heme iron (His, Met) (axial ligands) #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 14
H82662
conserved hypothetical protein XF1562 [imported] - Xylella fastidiosa (strain 9aSc)
C;Species: Xylella fastidiosa
C;Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 20-Aug-2000
C;Accession: H82662
R;anonymous, The Xylella fastidiosa Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequencing and Analysis, Sao Paulo, Brazil. Nature 406, 151-157, 2000
A;Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen Xylella fastidiosa.
A;Reference number: AS2513; MUID:20363717; PMID:10910347
A;Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below
A;Accession: H82662
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-88 <SIW>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE003986; GB:AE003849; NID:g9106606; PIDN:AAF84371.1; GSPDB:GN00128; XFSC:XF1562
A;Experimental source: strain 9aSc
R;Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; Alves, L.M.C.; Araya, J.E.; Baia, G.S.; Baptista, C.S.; Barros, M.H.; Bonaccorsi, E.D.; Bordin, S.; Bove, J.M.; Briches, M.R.S.; Buono, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Canargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carter, H.; Colauto, N.B.; Colombo, C.; Costa, F.F.; Costa, M.C.R.; Costa-Neto, C.M.; Coutinho, L.L.; Cristofani, M.; Dias-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorri, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.J.S.
submitted to GenBank, June 2000
A;Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; Franca, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Frohne, M.; Furlan, L.R.; Garnier, M.; Goldman, G.H.; Goldman, M.H.S.; Gomes, S.L.; Gruber, A.; Ho, P.L.; Hoheisel, J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper, E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigret, F.; Lambais, M.R.; Leite, L.C.C.; Lemos, E.G.N.; Lemos, M.V.F.; Lopes, S.A.; Lopes, C.R.; Machado,

A;Residues: 1-79 <STO>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE005174; NID:gl2515406; PIDN:AGS6451.1; GSPDB:GN00145; UWGP:Z2414
A;Experimental source: strain 0157:H7, substrain EDL933
C;Genetics: ydaQ
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 12
E64884
ydaQ protein - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)
C;Species: Escherichia coli
C;Date: 12-Sep-1997 #sequence_revision 17-Sep-1997 #text_change 01-Mar-2002
C;Accession: E64884
R;Blattner, F.R.; Plunkett III, G.; Bloch, C.A.; Perna, N.T.; Burland, V.; Riley, M.; Collado-Vides, J.; Glasner, J.D.; Rode, C.K.; Mayhew, G.F.; Gregor, J.; Davis, N.W.; Kirkpatrick, H.A.; Goeden, M.A.; Rose, D.J.; Mau, B.; Shao, Y. Science 277, 1453-1462, 1997
A;Title: The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12.
A;Reference number: A64720; MUID:97426617; PMID:9278503
A;Accession: E64884
A;Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-79 <BLAT>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE000232; GB:U00096; NID:gl787600; PIDN:AAC74428.1; PID:gl787608; UWGP:bl346
A;Experimental source: strain K-12, substrain M61655
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 13
S68677
cytochrome c551 - Chromatium vinosum
C;Species: Chromatium vinosum
C;Date: 23-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 04-Mar-2000
C;Accession: S68677
R;Sanyn, B.; de Smet, L.; van Driessche, G.; Meyer, T.E.; Bartsch, R.G.; Cusanovich, M.A.; van Beeumen, J.J. Eur. J. Biochem. 236, 689-696, 1996

J.A.; Machado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E.A.L.
 A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.; Monteloro-Vicentello, C.B.; Moon, D.H.; Nagai, M.A.; Nascimento, A.L.T.O.; Netto, L.E.S.; Nhani Jr., A.; Nobrega, F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, D.A.; Paris, A.; Peixoto, B.R.; Pereira, G.A.G.; Pereira Jr., H.A.; Pesquero, J.B.; Quaggio, R.B.; Roberto, P.G.; Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasaki, H.E.
 A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveira, J.F.; Silvestri, M.L.Z.; Siqueira, W.J.; de Souza, A.A.; de Souza, A.P.; Terenzi, M.F.; Truffi, D.; Tsai, S.M.; Tshako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Varjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Zago, M.A.; Zatz, M.; Meidanis, J.; Setubal, J.C.
 A:Reference number: A59328
 A:Contents: annotation
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: XF1562

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 89;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 DB 65 RGDA 68

RESULT 15
 I68553
 cell surface glycoprotein - human (fragment)
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
 C:Date: 04-Oct-1996 #sequence_revision 04-Oct-1996 #text_change 23-Jul-1999
 C:Accession: I68553
 R:Horn, G.T.; Bugawan, T.L.; Long, C.M.; Manos, M.M.; Erlich, H.A.
 Hum. Immunol. 21, 249-263, 1988
 A:Title: Sequence analysis of HLA class II genes from insulin-dependent diabetic individuals.
 A:Reference number: I54290; MUID:89227495; PMID:3372263
 A:Accession: I68553
 A:Status: preliminary; translated from GE/EMBL/DBJ
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-89 <RES>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M35000; NID:q291960; PIDN:AAA35774.1; PID:q553265
 C:Superfamily: class II histocompatibility antigen; immunoglobulin homology
 C:Keywords: glycoprotein

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 89;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 DB 44 RGDA 47

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 1.67742 Seconds
(without alignments)
112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	21	100.0	39	1 DECO_MACDE	P17350 macrobella
2	21	100.0	52	1 ORNC_PLAOR	P25512 placobdella
3	21	100.0	74	1 R3BB_SCHPO	Q09900 schizosacch
4	21	100.0	76	1 NRRB_BACPU	P48064 bacillus pu
5	21	100.0	80	1 C551_CHRVI	P80549 chromatium
6	21	100.0	97	1 RL21_PYRAB	Q9uzp1 pyrococcus
7	21	100.0	97	1 RL21_PYRHO	O74001 pyrococcus
8	21	100.0	98	1 UL19_HCMVA	P16723 human cytom
9	21	100.0	113	1 APGL_HUMAN	Q15772 homo sapien
10	21	100.0	113	1 APGL_MOUSE	Q62407 mus musculu
11	21	100.0	113	1 APGL_RAT	Q63638 rattus norv
12	21	100.0	116	1 RL17_HELPJ	Q9zjt6 helicobacte
13	21	100.0	116	1 RL17_HELPJ	P56042 helicobacte
14	21	100.0	124	1 RL17_MCPN	Q59547 mycoplasma
15	21	100.0	124	1 R88E_HALN1	Q9hpe9 halobacteri
16	21	100.0	131	1 RL17_THEMA	Q9xli1 thermotoga
17	21	100.0	133	1 GEPB_BACSU	O06717 bacillus su

18	21	100.0	140	1 COBB_RAT	P55314 rattus norv
19	21	100.0	141	1 NIKR_METJA	Q57969 methanococc
20	21	100.0	143	1 IR09_HQWVA	P16807 human cytom
21	21	100.0	149	1 DUT_CORGL	Q8npa9 corynebacte
22	21	100.0	150	1 FLAG_NETVO	O06640 methanococc
23	21	100.0	150	1 MOAE_HAEIN	P45308 haemophilus
24	21	100.0	151	1 CP2B_DROME	Q9nlp6 drosophila
25	21	100.0	153	1 RRV_GUSEU	P46292 cuscute eur
26	21	100.0	157	1 Y510_VIBCH	Q9kuk8 vibrio chol
27	21	100.0	164	1 RL15_HALMA	P12737 halocaula
28	21	100.0	168	1 TPX_CHLTE	Q8ked5 chlorobium
29	21	100.0	172	1 LBD4_ARATH	Q9she9 arabidopsis
30	21	100.0	177	1 RL6_HALVA	P14133 halocaula
31	21	100.0	179	1 YF36_PSEAE	Q913h7 pseudomonas
32	21	100.0	181	1 YG86_STRCO	Q9A266 streptomyce
33	21	100.0	185	1 RRF_BUCAI	P57328 buchiera ap
34	21	100.0	186	1 YCE7_DROME	O97067 drosophila
35	21	100.0	190	1 Y2H5_STRCO	P35925 streptomyce
36	21	100.0	192	1 TERD_ALCSP	P18781 alcaligenes
37	21	100.0	197	1 HAMI_PSEAE	Q916a8 pseudomonas
38	21	100.0	201	1 EFA4_HUMAN	P52798 homo sapien
39	21	100.0	201	1 SODE_ONGYO	Q07449 onchocerca
40	21	100.0	202	1 B3GI_MOUSE	Q9GW73 m galactosy
41	21	100.0	203	1 IDI_MYCTU	P72002 mycobacteri
42	21	100.0	206	1 EFA4_MOUSE	O08542 mus musculu
43	21	100.0	206	1 YMA8_BACSU	P50619 bacillus su
44	21	100.0	212	1 RB17_HUMAN	Q9h0t7 homo sapien
45	21	100.0	214	1 RADC_VIBVU	Q8ddy0 vibrio vuln

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	DECO_MACDE	STANDARD;	PRT;	39 AA.
ID	DECO_MACDE	STANDARD;	PRT;	39 AA.
AC	P17350;			
DT	01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Created)			
DT	01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Last sequence update)			
DT	28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)			
DE	Decorsin.			
OS	Macrobella decora (North American leech).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Annelida; Clitellata; Hirudinida; Hirudinea;			
OC	Arycnobdellida; Hirudiniiformes; Hirudinidae; Macrobodella.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=6405;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE.			
RX	MEDLINE=90277628; PubMed=2351655;			
RA	Seymour J.L., Henzel W.J., Nevins B., Stults J.T., Lazarus R.A.;			
RT	"Decorsin. A potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIa antagonist and platelet			
RL	aggregation inhibitor from the leech Macrobodella decora.";			
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 263:10143-10147(1990).			
RN	[2]			
RP	STRUCTURE BY NMR.			
RX	MEDLINE=94278502; PubMed=8009227;			
RA	Krezel A.M., Wagner G., Seymour-Ulmer J., Lazarus R.A.;			
RT	"Structure of the RGD protein decorsin: conserved motif and distinct			

RT function in leech proteins that affect blood clotting.";
 RL Science 264:1944-1947(1994).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: INHIBITS FIBRINOGEN INTERACTION WITH PLATELET RECEPTORS
 CC EXPRESSED ON GLYCOPROTEIN IIB-IIIA COMPLEX. MAY PREVENT BLOOD FROM
 CC CLOTTING DURING EITHER FEEDING AND/OR STORAGE OF INGESTED BLOOD.
 CC
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: HIGH, TO P.ORNATA ORNATINS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: SOME, TO THE DISINTEGRIN FAMILY.
 DR PIR; A36453; A36453.
 DR PDB; 1DEC; 3I-AUG-94.
 KW Blood coagulation; Platelet; Cell adhesion; 3D-structure.
 FT DOMAIN 27 38 HIGH AFFINITY BINDING DOMAIN (POTENTIAL).
 FT SITE 31 33 CELL ATTACHMENT SITE.
 FT VARIANT 1 3 MISSING (IN N-3 ISOFORM).
 FT STRAND 6 6
 FT STRAND 15 16
 FT STRAND 21 22
 FT TURN 24 25
 FT STRAND 27 28
 FT STRAND 37 39
 SQ SEQUENCE 39 AA; 4384 MW; 3A3B35756FB70D36 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 39;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 49;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 31 RGDA 34
 RESULT 2
 ORNC_PLAOR STANDARD; PRT; 52 AA.
 AC P25512;
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
 DE Ornatin C.
 OS Placobdella ornata (Turtle leech).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Annelida; Clitellata; Hirudinea;
 CC Rhynchobdellida; Glossiphoniidae; Placobdella.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=6415;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE
 RA MEDLINE=92111479; PubMed=1765069;
 RA Mazur P., Henzel W.J., Seymour J.L., Lazarus R.A.;
 RT "Ornatins: potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIA antagonists and platelet
 RT aggregation inhibitors from the leech Placobdella ornata."
 RL Eur. J. Biochem. 202:1073-1082(1991).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: POTENT INHIBITOR OF FIBRINOGEN INTERACTION WITH PLATELET
 CC RECEPTORS EXPRESSED ON GLYCOPROTEIN IIB-IIIA COMPLEX. MAY PREVENT
 CC BLOOD FROM CLOTTING DURING EITHER FEEDING AND/OR STORAGE OF
 CC INGESTED BLOOD.
 CC
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ORNATIN FAMILY.
 DR PIR; S19623; S19623.
 DR InterPro; IPR002463; Ornatin.
 DR Pfam; PF02088; Ornatin; 1.

DR ProDom; PD012062; Ornatin; 1.
 KW Blood coagulation; Platelet; Cell adhesion.
 FT SITE 42 44 CELL ATTACHMENT SITE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 52 AA; 5845 MW; BA55CA7408EF4F09 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 52;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 66;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 42 RGDA 45
 RESULT 3
 R38B_SCHPO STANDARD; PRT; 74 AA.
 ID R38B_SCHPO
 AC Q09900;
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
 DE 60S ribosomal protein L38-2.
 GN RPL38B OR RPL38 OR SPAC30D11.12.
 CS Schizosaccharomyces pombe (Fission Yeast).
 CC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Schizosaccharomycetes;
 CC Schizosaccharomycetales; Schizosaccharomycetaceae;
 CC Schizosaccharomycetes.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=4896;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=972;
 RX MEDLINE=21848401; PubMed=11859360;
 RA Wood V., Gwilliam R., Rajandream M.A., Lyne M., Lyne R., Stewart A.,
 RA Sources J., Peat N., Hayles J., Baker S., Basham D., Bowman S.,
 RA Brooks K., Brown D., Brown S., Chillingworth T., Churcher C.M.,
 RA Collins M., Connor R., Cronin A., Davis P., Feltwell T., Fraser A.,
 RA Gentles S., Goble A., Hamlin N., Harris D., Hidalgo J., Hodgson G.,
 RA Holroyd S., Hornsby T., Howarth S., Huckle E.J., Hunt S., Jagels K.,
 RA James K., Jones L., Jones M., Leather S., McLean J.,
 RA James K., Jones L., Jones M., Leather S., McLean J.,
 RA Mooney P., Moule S., Mungall K., Murphy L., Niblett D., Odell C.,
 RA Oliver K., O'Neill S., Pearson D., Quail M.A., Rabinowitsch E.,
 RA Rutherford K., Rutter S., Saunders D., Seeger K., Sharp S.,
 RA Skelton J., Simmonds M., Squares A., Squares S., Stevens K.,
 RA Taylor K., Taylor R.G., Tivey A., Walsh S.V., Warren T., Whitehead S.,
 RA Woodward J., Volckaert G., Aert R., Robben J., Grymonprez B.,
 RA Weltjens I., Vanstreels E., Rieger M., Schaefer M., Mueller-Auer S.,
 RA Gabel C., Fuchs M., Fritz C., Holzer E., Moestl D., Hilbert H.,
 RA Borzym K., Langer I., Beck A., Lehrach H., Reinhardt R., Pohl T.M.,
 RA Eger P., Zimmermann W., Wedler H., Wambutt R., Purnelle B.,
 RA Goffeau A., Cadieu E., Drenth S., Gloux S., Lelaure V., Mottier S.,
 RA Galibert F., Aves S.J., Xiang Z., Hunt C., Moore K., Hurst S.M.,
 RA Lucas M., Rochet M., Gaillardin C., Tallada V.A., Garzon A., Thode G.,
 RA Daga R.R., Cruzado L., Jimenez J., Sanchez M., del Rey F., Benito J.,
 RA Dominguez A., Revuelta J.L., Moreno S., Armstrong J., Forsburg S.L.,
 RA Cerutti L., Lowe T., McCombie W.R., Paulsen I., Potashkin J.,
 RA Spakovski G.V., Ussery D., Barrell B.G., Nurse P.;
 RT "The genome sequence of Schizosaccharomyces pombe.";

RL Nature 415:871-880(2002).

CC -!- MISCELLANEOUS: there are two genes for L38 in S.pombe.

CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L38E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.

CC -----

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CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way

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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).

CC -----

DR EMBL: Z67961; CAA91898.1; -

DR PIR: S62570; S62570.

DR GeneDB: SPombe; SPAC30D11.12; -

DR InterPro: IPR002675; Ribosomal_L38e.

DR Pfam: PF01781; Ribosomal_L38e; 1.

DR ProDom: PD010361; Ribosomal_L38e; 1.

KW Ribosomal protein; Multigene family.

SQ SEQUENCE 74 AA; 8339 MW; C90D6594DFCB11D3 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 74;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 94;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

DB 17 RGDA 20

||||

RESULT 4

MTRB_BACPU

ID MTRB_BACPU STANDARD; PRT; 76 AA.

AC P48064;

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)

DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)

DE Transcription attenuation protein mcrB (tryptophan RNA-binding

DE attenuator protein) (Trp RNA-binding attenuation protein) (TRAP).

GN MTRB.

OS Bacillus pumilus (Bacillus mesentericus).

OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Bacillaceae; Bacillus.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1408;

FN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA MEDLINE=95138053; PubMed=7836324;

RA Hoffman R.J., Gollnick P.;

RT "The mtrB gene of Bacillus pumilus encodes a protein with sequence

RT and functional homology to the trp RNA-binding attenuation protein

RT (TRAP) of Bacillus subtilis";

RL J. Bacteriol. 177:839-842(1995).

CC -!- FUNCTION: REQUIRED FOR TRANSCRIPTION ATTENUATION CONTROL IN THE

CC TRP OPERON. THIS TRANS-ACTING FACTOR SEEMS TO RECOGNIZE A 10 BASES

CC NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE IN THE TRP LEADER TRANSCRIPT CAUSING

CC TRANSCRIPTION TERMINATION. BINDS THE LEADER RNA ONLY IN PRESENCE

CC OF L-TRYPTOPHAN.

CC -!- SUBUNIT: OLIGOMER OF 11 IDENTICAL SUBUNITS ARRANGED IN DOUGHNUT-

CC LIKE STRUCTURE (BY SIMILARITY).

CC -!- SIMILARITY: WITH REGA FROM PHAGE T4.

CC -----

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CC -----

DR EMBL: L37879; AAA67544.1; -

DR PIR: I38905; I38905.

DR HSSP: Q3X636; 1QAW.

DR InterPro: IPR000624; TrpBP.

DR Pfam: PF02081; TrpBP; 1.

DR PRINTS: PR00687; TRPRNAAP.

DR ProDom: PD027918; TrpBP; 1.

KW Transcription regulation; RNA-binding.

SQ SEQUENCE 76 AA; 8301 MW; 22184B2351DA151D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 76;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 97;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

DB 58 RGDA 61

||||

RESULT 5

C551_CHRVI

ID C551_CHRVI STANDARD; PRT; 80 AA.

AC P80549;

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)

DE Cytochrome c-551 (C551).

OS Chromatium vinosum.

OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Chromatiales;

OC Chromatiaceae; Allochromatium.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1049;

FN [1]

RP SEQUENCE.

RC STRAIN=D / ATCC 17899 / DSM 180;

RX MEDLINE=96195682; PubMed=8612646;

RA Samyn B., de Smet L., van Driessche G., Meyer T.E., Bartsch R.G.,

RA Cusanovich M.A., van Beeumen J.J.;

RT "A high-potential soluble cytochrome c-551 from the purple

RT phototrophic bacterium Chromatium vinosum is homologous to cytochrome

RT c8 from denitrifying pseudomonads";

RL Eur. J. Biochem. 236:689-696(1996).

CC -!- FUNCTION: MONOHEME CYTOCHROME.

DR PIR: S68677; S68677.

DR HSSP: P95339; 1A56.

DR InterPro: IPR003088; Cyt_C1.

DR InterPro: IPR002324; Cyt_CID.

DR InterPro: IPR000345; CytC_heme_bind.
DR Pfam: PF00034; cytochrome_C; 1.
DR PRINIS: PR00606; CYTOCHROME_C; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00190; CYTOCHROME_C; 1.
KW Electron transport; Heme.
FT BINDING 10 10 HEME (COVALENT).
FT BINDING 13 13 HEME (COVALENT).
FT METAL 14 14 IRON (HEME AXIAL LIGAND).
FT METAL 59 59 IRON (HEME AXIAL LIGAND).
SQ SEQUENCE 80 AA; 8224 MW; EBD30A2B15D07F93 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
DB 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 6
RL21_PVRAB STANDARD; PRT; 97 AA.
AC Q9U2L1;
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L21e.
GN RPL21E OR PYRAB11050 OR PAB0731.
OS Pyrococcus abyssi.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Thermococci; Thermococcales; Thermococcaceae;
OC Pyrococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=29292;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=GE5 / Orsay;
RX PubMed=12622808;
RA Cohen G.N., Barbe V., Flament D., Galperin M., Heilig R., Lecompte O.,
RA Poch O., Frieur D., Querellou J., Ripp R., Thierry J.-C.,
RA Van der Oost J., Weissbach J., Zivanovic Y., Forterre P.;
RT "An integrated analysis of the genome of the hyperthermophilic
archaeon Pyrococcus abyssi".
RL Mol. Microbiol. 47:1495-1512(2003).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L21E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC
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CC
CC EMBL; AJ248286; CAB50016.1; -.
CC PIR; C75089; C75089.
DR HAMAP; MF_00369; -. 1.
DR InterPro; IPR001147; Ribosomal_L21e.

DR Pfam; PF01157; Ribosomal_L21e; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01171; RIBOSOMAL_L21E; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 97 AA; 11378 MW; 6CEFA2DB6A61E40 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 97;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
DB 69 RGDA 72

RESULT 7
RL21_PYRHO STANDARD; PRT; 97 AA.
AC Q74001;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L21e.
GN RPL21E OR PHL127.1 OR PHS032.
OS Pyrococcus horikoshii.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Thermococci; Thermococcales; Thermococcaceae;
OC Pyrococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=53953;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=OT3;
RX MEDLINE=98344137; PubMed=9679194;
RA Kawarabayashi Y., Sawada M., Horikawa H., Haikawa Y., Hino Y.,
RA Yamamoto S., Sekine M., Baba S.-I., Kosugi H., Hosoyama A., Nagai Y.,
RA Sakai M., Ogura K., Otsuka R., Nakazawa H., Takamiya M., Ohfuku Y.,
RA Funahashi T., Tanaka T., Kudoh Y., Yamazaki J., Kushida N., Oguchi A.,
RA Aoki K.-I., Yoshizawa T., Nakamura Y., Robb F.T., Horikoshi K.,
RA Masuchi Y., Shizuya H., Kikuchi H.;
RT "Complete sequence and gene organization of the genome of a hyper-
thermophilic archaeobacterium, Pyrococcus horikoshii OT3".
RL DNA Res. 5:55-76(1998).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L21E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC
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CC
CC EMBL; AF000005; EAA30227.1; -.
CC PIR; A71054; A71054.
DR HAMAP; MF_00369; -. 1.
DR InterPro; IPR001147; Ribosomal_L21e.
DR Pfam; PF01157; Ribosomal_L21e; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01171; RIBOSOMAL_L21E; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.

SQ SEQUENCE 97 AA; 11376 MW; 6D5D29DBFBE0E51 CRC64; Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 97;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 69 RGDA 72

RESULT 8
UL19_HCMVA STANDARD; PRT; 98 AA.
AC P16723;
DT 01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Created)
DT 01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein UL19.
GN UL19.
OS Human cytomegalovirus (strain AD169).
OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Herpesviridae;
OC Betaherpesvirinae; Cytomegalovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10360;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Beck S., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Human cytomegalovirus encodes a glycoprotein homologous to MHC class-I antigens."
RL Nature 331:269-272(1988).
RN [2]
RP COMPLETE GENOME.
RX MEDLINE=90269039; PubMed=2161319;
RA Chee M.S., Bankier A.T., Beck S., Bohnl R., Brown C.M., Cerny R., Horsnell T., Hutchison C.A. III, Kouzarides T., Martignetti J.A., Preddie E., Satchwell S.C., Tomlinson P., Weston K.M., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Analysis of the protein-coding content of the sequence of human cytomegalovirus strain AD169."
RL Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol. 154:125-169(1990).
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DR EMBL; Y00293; -; NOT ANNOTATED CDS.
DR EMBL; X17403; CAA35418.1; -.
DR PIR; S01566; S01566.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 98 AA; 11280 MW; 7E8A7405611E3F2B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 98;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 95 RGDA 98

RESULT 9
APGI_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
AC Q15772;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
GN APEG1.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
RA Kashihi S., Yoshizumi M., Endege W.O., Kho C.-J., Jain M.K., "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury."
RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Brain;
RX MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477832;
RA Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G., Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D., Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K., Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Vax S.T., Wang J., Hsieh F., Dietzenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L., Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Scheetz T.E., Brownstein M.J., Udgin T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C., Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullany S.J., Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulyk S.W., Villalón D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs A.A., Fahey J., Helton E., Kettman M., Madan A., Rodrigues S., Sanchez A., Whitting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko Y., Bouffard G.G., Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C., Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M., Butterfield J.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smallos D.E., Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RT "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).
CC -!- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: PREFERENTIALLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (ASMC).

CC -|- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: APPEARS TO BE EXPRESSED ONLY IN HIGHLY
 CC DIFFERENTIATED ASC IN NORMAL VESSEL WALLS AND DOWN-REGULATED IN
 CC ASC DIFFERENTIATED ASC IN VIVO. IN RESPONSE TO VASCULAR INJURIES
 CC MEDICATED DIFFERENTIATE AND CHANGE FROM A QUIESCENT AND CONTRACTILE
 CC PHENOTYPE TO A PROLIFERATIVE AND SYNTHETIC PHENOTYPE. THIS
 CC PROLIFERATION OF VASCULAR SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS IS ONE OF THE MOST
 CC PROMINENT FEATURES OF ARTERIOCLEROSIS.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; U57099; AAC50399.1; -.
 CC EMBL; BC006346; AAH06346.1; -.
 CC HSSP; P56276; ITLK.
 CC GO; GO:0005634; C:nucleus; TAS.
 CC GO; GO:0008285; P:negative regulation of cell proliferation; TAS.
 CC GO; GO:0007110; I:ig-like.
 CC InterPro; IPR003598; IG_c2.
 CC InterPro; IPR003006; IG_MHC.
 CC Pfam; PF00047; Ig; 1.
 CC SMART; SM00408; IgC2; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS00835; IG_LIKE; 1.
 CC Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
 FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12692 MW; 04F367263A1397C5 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 85 RGDA 88
 RESULT 10
 APGI_MOUSE
 ID APGI_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
 AC Q62407;
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
 GN APEG1.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6;
 RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
 RA Hsieh C.-M., Yoshizumi M., Endege W.O., Kuo C.-J., Jain M.K.,
 RA Kashiki S., de Los Santos R., Lee W.-S., Petrella M.A., Lee M.-E.;
 RT "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle
 RT cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND
 CC DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
 CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
 CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: PREFERENTIALLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED
 CC ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (ASMC).
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; U57099; AAC32666.1; -.
 CC HSSP; P56276; ITLK.
 CC MGD; MGI:109282; Apeg1.
 CC InterPro; IPR007110; Ig-like.
 CC InterPro; IPR003598; IG_c2.
 CC InterPro; IPR003006; IG_MHC.
 CC Pfam; PF00047; Ig; 1.
 CC SMART; SM00408; IgC2; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS00835; IG_LIKE; 1.
 CC Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
 FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12665 MW; 5F320C5A41C3D870 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 85 RGDA 88
 RESULT 11
 APGI_RAT
 ID APGI_RAT STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
 AC Q63638;
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
 GN APEG1.
 OS Rattus norvegicus (Rat).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

```

RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Sprague-Dawley;
RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
RA Hsieh C.-M., Yoshizumi M., Endoge W.O., Kho C.-J., Jain M.K.,
RA Kshiki S., de Los Santos R., Lee W.-S., Petrella M.A., Lee M.-E.;
RT "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle
RT cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
CC -!- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND
CC DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: HIGHLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED ARTERIAL
CC SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (ASMC) IN THE MEDIAL LAYER OF THE AORTA.
CC WEAKLY DETECTED IN BRAIN AND TESTIS AND TO A LESSER EXTENT IN
CC ORGANS RICH IN STRIATED MUSCLE OR VISCERAL SMOOTH MUSCLE.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
CC
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CC
DR EMBL: U57097; AAC52667.1; -.
DR HSP; P56276; ITLK.
DR InterPro: IPR007110; Ig-like.
DR InterPro: IPR003598; Ig c2.
DR InterPro: IPR003056; Ig_YHC.
DR Pfam: PF00047; Ig; 1.
DR SMART: SM00408; IGG2; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00835; IG_LIKE; 1.
KW Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12668 MW; B213C366A759A363 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
DB 85 RGDA 88

RESULT 12
RL17_HELPJ STANDARD; PRT; 116 AA.
AC Q9ZJT6;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR JRP1212.
OS Helicobacter pylori J99 (Campylobacter pylori J99).

```

```

OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacteriales;
OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=85963;
RN [1]
RX SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=99120557; PubMed=9923682;
RA Alm R.A., Ling L.-S.L., Moir D.T., King B.L., Brown E.D., Doig P.C.,
RA Smith D.R., Noonan B., Guild B.C., deJonge B.L., Carmel G.,
RA Tummino P.J., Caruso A., Uria-Nickelsen M., Mills D.M., Ives C.,
RA Gibson R., Merberg D., Mills S.D., Jiang Q., Taylor D.E., Vovis G.F.,
RA Trust T.J.;
RT "Genomic sequence comparison of two unrelated isolates of the human
RT gastric pathogen Helicobacter pylori.";
RL Nature 397:176-180(1999).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L17P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC
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CC
DR EMBL: AE001547; AAD06814.1; -.
DR PIR: D71832; D71832.
DR InterPro: IPR000496; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam: PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR ProDom: PD004277; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs: TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 116 AA; 13392 MW; EBC77780E2F2F3A1 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 116;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
DB 104 RGDA 107

RESULT 13
RL17_HELPY STANDARD; PRT; 116 AA.
AC P56042;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR HP1292.
OS Helicobacter pylori (Campylobacter pylori).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacteriales;
OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=210;
RN [1]

```

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=26695 / ATCC 700392;
RX MEDLINE=97394467; PubMed=9252185;
RA Tomb J.-F., White O., Kurlavsky A.R., Clayton R.A., Sutton G.G.,
RA Fleischmann R.D., Ketchum K.A., Klenk H.-P., Gill S., Dougherty B.A.,
RA Nelson K., Quackenbush J., Zhou L., Kirness E.F., Peterson S.,
RA Loftus B., Richardson D., Dodson R., Khalak H.G., Glodek A.,
RA McKenney K., Fitzgerald L.M., Lee N., Adams M.D., Hickey E.K.,
RA Berg D.E., Gocayne J.D., Uterback T.R., Peterson J.D., Kelley J.M.,
RA Cotton M.D., Weidman J.M., Fujii C., Bowman C., Wathley L., Wallin E.,
RA Hayes W.S., Borodovsky M., Karp P.D., Smith H.O., Fraser C.M.,
RA Venter J.C.;
RT "The complete genome sequence of the gastric pathogen *Helicobacter*
RT *pylori*.";
RL Nature 388:539-547(1997).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L17P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; AE000633; AAD08335.1; -.
DR PIR; D64681; D64681.
DR TIGR; HP1292; -.
DR InterPro; IPR000456; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam; PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR ProDom; PD004277; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR ProSITE; PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 116 AA; 13364 MW; EBD87890E2F2E4B6 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 116;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 104 RGDA 107
RESULT 14
ID RL17_MYCPN STANDARD; PRT; 124 AA.
AC Q59547;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR MPN192 OR MP639.
OS Mycoplasma pneumoniae.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Mollicutes; Mycoplasmataceae; Mycoplasma.
CX NCBI_TaxID=2104;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=ATCC 29342 / M129;
RX MEDLINE=96177562; PubMed=8604303;
RA Hilbert H., Himmelreich R., Flagens H., Herrmann R.;
RT "Sequence analysis of 56 kb from the genome of the bacterium
RT Mycoplasma pneumoniae comprising the dnaA region, the atp operon and
RT a cluster of ribosomal protein genes.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 24:628-639(1996).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L17P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
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CC -----
DR EMBL; U34795; AAC3689.1; -.
DR EMBL; AE000061; AAB96287.1; -.
DR PIR; S62816; S62816.
DR InterPro; IPR000456; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam; PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR ProSITE; PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 124 AA; 14245 MW; 3A627DB7EBF8C62E CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 124;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 107 RGDA 110
RESULT 15
ID RS8E_HALN1 STANDARD; PRT; 124 AA.
AC Q9HP59;
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Created)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE 30S ribosomal protein S8e.
GN RPS8E OR VNGI666G.
OS Halobacterium sp. (strain NRC-1 / ATCC 700922 / JCM 11081).

OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Halobacteria; Halobacteriales;
OC Halobacteriaceae; Halobacterium.
OX NCBI_taxid=64091;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=20504483; PubMed=11016950;
RA Ng W.V., Kennedy S.P., Mahairas G.G., Berquist B., Pan M.,
RA Shukla H.D., Leaky S.R., Baliga N.S., Thorson V., Sbrogna J.,
RA Swartzell S., Weir D., Hall J., Dahl T.A., Welti R., Geo Y.A.,
RA Leithauer B., Keller K., Cruz R., Danson M.J., Hough D.W.,
RA Maddocks D.G., Jablonski P.E., Krebs M.P., Angevine C.M., Dale H.,
RA Isenbarger T.A., Peck R.F., Pohlischer M., Spudich J.L., Jung K.-H.,
RA Alam M., Freitas T., Hou S., Daniels C.J., Dennis P.P., Omer A.D.,
RA Ehardt H., Lowe T.M., Liang P., Riley M., Hood L., DasSarma S.,
RT "Genome sequence of Halobacterium species NRC-1";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97:12176-12181 (2000).
CC -I- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SBE FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.

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CC -----
DR EMBL; AE005076; AAG19920.1; -.
DR PIR; D84319; D84319.
DR HAMAP; MF 00029; -. 1.
DR InterPro; IPR001047; Ribosomal_SBE.
DR Pfam; PF01201; Ribosomal_SBE; 1.
DR ProDom; PD005638; Ribosomal_SBE; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00307; SBE; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01193; RIBOSOMAL_SBE; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 124 AA; 13515 MW; B7039CF79A83742B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 124;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Dp 47 RGDA 50

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:03
Job time : 4.67742 secs

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 6.83871 Seconds
(without alignments)
150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPTREMBL_23:
1: sp_archaea:*
2: sp_bacteria:*
3: sp_fungi:*
4: sp_human:*
5: sp_invertebrate:*
6: sp_mammal:*
7: sp_mhc:*
8: sp_organelle:*
9: sp_phage:*
10: sp_plant:*
11: sp_rodent:*
12: sp_virus:*
13: sp_vertebrate:*
14: sp_unclassified:*
15: sp_rvirus:*
16: sp_bacteriap:*
17: sp_archaeap:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result	Query	Score	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
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1 21 100.0 31 5 Q8KXER Q8KX8 caenorhabdi
2 21 100.0 45 16 Q9PGB6 Q9PGB6 xylella fas
3 21 100.0 48 2 Q9NDV3 Q9NDV3 erythrobaer
4 21 100.0 54 16 Q8R7H3 Q8R7H3 thermocanaer
5 21 100.0 55 10 Q8RUZ1 Q8RUZ1 zea mays (m
6 21 100.0 57 6 Q9N041 Q9N041 macaca fasc
7 21 100.0 57 10 Q8RUD5 Q8RUD5 zea mays (m
8 21 100.0 57 10 Q8RUD4 Q8RUD4 zea mays (m
9 21 100.0 57 16 Q8RUD4 Q8RUD4 zea mays (m
10 21 100.0 58 12 Q8Q583 Q8Q583 chimpanzee
11 21 100.0 59 16 Q8LUS7 Q8LUS7 rhizobium l
12 21 100.0 64 16 Q8XQX0 Q8XQX0 ralstonia s
13 21 100.0 66 12 Q8JKZ2 Q8JKZ2 virus phich
14 21 100.0 68 5 Q8NA35 Q8NA35 dictyosteli
15 21 100.0 68 16 Q8UJK6 Q8UJK6 agrobacteri
16 21 100.0 69 16 Q8DYL7 Q8DYL7 vibrio vuln
17 21 100.0 70 12 Q8VAV0 Q8VAV0 white spot
18 21 100.0 70 16 Q8XTW3 Q8XTW3 ralstonia s
19 21 100.0 73 16 Q8YJ28 Q8YJ28 ralstonia s
20 21 100.0 75 16 Q8VJ45 Q8VJ45 mycobacteri
21 21 100.0 76 10 Q8GVK2 Q8GVK2 oryza sativ
22 21 100.0 77 6 Q29171 Q29171 sus scrofa
23 21 100.0 77 16 Q82KT0 Q82KT0 rhizobium m
24 21 100.0 79 16 Q8X8Q7 Q8X8Q7 escherichia
25 21 100.0 83 17 Q8TK40 Q8TK40 methanosarc
26 21 100.0 85 10 Q8W3B8 Q8W3B8 oryza sativ
27 21 100.0 88 16 Q9PDL8 Q9PDL8 xylella fas
28 21 100.0 88 17 Q8ZV78 Q8ZV78 pyrobaculum
29 21 100.0 89 5 Q95Y01 Q95Y01 caenorhabdi
30 21 100.0 89 7 Q29783 Q29783 homo sapien
31 21 100.0 89 16 Q8G801 Q8G801 bifidobacte
32 21 100.0 90 16 Q8PAU0 Q8PAU0 xylella fas
33 21 100.0 91 15 Q9DK41 Q9DK41 human immun
34 21 100.0 91 16 Q8PJH2 Q8PJH2 xanthomonas
35 21 100.0 92 9 Q9FZT5 Q9FZT5 pseudomonas
36 21 100.0 93 10 Q8S2D8 Q8S2D8 oryza sativ
37 21 100.0 93 16 Q8Z7W3 Q8Z7W3 salmonella
38 21 100.0 95 16 Q9PDS1 Q9PDS1 xylella fas
39 21 100.0 95 16 Q8FE9 Q8FE9 rhizobium l
40 21 100.0 96 16 Q9KE84 Q9KE84 bacillus ha
41 21 100.0 96 17 Q9HR67 Q9HR67 ralobacteri
42 21 100.0 97 16 Q9HTA8 Q9HTA8 pseudomonas
43 21 100.0 99 2 Q8RM68 Q8RM68 bacteroides
44 21 100.0 100 12 Q98239 Q98239 mollicum c
45 21 100.0 100 12 Q8B9W5 Q8B9W5 influenza b

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
Q8MXE8 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.
AC Q8MXE8;
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)

DE Hypothetical protein K07A9.4.
GN K07A9.4.
OS Caenorhabditis elegans.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditoidea;
OC Rhabditidae; Pelodierinae; Caenorhabditis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RX MEDLINE=99069613; PubMed=9851916;
RA Waterston R.;
RT "Genome sequence of the nematode C. elegans: a platform for
RT investigating biology. The C. elegans Sequencing Consortium.";
RL Science 282:2012-2016(1998).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Davidson S., O'Neal D.;
RT "The sequence of C. elegans cosmid K07A9.";
RL Submitted (OCT-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Waterston R.;
RL Submitted (AUG-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF099924; AAM98005.1; --
DR WormPep; K07A9.4; CE31709.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3720 MW; 147938913DC940ED CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 5; Length 31;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.8e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 2 RGDA 5
RESULT 2
Q9PGB6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 45 AA.
AC Q9PGB6;
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein Xf0386.
GN Xf0386.
OS Xylella fastidiosa.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Xanthomonadales;
OC Xanthomonadaceae; Xylella.
OX NCBI_TaxID=2371;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=gs5c;
RX MEDLINE=20365717; PubMed=10910347;
RA Simpson A.J.G., Reinach F.C., Arruda P., Abreu F.A., Acencio M.,

RA Alvarenga R., Alves L.M.C., Araya J.E., Baia G.S., Baptista C.S.,
RA Barros M.H., Bonaccorsi E.D., Bordin S., Bove J.M., Briones M.R.S.,
RA Bueno M.R.P., Colombo A.A., Camargo L.E.A., Carraro D.M., Carrer H.,
RA Cluato N.B., Colombo C., Costa F.F., Costa M.C.R., Costa-Neto C.M.,
RA Coutinho L.L., Cristofani M., Dias-Neto E., Docena C., El-Dorri H.,
RA Facincani A.P., Ferreira A.J.S., Ferreira V.C.A., Ferro J.A.,
RA Fraga J.S., Franca S.C., Franco M.C., Frohne M., Furlan L.R.,
RA Garner M., Goldman G.H., Goldman M.H.S., Gomes S.L., Gruber A.,
RA Ho P.L., Honeisel J.D., Junqueira M.L., Kemper E.L., Kitajima J.P.,
RA Krieger J.G., Kuramae E.E., Laligret F., Lambais M.R., Leite L.C.C.,
RA Lemos E.G.M., Lemos M.V.F., Lopes S.A., Lopes C.R., Machado J.A.,
RA Machado M.A., Madeira A.M.B.N., Madeira H.M.F., Marino C.L.,
RA Marques M.V., Martins E.C., Martins E.M.F., Matsukuma A.Y.,
RA Menck C.F.M., Miracca E.C., Miyaki C.V., Monteiro-Vitorello C.B.,
RA Moon D.H., Nagai M.A., Nascimento A.L.T.O., Netto L.E.S.,
RA Nhani A. Jr., Nobrega F.G., Nunes L.R., Oliveira M.A.,
RA de Oliveira M.C., de Oliveira R.C., Palmieri D.A., Paris A.,
RA Peixoto B.R., Pereira G.A.G., Pereira H.A. Jr., Pesquero J.B.,
RA Quaggio R.B., Roberto P.G., Rodrigues V., de Rosa A.J.M.,
RA de Rosa V.E. Jr., de Sa R.G., Santelli R.V., Sawasaki H.E.,
RA da Silva A.C.R., da Silva A.M., da Silva F.R., Silva W.A. Jr.,
RA da Silva J.F., Silvestri M.L.Z., Siqueira W.J., de Souza A.A.,
RA de Souza A.P., Terenzi M.F., Truffi D., Tsi S.M., Tsubako M.H.,
RA Vallada H., Van Sluys M.A., Verjovski-Almeida S., Vettore A.L.,
RA Zago M.A., Zatz W., Meidanis J., Setubal J.C.;
RT "The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.";
RL Nature 406:151-159(2000).
DR EMBL; AE003890; AAF83196.1; -;
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 45 AA; 5163 MW; B58C9AEC9809C8A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 45;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 19 RGDA 22
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RESULT 3
Q9XDV3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 48 AA.
AC Q9XDV3;
DT 01-NOV-1999 (TrEMBLrel. 12, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1999 (TrEMBLrel. 12, Last sequence update)
DT 01-WAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE ORF Q.
OS Erythrobacter sp. MEIC3960.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Sphingomonadales;
OC Sphingomonadaceae; Erythrobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=94771;
RN (1)
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=MEIC3960;
RA Hamada T.;
RT "Nucleotide sequences of genes coding for photosynthetic reaction

RI centers and light-harvesting proteins of *Erythrobacter litoralis* and
RI related aerobic photosynthetic bacteria.";
RL Submitted (MAY-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AB027515; BAA78669.1; -;
DR Inter-Pro; IP8006089; Acyl-CoA-dh.
DR PROSITE; PS00073; ACYL_COA_DH_2; 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 48 AA; 4980 MW; D663EAD05EAB079B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 48;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 27 RGDA 30
|||||

RESULT 4
Q8R7H3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 54 AA.
AC Q8R7H3;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein TTE2436.
GN TTE2436.
OS Thermoanaerobacter tengcongensis.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Clostridia; Thermoanaerobacteriales;
OC Thermoanaerobacteriaceae; Thermoanaerobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=119072;
RN (1)
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=MB4 / JCM 11007;
RX MEDLINE=21982816; PubMed=1197336;
RA Bao Q., Tian Y., Li W., Xu Z., Xuan Z., Hu S., Dong W., Yang J.,
RA Chen Y., Xue Y., Xu Y., Lai X., Huang L., Dong X., Ma Y., Ling L.,
RA Tan H., Chen R., Wang J., Yu J., Yang H.;
RT "A complete sequence of *T. tengcongensis* genome.";
RL Genome Res. 12:689-700(2002).
DR EMBL; AE013185; AAM25571.1; -;
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 54 AA; 6252 MW; 0A9C818C07DD905B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 54;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 32 RGDA 35
|||||

RESULT 5
Q8RUZ1 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 55 AA.
AC Q8RUZ1;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)

DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase-like protein [fragment].
 OS Zea mays (Maize).
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
 OC PACCAD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Zea.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=4577;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=Various strains;
 RA Ching A.S., Caldwell K.S., Jung M., Dolan M., Smith O.S., Tingey S.,
 RA Morgante M., Rafalski J.A.;
 RT "SNP frequency, haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in
 elite maize inbred lines";
 RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF498463; AAMI4479.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498465; AAMI4485.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498472; AAMI4488.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498477; AAMI4493.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498482; AAMI4498.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498485; AAMI4501.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498486; AAMI4502.1; -
 DR InterPro; IPR002155; Thiolase.
 DR Pfam; PF02803; thiolase.C; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00099; THIOLEASE_3; 1.
 KW Acyltransferase; Transferase.
 FT NON_TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 55 AA; 5959 MW; 5C09DAC7224451D0 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 55;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.2e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 31 RGDA 34
 [1]
 RESULT 6
 Q9N041
 ID Q9N041 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
 AC Q9N041;
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE Unnamed protein product.
 OS Macaca fascicularis (Crab eating macaque) (Cynomolgus monkey).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea;
 OC Cercopithecoidea; Macaca.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9541;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Osada N., Hida M., Kusuda J., Tanuma R., Iseki K., Hirai M., Terao K.,
 RA Suzuki Y., Sugano S., Hashimoto K.;
 RA "Isolation of full-length cDNA clones from macaque brain cDNA
 libraries.";
 RL Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AB046091; BAB01673.1; -
 SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 6250 MW; 300DE0464A4897A9 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 6; Length 57;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 10 RGDA 13
 [1]
 RESULT 7
 Q8RUD5
 ID Q8RUD5 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
 AC Q8RUD5;
 DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)
 DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase-like protein [fragment].
 OS Zea mays (Maize).
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
 OC PACCAD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Zea.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=4577;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=Various strains;
 RA Ching A.S., Caldwell K.S., Jung M., Dolan M., Smith O.S., Tingey S.,
 RA Morgante M., Rafalski J.A.;
 RT "SNP frequency, haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in
 elite maize inbred lines";
 RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF498457; AAMI4473.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498458; AAMI4474.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498459; AAMI4475.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498460; AAMI4476.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498461; AAMI4477.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498462; AAMI4478.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498464; AAMI4480.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498465; AAMI4481.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498466; AAMI4482.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498467; AAMI4483.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498468; AAMI4484.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498470; AAMI4486.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498471; AAMI4487.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498473; AAMI4489.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498475; AAMI4491.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498478; AAMI4494.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498480; AAMI4496.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498481; AAMI4497.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498483; AAMI4499.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498484; AAMI4500.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF498487; AAMI4503.1; -
 DR InterPro; IPR002155; Thiolase.

DR Pfam: PF02803; thiolase_C; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00099; THIOLASE_3; 1.
KW Acyltransferase; Transferase.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 6203 MW; DC4596C27A4451A8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 8
Q8RUD4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
AC Q8RUD4;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (T-EMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (T-EMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-VAR-2003 (T-EMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Acetyl-CoA C-acyltransferase-like protein (fragment).
OS Zea mays (Maize).
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
OC PACCAD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Zea.
OX NCBI_TaxID=4577;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=cv. IVANA, cv. D71-4HT, and cv. H60;
RA Ching A.S., Caldwell K.S., Jung M., Dolan M., Smith O.S., Tingey S.,
RA Morgante M., Rafalski J.A.;
RT "SNP frequency, haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in
RT elite maize inbred lines";
RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBSJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF498474; AAM14490.1; -.
DR EMBL; AF498476; AAM14492.1; -.
DR EMBL; AF498479; AAM14495.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR002155; Thiolase.
DR Pfam; PF02803; thiolase_C; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00099; THIOLASE_3; 1.
KW Acyltransferase; Transferase.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 6185 MW; DC4596C76E4451A8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 9
O06773 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
AC O06773;
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TrEMBLrel. 04, Created)
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TrEMBLrel. 04, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein RV0666.
GN RV0666 OR MTC1376.10C.
OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
OC Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
OC Corynebacterineae; Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=1773;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=H37Rv;
RX MEDLINE=98295987; PubMed=9634230;
RA Cole S.T., Brosch R., Parkhill J., Garnier T., Churcher C., Harris D.,
RA Gordon S.V., Eiglmeier K., Gas S., Barry C.E. III, Tekaiia F.,
RA Badcock K., Basham D., Brown D., Chillingworth T., Connor R.,
RA Davies R., Devlin K., Feltwell T., Gentles S., Hamlin N., Holroyd S.,
RA Hornsby T., Jagels K., Krogh A., McLean J., Moule S., Murphy L.,
RA Oliver S., Osborne J., Quail M.A., Rajandream M.A., Rogers J.,
RA Rutter S., Seeger K., Skelton S., Squares S., Squares R.,
RA Sulston J.E., Taylor K., Whitehead S., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the
RT complete genome sequence";
RL Nature 393:537-544(1998).
DR EMBL; Z59972; CAB09391.1; -.
DR TubercuList; RV0666; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 5849 MW; 62858455BD7D0F2E CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 24 RGDA 27

RESULT 10
Q8QS83 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 58 AA.
AC Q8QS83;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last annotation update)
DE UL2.
OS Chimpanzee cytomegalovirus.
OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Herpesviridae;
OC Betaherpesvirinae; Cytomegalovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=188763;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Davison A.J., Akter P., Dolan A., Wright K.M., Addison C.,
RA Alencor D.J., Hayward G.S., McGeoch D.J.;
RT "The human cytomegalovirus genome revisited."

RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DE EMBL: AF460884; AM00634.1; -.
 GN RSC1708 OR R502894.
 OS Ralstonia solanacearum (Pseudomonas solanacearum).
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Betaproteobacteria; Burkholderiales;
 OC Ralstoniaceae; Ralstonia.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=305;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=GM1000;
 RX MEDLINE=21681879; PubMed=11823852;
 RA Salanoubat M., Genin S., Artiguenave F., Gouzy J., Mangenot S.,
 RA Ariat M., Billault A., Brottier P., Camus J.C., Cattolico L.,
 RA Chandler M., Choisme N., Claudel-Renard C., Cunnac S., Demange N.,
 RA Gaspin C., Lavie M., Moisan A., Robert C., Saurin W., Schiek T.,
 RA Siguer P., Thebault P., Whalen M., Wincker P., Levy M.,
 RA Weissenbach J., Boucher C.A.;
 RT "Genome sequence of the plant pathogen Ralstonia solanacearum";
 RL Nature 415:497-502(2002).
 DR EMBL; AL646066; CAD15410.1; -.
 KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
 SQ SEQUENCE 64 AA; 7210 MW; F35F8AEF5E609609 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 64;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.1e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 60 RGDA 63
 |||||

RESULT 13
 Q8JKZ2 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 66 AA.
 ID Q8JKZ2
 AC Q8JKZ2
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
 DE Hypothetical protein.
 OS Virus PhiChl.
 OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Caudovirales; Myoviridae.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=14777;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=20177831; PubMed=10712697;
 RA Baranyi U., Klein R., Lubitz W., Kruger D.H., Witte A.;
 RT "The archaeal halophilic virus-encoded Dam-like methyltransferase M.
 RT phiChl-1 methylates adenine residues and complements dam mutants in
 RT the low salt environment of Escherichia coli";
 RL Mol. Microbiol. 35:1168-1179(2000).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=20497006; PubMed=11040128;
 RA Klein R., Greinader B., Baranyi U., Witte A.;
 RT "The structural protein E of the archaeal virus phiChl: evidence for
 RT processing in Natrialba magadii during virus maturation";

QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 36 RGDA 39
 |||||

RESULT 12
 Q8XVQ0 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 64 AA.
 ID Q8XVQ0
 AC Q8XVQ0
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last sequence update)

```

RL Virology 276:376-387(2000).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=42136043; PubMed=12139629;
RA Klein R., Baranyi U., Rossler N., Greinader B., Scholz H., Witte A.;
RT "Natrialba magadii virus phiCh1: first complete nucleotide sequence
RT and functional organization of a virus infecting a halocalkaliphilic
RT archaeon.";
RL Mol. Microbiol. 45:851-863(2002).
RN [4]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Klein R., Baranyi U., Rossler N., Greinader B., Scholz H.;
RT "Sequence analysis of the temperate virus phiCh1 infecting the
RT halocalkaliphilic archaeon Natrialba magadii.";
RL Submitted (Oct-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF40695; AAM88738.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 66 AA; 6695 MW; 38EA1246C5F261A6 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 12; Length 66;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.3e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 20 RGDA 23
|||||

RESULT 14
QBMMAS
ID QBMMAS PRELIMINARY; PRT; 68 AA.
AC QBMMAS;
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMELrel. 22, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMELrel. 22, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Dictyostelium discoideum (Slime mold).
OC Eukaryota; Mycetozoa; Dictyostelida; Dictyostelium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=44689;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=AX4;
RA Gloeckner G., Eichinger L., Szafranski K., Pachebat J., Dear P.,
RA Lehmann R., Baumgart C., Parra G., April J.F., Guigo R., Kumpf K.,
RA Turggal B., Cox E., Quail M.A., Platzer M., Rosenthal A., Noegel A.A.;
RT "Sequence and Analysis of Chromosome 2 of Dictyostelium.";
RL Submitted (May-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AC117076; AAM33713.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 68 AA; 7790 MW; C2E2D3DA9412A754 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 5; Length 68;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 41 RGDA 44
|||||

RESULT 15
QBUIJK6
ID QBUIJK6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 68 AA.
AC QBUIJK6;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMELrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMELrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein Atu5470.
GN ATU5470 OR AGR_PAT 693.
OS Agrobacterium tumefaciens (strain C58 / ATCC 33970).
OG Plasmid AT.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Rhizobiaceae; Rhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=176299;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=21608550; PubMed=11743193;
RA Wood D.W., Setubal J.C., Kaul R., Monte D.E., Kitajima J.P.,
RA Okura Y.K., Zhou Y., Chen L., Wood G.E., Almeida N.F. Jr., Woo L.,
RA Chen Y., Paulsen I.T., Eisen J.A., Karp P.D., Bovee D. Sr.,
RA Chapman P., Clendinning J., Deatherage G., Gillet W., Grant C.,
RA Kutayavin T., Levy R., Li M.-J., McClelland E., Palmieri A.,
RA Raymond C., Rouse G., Saenphimmachak C., Wu Z., Romero P., Gordon D.,
RA Zhang S., Yoc H., Tao Y., Biddle P., Jung M., Krespan W., Perry M.,
RA Gordon-Kamm B., Liao L., Kim S., Hendrick C., Zhao Z.-Y., Dolan M.,
RA Chumley F., Tingey S.V., Tomb J.-F., Gordon M.P., Olson M.V.,
RA Nester E.W.;
RT "The genome of the natural genetic engineer Agrobacterium tumefaciens
RT C58.";
RL Science 294:2317-2323(2001).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=21608531; PubMed=11743194;
RA Goodner B., Hinkle G., Gattung S., Miller N., Blanchard M.,
RA Quorillo B., Goldman B.S., Cao Y., Askenazi M., Halling C., Mullin L.,
RA Houmlel K., Gordon J., Vaudin M., Iartchouk O., Epp A., Liu F.,
RA Wollam C., Allinger M., Doughty D., Scott C., Lappas C., Markelz B.,
RA Flanagan C., Crowell C., Gursen J., Lomo C., Sear C., Strub G.,
RA Cielo C., Slater S.;
RT "Genome sequence of the plant pathogen and biotechnology agent
RT Agrobacterium tumefaciens C58.";
RL Science 294:2323-2328(2001).
DR EMBL; AE008968; AAL46157.1; -.
DR EMBL; AE007916; AAK90845.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Plasmid; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 68 AA; 8005 MW; SCABE406D7AF93A8 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 68;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 36 RGDA 39
|||||

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:02
Job time : 9.83871 secs

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and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 25.9355 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2
Perfect score: 69
Sequence: 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues 1107863

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	69	100.0	12	23	AAW50857 Serine esterase co
2	69	100.0	23	20	AAW83414 Cell growth/adhesi
3	69	100.0	23	21	AAW12893 Nerve tissue regen
4	69	100.0	23	22	AAW70363 Human thrombin rec
5	69	100.0	23	23	AAW22563 Human thrombin hig
6	69	100.0	23	23	AAW20159 Human thrombin pep
7	69	100.0	23	23	AAW78376 Thrombin peptide d
8	69	100.0	23	23	AAW50858 Thrombin-derived p
9	69	100.0	23	24	AAW72755 Anticubler peptide
10	69	100.0	23	24	AAW72757 Anticubler peptide
11	69	100.0	23	24	AAW72760 Human thrombin pep
12	69	100.0	33	24	AAW92758 Anticubler peptide
13	69	100.0	111	20	AAW99113 Bovine zeta 2 pret
14	69	100.0	116	20	AAW99115 Human thrombin Asn
15	69	100.0	239	18	AAW11545 Human thrombin var
16	69	100.0	259	24	AAW60563 Human thrombin var
17	69	100.0	259	24	AAW60565 Wild-type thrombin
18	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74775 Mutant thrombin K5
19	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74776 Mutant thrombin E2
20	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74777 Mutant thrombin E2
21	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74778 Mutant thrombin E2
22	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74779 Mutant thrombin E2
23	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74780 Mutant thrombin E2
24	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76033 Mutant thrombin R2
25	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76034 Mutant thrombin R2
26	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76035 Mutant thrombin R2
27	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76036 Mutant thrombin R2
28	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76037 Mutant thrombin W5
29	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76038 Mutant thrombin K5
30	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76039 Mutant thrombin W5
31	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76040 Mutant thrombin W5
32	69	100.0	295	18	AAW22892 Human mature throm
33	69	100.0	295	21	AAW08633 Amino acid sequenc
34	69	100.0	295	24	AAW60562 Human thrombin var
35	69	100.0	295	24	AAW60564 Human thrombin var
36	69	100.0	308	20	AAW99107 Bovine prethrombin
37	69	100.0	308	20	AAW99109 Human prethrombin
38	69	100.0	376	14	AAW41797 CD4/Thrombin fusio
39	69	100.0	376	20	AAW42789 Human CD4-thrombin
40	69	100.0	376	23	AAW10703 Human CD4-thrombin
41	69	100.0	579	14	AAW35763 Prothrombin (PI).
42	69	100.0	579	18	AAW11546 Human prothrombin
43	69	100.0	579	18	AAW11544 Human prothrombin
44	69	100.0	579	20	AAW99108 Human prothrombin
45	69	100.0	582	20	AAW99106 Bovine prothrombin

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AAM50857
 ID AAM50857 standard; Peptide; 12 AA.
 XX
 AC AAM50857;
 XX
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Serine esterase conserved sequence used in cardiac tissue repair.
 XX
 KW Serine esterase; thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion;
 KW tissue repair; vulnery; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis;
 KW restenosis; therapy; enzyme; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FN WO200204009-A2.
 XX
 PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX
 PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX
 PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217503P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 PI Carney DH;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX
 PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 XX
 PS Claim 3; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived serine esterase
 CC conserved sequence that is used in a claimed method for promoting
 CC cardiac tissue repair. The method involves administering an
 CC angiogenic thrombin-derived peptide, especially a thrombin receptor
 CC binding domain comprising the 4-amino acid peptide given in
 CC AAM50856 together with the serine esterase conserved sequence,
 CC or preferably the peptide given in AAM50859, which includes both
 CC these peptide sequences. The thrombin-derived peptide is
 CC administered during or following cardiac surgery by injection
 CC into cardiac tissue, and may be formulated as a sustained release
 CC formulation. It is used in claimed methods of stimulating
 CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
 CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
 CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case the
 CC peptide may be coated onto the catheter.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 12 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 12;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 0.0029;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 |||||
 Db 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 RESULT 2
 AAW83414
 ID AAW83414 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAW83414;
 XX
 DT 26-FEB-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Cell growth/adhesion promoting peptide #1.
 XX
 KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
 KW biotissue; bone reinforcement; nerve regeneration; HMP resin.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FN JP10316581-A.
 XX
 PD 02-DEC-1998.
 XX
 PF 15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.
 XX
 PR 15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.
 XX
 PA (KURS) KURANAY CO LTD.
 XX
 DR WPI; 1999-076400/07.
 XX
 PT Material for medical treatment comprises new peptide - used for
 PT covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues, bone
 PT reinforcing and nerve regeneration
 XX
 PS Claim 1; Page 12; 14pp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes a material for medical treatment which
 CC comprises one or more peptides of the formula XADEGJLMPROQY, or their
 CC salts, immobilised on a substrate: where X = H, CH3CO or CH3COLys;
 CC A = Ser or Thr; D = Ile, Val or Leu; E = Lys or Arg; G = Ile, Val or
 CC Leu; J = Gly or Ala; L = Ile, Val or Leu; M = Gly or Ala; Q = Gly, Ala
 CC or Gly-Lys-Lys-Gly; Y = OH or NH2. Also described is an agent for cell
 CC growth promotion and/or cell adhesion promotion containing the above
 CC peptide or its salt as the active component. The peptide and its salt
 CC can be used for covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues,
 CC bone reinforcing and nerve regeneration. The present sequence represents
 CC a specifically claimed peptide of the present invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |
DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 3
AAB12893
ID AAB12893 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX AC AAB12893;
XX DT 02-NOV-2000 (first entry)
XX DE Nerve tissue regenerative peptide SEQ ID #8.
XX KW Nerve regeneration; nerve cell proliferation; axon extension; treatment;
KW central nervous system disorder; peripheral nervous system disorder;
KW spinal disorder; head injury; cerebrovascular disorder.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN JP2000143531-A.
XX PD 23-MAY-2000.
XX PF 11-AUG-1999; 99JP-0227108.
XX PR 09-SEP-1998; 98JP-0270498.
XX PA (KUBS) KURABAY CO LTD.
PA (NISHI) NISHIMURA Y.
PA (SUZU) SUZUKI Y.
PA (TANI) TANIHARA M.
XX DR WPI; 2000-415772/36.
XX PF New nerve regeneration material -
XX PS Claim 2; Page 5; 17pp; Japanese.
XX CC This invention relates to a new nerve regenerative material which
CC contains a peptide immobilised to a base which consists of a
CC polysaccharide gel such as alginate acid. Sequences AAB12886-B12899
CC represent examples of the peptides used in the nerve regeneration
CC material. The peptide containing material causes nerve cell
CC proliferation and also causes axonal extension. The material can be used
CC for the treatment of central or peripheral nervous system disorders,
CC spinal disorders, head injury or cerebrovascular disorders.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 21; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |

DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 4
AAB70363
ID AAB70363 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX AC AAB70363;
XX DT 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
XX KW Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnery;
KW antiinflammatory.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN US6184342-B1.
XX PD 06-FEB-2001.
XX PF 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PA (CHRY-) CHRYSAIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX DR WPI; 2001-202003/20.
XX PT New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
PT generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
PT response and wound healing -
XX PS Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
XX CC The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
CC neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnery and
CC antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
CC chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
CC which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
CC for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
CC healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
CC fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
CC binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
CC domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 22; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |

Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 5
 AAE22563
 ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAE22563;
 DT 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
 DE Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
 XX
 KW Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
 KW chemotactic agent; PAR1; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
 KW immune response; vulnery; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 PN US2002032314-A1.
 XX
 PD 14-MAR-2002.
 XX
 PF 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
 XX
 PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
 XX
 PA (CHRY-) CHRYSLIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
 XX
 PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-371207/40.
 XX
 XX New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
 PT stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
 PT particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
 PT response or in wound healing -
 XX
 PS Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
 CC which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
 CC invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
 CC proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PAR1). They are useful
 CC for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
 CC for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
 CC are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
 CC enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
 CC They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
 CC response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
 CC domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
 CC of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 6
 AAE20159
 ID AAE20159 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAE20159;
 DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.
 XX
 KW Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
 KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
 KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200207748-A2.
 XX
 PD 31-JAN-2002.
 XX
 PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22666.
 XX
 PR 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-268933/31.
 XX
 PT Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
 PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
 PT activated thrombin receptor -
 XX
 PS Claim 12; Page 25; 28pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
 CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
 CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
 CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
 CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
 CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
 CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
 CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves
 CC as a NPAR agonist.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 ~~~~~  
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 7  
 AAU78376  
 ID AAU78376 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAU78376;  
 XX  
 XX 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Thrombin peptide derivative TP508.  
 XX  
 KW Thrombin; osteopathic; receptor; agonist; bone growth stimulation;  
 KW osteoinduction; farm animal; companion animal; laboratory animal;  
 KW bone graft; segmental bone gap; bone void; non-union fracture.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
 FT Misc-difference 3 /label= Unknown  
 XX  
 FN WO200205836-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 24-JAN-2002.  
 XX  
 XX 18-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22641.  
 XX  
 XX 19-JUL-2000; 2000US-219300P.  
 XX  
 XX (TEXA ) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.  
 XX  
 XX Carney DH, Crowther RS, Simmons DJ, Yang J, Redin WR;  
 DR WPI; 2002-303796/34.  
 XX  
 XX Stimulating bone growth at a site in a subject in need of  
 PT osteoinduction, such as a site of bone graft, segmental bone gap, bone  
 PT void or non-union structure, by administering agonist of activated  
 FT thrombin receptor -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 11; Page 22; 27pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The invention describes a method of stimulating bone growth at a site  
 CC in a subject in need of osteoinduction. The method involves administering  
 CC an agonist to stimulate bone growth at a site in a subject (e.g. a farm  
 CC animal, companion animal or laboratory animal), in need of  
 CC osteoinduction, such as the site in need of a bone graft in a subject, a  
 CC segmental bone gap, a bone void or a non-union fracture. This sequence  
 CC represents a thrombin peptide derivative obtained from a serine esterase  
 CC that can stimulate or activate the non-proteolytically activated thrombin  
 CC receptor.

XX Sequence 23 AA;  
 SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;  
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12  
 ~~~~~  
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 8
 AAM50858
 ID AAM50858 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAM50858;
 XX
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Thrombin-derived peptide used to promote cardiac tissue repair.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion; tissue repair;
 KW vulneryary; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis; restenosis;
 KW therapy; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 10..13 /note= "thrombin receptor binding domain"
 FT Peptide 12..23 /note= "serine esterase conserved sequence"
 XX
 XX WO200204008-A2.
 XX
 PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX
 XX 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX
 XX 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 XX
 XX (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 XX Carney DH;
 PI WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX
 XX Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 XX
 PS Claim 4; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived peptide, TP508,
 CC that includes a thrombin receptor binding domain sequence (see also
 CC AAM50856) and a serine esterase conserved sequence (see also

CC AA050857). The peptide is used in a claimed method for promoting
CC cardiac tissue repair. It is administered during or following
CC cardiac surgery by injection into cardiac tissue, and may be
CC formulated as a sustained release formulation. The thrombin
CC derivative peptide is also used in claimed methods of stimulating
CC revascularization, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case it may be
CC coated onto the catheter.
XX
XX

SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 9

ABP72755
ID ABP72755 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC ABP72755;

DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)

XX Antilucer peptide derived from human thrombin.

DE Antilucer; human; thrombin.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS Synthetic.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1

FT /note= "N-terminal H or R3-C(O), where R3 is H or
FT a Cl-C6 alkyl group"

FT Misc-difference 3

FT /note= "given as Try in the specification"

FT Modified-site 23

FT /note= "C-terminal OH or NR4R5, where R4 and R5 are
FT independently H, a Cl-C6 alkyl group or,
FT taken together with the N atom to which they
FT are bonded, a non-aromatic heterocyclic
FT group"

FT Modified-site 1..23

FT /note= "0, 1, 2 or 3 amino acids at positions 1-9
FT and 14-23 differ from the given sequence
FT e.g. are conservative substitutions of the
FT amino acid at the corresponding position of
FT this sequence"

XX WO2003013569-A2.

XX

PD 20-FEB-2003.

XX 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.

XX 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.

XX (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.

PA Carney DH;

XX WPI; 2003-289898/28.

XX Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,

PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
XX
XX Claim 1; Page 14; 19pp; English.

CC The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
CC based on prothrombin amino acid residues 508-530. The peptide acts
CC as an agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin
CC receptor and has antiulcer activity. A claimed method of promoting
CC healing of a chronic dermal skin ulcer on a subject comprises
CC contacting the ulcer with an effective amount of this peptide, or an
CC N-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 14 amino acids,
CC or a C-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 18 amino
CC acids. Preferably, the peptide has -H at the N-terminus and -NH2 or
CC -OH at the C-terminus. An example is peptide TP508 (see ABP72757),
CC which was shown in an example from the invention to accelerate
CC the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and to increase the
CC percentage of ulcer closure. The thrombin-derived peptides of the
CC invention can be used to treat a chronic dermal skin ulcer,
CC especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus ulcer, venous stasis ulcer
CC or an arterial ulcer on a human, a companion animal, farm animal or
CC laboratory animal. They are inexpensive to produce and cause few,
CC if any, side effects.

SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 10

ABP72757

ID ABP72757 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.

XX ABP72757;

AC ABP72757;

XX 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)

XX Antilucer peptide TP508 derived from human thrombin.

DE

XX KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 3 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT Modified-site 23 /note= "C-terminal amide"
 FT W02003013569-A2.
 XX PN 20-FEB-2003.
 XX PD 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
 XX PR (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PA Carney DH;
 XX PI WPI; 2003-289898/28.
 XX DR Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 XX PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Claim 15; Page 16; 19pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a preferred human thrombin-derived
 CC peptide of the invention that is based on prothrombin amino acid
 CC residues 508-530. It is denoted TP508. The peptide acts as an
 CC agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor and
 CC has antiulcer activity. In an example from the invention, TP508
 CC was shown to accelerate the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and
 CC to increase the percentage of ulcer closure. The antiulcer
 CC peptides of the invention can be used to treat a chronic dermal
 CC skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus ulcer, venous
 CC stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a human, a companion animal,
 CC farm animal or laboratory animal. The peptides are inexpensive to
 CC produce and cause few, if any, side effects.
 XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
 RESULT 11

ABP72760 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
 XX AC ABP72760;
 XX DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
 XX DE Human thrombin peptide fragment.
 XX KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 3 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT W02003013569-A2.
 XX PN 20-FEB-2003.
 XX PF 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH;
 XX DR WPI; 2003-289898/28.
 XX PT Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Disclosure; Page 3; 19pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
 CC comprising prothrombin amino acid residues 508-530. The invention
 CC provides peptides based on this sequence (see ABP72755-59) that act
 CC as agonists of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor
 CC and which have antiulcer activity. One of these thrombin-derived
 CC peptides (see ABP72756) was shown to accelerate the healing of
 CC chronic diabetic ulcers and to increase the percentage of ulcer
 CC closure. The peptides of the invention can be used to treat a
 CC chronic dermal skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus
 CC ulcer, venous stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a human, a
 CC companion animal, farm animal or laboratory animal. They are
 CC inexpensive to produce and cause few, if any, side effects.
 XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

XX
 CC The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
 CC that acts as an agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin
 CC receptor. It has antiulcer activity. A claimed method of promoting
 CC healing of a chronic dermal skin ulcer on a subject comprises
 CC contacting the ulcer with an effective amount of this peptide, or an
 CC N-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 14 amino acids,
 CC or a C-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 18 amino
 CC acids. Preferably, the peptide has -H at the N-terminus and -NH2 or
 CC -OH at the C-terminus. The thrombin-derived peptides of the
 CC invention accelerate the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and
 CC increase the percentage of ulcer closure. They can be used to
 CC treat a chronic dermal skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer,
 CC decubitus ulcer, venous stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a
 CC human, a companion animal, farm animal or laboratory animal. The
 CC peptides are inexpensive to produce and cause few, if any, side
 CC effects.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 33 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 33;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0071;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 17 DACEGDSGGPFV 28
 RESULT 13
 AAW99113
 ID AAW99113 standard; protein; 111 AA.
 AC AAW99113;
 DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Bovine zeta 2 prethrombin 2.
 XX
 KW Prothrombin; excise assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;
 KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.
 XX
 OS Bos sp.
 XX
 PN WO9855130-A1.
 XX
 PD 10-DEC-1998.
 XX
 PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.
 XX
 PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.
 PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.
 XX
 PA (UYEK-) UNIV EMORY.
 XX
 PI Krishnaswamy S;
 XX

DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
 RESULT 12
 ABP72758
 ID ABP72758 standard; Peptide; 33 AA.
 XX
 AC ABP72758;
 DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Antiulcer peptide derived from human thrombin.
 KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /note= "N-terminal H or R3-C(O), where R3 is H or
 FT a Cl-C6 alkyl group"
 FT Misc-difference 8 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT Modified-site 33
 FT /note= "C-terminal OH or NR4R5, where R4 and R5 are
 FT independently H, a Cl-C6 alkyl group or,
 FT taken together with the N atom to which they
 FT are bonded, a non-aromatic heterocyclic
 FT group"
 FT Modified-site 1..33
 FT /note= "0, 1, 2 or 3 amino acids at positions 1-14
 FT and 19-33 differ from the given sequence
 FT e.g. are conservative substitutions of the
 FT amino acid at the corresponding position of
 FT this sequence"
 PN WO2003013569-A2.
 XX
 PD 20-FEB-2003.
 XX
 PF 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX
 PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 PI Carney DH;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-289598/28.
 XX
 PT Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX
 PS Claim 17; Page 16; 19pp; English.

DR WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX

XX Disclosure; Page 42-43; 61pp; English.

XX

CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (PTH) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 mu M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 micro M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same

CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started

CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A') are

CC having IC50 less than 1 mu M identified by this assay. (A') are

CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of

CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method

CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for

CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence

CC represents bovine zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

SQ Sequence 111 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 111;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.021;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 51 DACEGDSGGPFV 62

|||||||

RESULT 14

AAW99115

ID AAW99115 standard; protein; 116 AA.

XX

AC AAW99115;

XX

DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)

XX

DE Human zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

KW Prothrombin; exosite assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;

XX cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

FN W0985130-AL.

XX

PD 10-DEC-1998.

XX

PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.

XX

PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.

PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.

XX

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

PA

XX Krishnaaswamy S;

PI

XX WPI; 1999-070237/06.

DR

XX

PT Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX

PS Disclosure; Page 44-45; 61pp; English.

XX

CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (PTH) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 mu M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 micro M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same

CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started

CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A') are

CC having IC50 less than 1 mu M identified by this assay. (A') are

CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of

CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method

CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for

CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence

CC represents bovine zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

SQ Sequence 116 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 116;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.021;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 56 DACEGDSGGPFV 67

|||||||

RESULT 15

AAW11545

ID AAW11545 standard; Protein; 259 AA.

XX

AC AAW11545;

XX

DT 01-OCT-1997 (first entry)
 DE Human thrombin Asn99 mutant.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin; mutant; mutuin; platelet aggregation; blood clotting;
 KW coagulation; reduce; decrease; hirudin; heparin; anti-thrombin III;
 KW antagonist; D98N.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Protein 1..259
 FT /label= thrombin_Asn99
 FT Misc-difference 99
 FT /note= "Wild-type Asp residue has been replaced by
 FT Asn"
 FT
 XX WO9641868-A2.
 XX
 XX 27-DEC-1996.
 XX
 XX 12-JUN-1996; 96WO-AT00105.
 XX
 XX 13-JUN-1995; 95AT-0001006.
 XX
 XX (IMMO) IMMUNO AG.
 XX
 XX Bibl J, Falkner F, Fischer B, Mitterer A, Schlokot U;
 XX
 XX WPI; 1997-065455/06.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as
 PT antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy
 XX
 XX Example 3; Page -; 73pp; German.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence
 CC compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)
 CC of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the
 CC changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the
 CC mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have
 CC greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of
 CC thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.
 CC The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life
 CC of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes
 CC or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than
 CC 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-
 CC effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive
 CC thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for
 CC binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin
 CC mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically
 CC claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is
 CC changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only
 CC 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic
 CC substrate.
 CC
 CC (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human
 CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).
 XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 259 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 18; Length 259;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 |||||
 Db 199 DACEGDSGGPFV 210
 Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:24
 Job time : 25.9355 secs

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 8.12903 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2

Perfect score: 69

Sequence: 1 DACEDSGGFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

PIR 76:**

1: pir1:**

2: pir2:**

3: pir3:**

4: pir4:**

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	69	100.0	234	2 F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	69	100.0	235	2 D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	69	100.0	235	2 E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	69	100.0	236	2 C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	69	100.0	236	2 I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	69	100.0	239	2 G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	69	100.0	617	2 S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	69	100.0	618	2 A35877	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	69	100.0	622	1 TBHU	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	69	100.0	625	1 TBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	66	95.7	417	1 S00843	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
12	66	95.7	1524	2 T30337	polyprotein - Afri
13	63	91.3	235	2 H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2

14	63	91.3	456	1 KXBO	protein C (activat
15	63	91.3	456	1 KXBU	protein C (activat
16	60	87.0	254	2 S65465	trypsin-like prote
17	60	87.0	256	1 TRFE	trypsin-like prote
18	60	87.0	264	2 S32794	trypsin-like prote
19	60	87.0	267	2 S40006	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
20	60	87.0	271	2 S41308	serine proteinase
21	60	87.0	274	2 S35339	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
22	60	87.0	275	2 S40007	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
23	60	87.0	275	2 S40005	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
24	60	87.0	277	2 S35340	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
25	60	87.0	285	2 T35195	probable serine pr
26	60	87.0	394	2 JS0600	t-plasminogen acti
27	60	87.0	431	2 JS0599	t-plasminogen acti
28	60	87.0	461	1 S18954	protein C (activat
29	60	87.0	461	1 JX0210	protein C (activat
30	60	87.0	477	1 A34369	t-plasminogen acti
31	60	87.0	477	2 JS0597	t-plasminogen acti
32	60	87.0	477	2 JS0598	t-plasminogen acti
33	60	87.0	559	1 A35029	t-plasminogen acti
34	60	87.0	559	1 A29941	t-plasminogen acti
35	60	87.0	562	1 UKFUT	t-plasminogen acti
36	60	87.0	593	2 S45281	coagulation factor
37	60	87.0	603	2 S28941	coagulation factor
38	60	87.0	615	1 KFHU12	coagulation factor
39	59	85.5	161	2 I62744	coagulation factor
40	59	85.5	161	2 I48158	coagulation factor
41	59	85.5	285	2 T15451	hypothetical prote
42	59	85.5	275	2 I46712	factor IX - rabbit
43	59	85.5	282	2 I84621	coagulation factor
44	59	85.5	434	1 A35005	u-plasminogen acti
45	59	85.5	459	2 JQ0419	coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

F42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - Cynops pyrogastor (fire-bellied newt)
(fragment)
C:Species: Cynops pyrogastor (fire-bellied newt)
C:Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Dec-1997 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C:Accession: F42696
R:Banfield, D.K.; Macgillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A:Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification
and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A:Reference number: A42696; MUID:192212913; PMID:1557383
A:Note: sequence not
A:Accession: F42696
A>Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with
conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-234 <BAK>
A:Cross-references: GB:MG1395
C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 234;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 174 DACEGDSGGPFV 185

RESULT 2

D42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - chicken (fragment)
C;Species: Gallus gallus (chicken)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: D42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: D42696
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-235 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81391
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 3

E42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - tokay (fragment)
C;Species: Gekko gekko (tokay)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: E42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: E42696
A;Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-235 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81392

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 4

C42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rabbit (fragment)
C;Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: C42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: C42696
A;Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-236 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81396
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 176 DACEGDSGGPFV 187

RESULT 5

I42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - Pacific hagfish (fragment)
C;Species: Eptatretus stouti (Pacific hagfish)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: I42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: I42696
A;Status: preliminary; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-236 <BAN>

A;Cross-references: GB:M81393

A;Note: nucleotide translation not given

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase

F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 236;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

|||||

DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 6

G42696

thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rainbow trout (fragment)

C;Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 22-Jun-1999

C;Accession: G42696

R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992

A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.

A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383

A;Accession: G42696

A;Status: preliminary

A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-239 <BAN>

A;Cross-references: GB:M81398; NID:9213486; PID:AAA49433.1; PID:g213487

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase

F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 239;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

|||||

DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 7

S10511

thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - rat

C;Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)

C;Date: 07-May-1993 #sequence_revision 07-May-1993 #text_change 03-May-2002

C;Accession: S10511; A60576; B42696

R;Dihanich, M.; Monard, D.

Nucleic Acids Res. 18, 4251, 1990

A;Title: cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin.

A;Reference number: S10511; MUID:90332426; PMID:2377469

A;Accession: S10511

A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-617 <DIH>

A;Cross-references: EMBL:X52835; NID:g56969; PIDN:CAA37017.1; PID:g56970

R;Henrikson, K.P.; Jazin, E.E.; Greenwood, J.A.; Dickerman, H.W.

Endocrinology 126, 167-175, 1990

A;Title: Prothrombin levels are increased in the estrogen-treated immature rat uterus.

A;Reference number: A60576; MUID:90091942; PMID:2293980

A;Accession: A60576

A;Molecule type: protein

A;Residues: 44-58 <HEN>

A;Note: the authors purified the proenzyme from the estrogen-stimulated maturing rat uterus and demonstrated it to be prothrombin

R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992

A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.

A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383

A;Accession: B42696

A;Status: preliminary

A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 383-617, 'E' <BAN>

A;Cross-references: GB:M81397

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxylglutamic acid;

glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; serine proteinase

F;1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F;25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>

F;28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>

F;44-617/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <PMAT>

F;109-187/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>

F;215-292/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>

F;360-609/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>

F;50,51,58,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxylglutamic acid (Glu)

#status predicted

F;61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,215-292,236-276,264-287,332-478,387-

403,532-546,560-590/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F;402,456,564/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 617;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

|||||

DB 358 DACEGDSGGPFV 569

RESULT 8

A35827

thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - mouse

C;Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C;Date: 14-Dec-1990 #sequence_revision 14-Dec-1990 #text_change 03-May-2002

C;Accession: A35827; A42696; S12081

R;Degen, S.J.F.; Schaefer, L.A.; Jamison, C.S.; Grant, S.G.; Fitzgibbon, J.J.;

Fai, J.A.; Chapman, V.M.; Elliott, R.W.

DNA Cell Biol. 9, 487-498, 1990

A/Title: Characterization of the cDNA coding for mouse prothrombin and localization of the gene on mouse chromosome 2.
A/Reference number: A35827; MUID:91025551; PMID:2222810
A/Accession: A35827
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-618 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M52308; NID:g53813; PIDN:CAA36548.1; PID:g53814
A/Experimental source: strain C57BL/6
A/Note: The data were obtained from females resulting from the cross of M. domesticus and M. spretus
R/Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A/Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A/Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A/Accession: A42696
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 384-618, 'I' <BAN>
A/Cross-references: GB:M81394
C/Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; kringle homology; trypsin homology
F/1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F/25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F/28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F/44-618/2product: prothrombin B #status predicted <MAT>
F/109-187/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F/215-293/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>
F/361-610/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F/50,51,58,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu)
#status predicted
F/61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,215-293,236-276,264-288,333-479,388-404,533-547,561-591/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F/403,459,563/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 618;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 559 DACEGDSGGPFV 570

RESULT 9
TBRU
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II
N/Contains: prothrombin
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000
C/Accession: A29351; A00914; B00914; A37549; A37550; I51952
R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 26, 6165-6177, 1987
A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.

A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:88077877; PMID:2825773
A/Accession: A29351
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M17262; GB:M33691; NID:g558069; PIDN:AAC63054.1; PID:g339641
R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983
A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407
A/Accession: A00914
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 'I', '65-622 <DE2>
A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g37128; PIDN:CAA23842.1; PID:g1335344
A/Accession: B00914
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 188-311 <DE3>
R/Walz, D.A.; Hewett-Emslett, D.; Seegers, W.H.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1969-1972, 1977
A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:77193964; PMID:266717
A/Accession: A37549
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', '120, 'S', '122-163, 'I', '165-175, 'A', '177-182, 'T', '184-193, 'MV', '196-308, 'ES', '309-314 <WAL>
R/Burkowski, R.J.; Eilon, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.
J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977
A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.
A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923
A/Accession: A37550
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', '336-348, 'N', '350-368, 'N', '370-397, 'N', '399-413, 'N', '415-484, 'N', '486-493, 'G', '495-503, 'Y', '505-508, 'S', '510, 'V', '512-513, 'D', '515-528, 'AL', '531, 'Q', '533-622 <BUT>
R/Rabiet, M.J.; Blashill, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.
J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986
A/Contents: annotation; activation cleavages
A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958
R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.
Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986
A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.
A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87162874; PMID:3471151
A/Accession: I51952
A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', '5-100 <RES>
A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724
C/Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.
C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.

C;Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.

C;Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.

C;Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.

C;Genetics:

A;Gene: GDB:F2

A;Cross-references: GDB:119894; OMIM:176930

A;Map position: 11p11-11q12

A;Introns: 27/1; 80/3; 89/1; 106/1; 141/2; 187/1; 292/1; 335/1; 377/2; 433/2; 491/2; 552/1; 575/3

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: acute phase; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase

F11-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F125-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>

F128-87/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>

F144-622/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <MAT>

F149-186/Domain: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>

F1203-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>

F1233-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>

F1328-363/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>

F1364-622/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>

F1364-613/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>

F149,50,57,62,63,68,69,72,75/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental

F160-63,90-103,108-186,129-169,157-181,213-291,234-274,262-286/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F121,143/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

F1336-482,536-550,564-594/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F1391-407/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental

F1406,462/Active site: His, Asp #status predicted

F1416/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental

F1568/Active site: Ser #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 622;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 DACEGDSGPFV 12
|||||

Db 562 DACEGDSGPFV 573

RESULT 10
TSBO
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - bovine

C;Species: Bos primigenius taurus (cattle)

C;Date: 24-Apr-1984 #sequence_revision 14-Jul-1994 #text_change 18-Jun-1999

C;Accession: S02537; A00915; A37552; I46045; S67518

R;Irwin, D.M.; Robertson, K.A.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
J. Mol. Biol. 200, 31-45, 1988

A;Title: Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene.

A;Reference number: S02537; MUID:86245190; PMID:3379642

A;Accession: S02537

A;Status: not compared with conceptual translation

A;Molecule type: DNA

A;Residues: 1-625 <IRW>

R;MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 23, 1626-1634, 1984

A;Title: Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation product.

A;Reference number: A00915; MUID:84203525; PMID:6326805

A;Accession: A00915

A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-230, 'H', 232-625 <MAC>

A;Note: 600-Asn was also found

R;Magnuson, S.; Sottrup-Jensen, L.; Petersen, T.E.; Claeys, H.
In Boerhaave Symposium on Prothrombin and Related Coagulation Factors, Hemker, H.C., and Veltkamp, J.J., eds., pp.25-46, Leiden Univ. Press, Leiden, 1975

A;Reference number: A37552

A;Accession: A37552

A;Molecule type: protein

A;Residues: 44-287, 'N', 289-352, 'E', 354, 'Q', 356-548, 'ND', 551-599, 'N', 601-625 <MAC>

A;Note: the evidence for 231-Ser is strong

A;Note: disulfide bonds and carbohydrate binding sites were determined

R;Park, C.H.; Tulinsky, A.
Biochemistry 25, 3977-3982, 1986

A;Title: Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of prothrombin fragment 1

A;Reference number: A37553; MUID:86296631; PMID:3741841

A;Contents: annotation; residues 44-317, X-ray crystallography, 2.8 angstroms

R;Irwin, D.M.; Ahern, K.G.; Pearson, G.D.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Biochemistry 24, 6854-6861, 1985

A;Title: Characterization of the bovine prothrombin gene.

A;Reference number: A37554; MUID:86077733; PMID:3000440

R;MacGillivray, R.T.; Degen, S.J.; Chandra, T.; Woo, S.L.; Davie, E.W.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 77, 5153-5157, 1980

A;Title: Cloning and analysis of a cDNA coding for bovine prothrombin.

A;Reference number: I46045; MUID:81054926; PMID:6234059

A;Accession: I46045

A;Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 466-599, 'N', 601-625 <MAC>

A;Cross-references: EMBL:V00135; NID:g772; PIDN:CAA23451.1; PID:g808945

R;Pejler, G.; Karlstroem, A.R.; Berg, L.
Eur. J. Biochem. 227, 102-107, 1995

A;Title: Identification of the proteolytic thrombin fragments formed after cleavage with rat mast cell protease 1.

A;Reference number: S67518; MUID:95154277; PMID:7851376

A;Accession: S67518

A;Status: preliminary

A;Molecule type: protein

A;Residues: 318-325;333-338, 'X', 340;367-374;481-484, 'X', 486-488;515-522 <PEJ>

C;Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.

C;Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-

dependent interactions; factor Xa removes the activation peptide and cleaves the remaining part into light and heavy chains. The activation process starts slowly because factor V itself has to be activated by the initial, small amounts of thrombin.

C/Comment: Thrombin can cleave the amino-terminal activation peptide 1 from prothrombin, prior to its activation by factor Xa.
C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.

C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.

C/Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase
F1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F44-625/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <MPT>
F44-199/Domain: activation peptide 1 #status experimental <PR1>
F109-187/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F200-317/Domain: activation peptide 2 #status experimental <PR2>
F214-292/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>
F318-366/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>
F367-625/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
F367-616/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F500,51,59,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental
F61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,214-292,235-275,263-287,339-485,394-410,535-553,567-597/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental
F120,144,419/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
F1409,465,571/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 625;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Db 565 DACEGDSGGPFV 576

RESULT 11

S00845
hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-) - human
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 31-Dec-1988 #sequence_revision 31-Dec-1988 #text_change 18-Jun-1999
C/Accession: S00845

R/Leytus, S.P.; Loeb, K.R.; Hagen, F.S.; Kurachi, K.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 27, 1067-1074, 1988

A/Title: A novel trypsin-like serine protease (hepsin) with a putative transmembrane domain expressed by human liver and hepatoma cells.

A/Reference number: S00845; MUID:88209431; PMID:2835076

A/Accession: S00845

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-417 <LEV>

A/Cross-references: EMBL:X07732; NID:g32063; PIDN:CAA30558.1; PID:g32064

C/Genetics:

A/Gene: GDB:HPN; TMRSSI; hepsin
A/Cross-references: GDB:135685; OMIM:142440
A/Map position: 19c11-19q13.2

C/Superfamily: hepsin; trypsin homology

C/Keywords: hydrolase; liver; serine proteinase; transmembrane protein

F23-43/Domain: transmembrane #status predicted <TMN>

F163-400/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>

F188-204,291-322-338,349-381/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F203,257,353/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 1; Length 417;

Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0028;

Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Db 347 DACEGDSGGPFV 358

RESULT 12

T30337

polyprotein - African clawed frog

C/Species: Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog)

C/Date: 22-Oct-1999 #sequence_revision 22-Oct-1999 #text_change 03-Feb-2003

C/Accession: T30337

R/Yang, J.C.; Lindsay, L.L.; Hedrick, J.L.

submitted to the EMBL Data Library, March 1998

A/Description: cDNA cloning of ovocytase, a chymotrypsin-like protease released from Xenopus laevis eggs at fertilization.

A/Reference number: Z20829

A/Accession: T30337

A/Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-1524 <YAN>

A/Cross-references: EMBL:U81290; NID:g2981640; PID:g2981641; PIDN:AAC24717.1

C/Superfamily: trypsin related polyprotein; trypsin homology

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 2; Length 1524;

Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0033;

Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Db 241 DACEGDSGGPFV 252

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:56

Job time : 8.12903 secs

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 5.03226 Seconds
(without alignments)
112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2
Perfect score: 69
Sequence: 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41.1

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match %	Length	DB ID	Description
1	69	100.0	617	1 THRB_RAT	P18292 rattus norv
2	69	100.0	618	1 THRB_MOUSE	P19221 mus musculu
3	69	100.0	622	1 THRB_HUMAN	P00734 homo sapien
4	69	100.0	625	1 THRB_BOVIN	P00735 bos taurus
5	66	95.7	417	1 HEP5_HUMAN	P05981 homo sapien
6	66	95.7	436	1 HEP5_MOUSE	O35453 mus musculu
7	63	91.3	157	1 PRTC_CANFA	O28278 canis famil
8	63	91.3	157	1 PRTC_CAPIH	O28315 capra hircu
9	63	91.3	157	1 PRTC_FELCA	O28412 felis silve
10	63	91.3	157	1 PRTC_HORSE	O28380 equus cabal
11	63	91.3	161	1 PRTC_MACMU	O28506 macaca mula
12	63	91.3	456	1 PRTC_BOVIN	P00745 bos taurus
13	63	91.3	459	1 PRTC_PIG	O991p2 sus scrofa
14	63	91.3	461	1 PRTC_HUMAN	P04070 homo sapien
15	60	87.0	248	1 KLKC_HUMAN	O9ukr0 homo sapien
16	60	87.0	253	1 TRVB_DROER	P54625 drosophila
17	60	87.0	253	1 TRVD_DROER	P54626 drosophila

18	60	87.0	253	1	TRVD_DROME	P42276 drosophila
19	60	87.0	253	1	TRVG_DROME	P42277 drosophila
20	60	87.0	254	1	TRVP_SARBU	P51588 sarcophaga
21	60	87.0	256	1	HYPS_HYFLI	P35888 hypodermia
22	60	87.0	256	1	TRVA_DROER	P54624 drosophila
23	60	87.0	256	1	TRVA_DROME	P04814 drosophila
24	60	87.0	256	1	TRVE_DROME	P54627 drosophila
25	60	87.0	256	1	TRVE_DROER	P35005 drosophila
26	60	87.0	258	1	TRVU_DROER	P54629 drosophila
27	60	87.0	262	1	TRVU_DROME	P42279 drosophila
28	60	87.0	264	1	VDP_BOMMO	O07943 bombyx mori
29	60	87.0	267	1	TRY7_ANOGA	P35041 anopheles g
30	60	87.0	274	1	TRY1_ANOGA	P35035 anopheles g
31	60	87.0	275	1	TRY3_ANOGA	P35037 anopheles g
32	60	87.0	275	1	TRY4_ANOGA	P35038 anopheles g
33	60	87.0	277	1	KLMD_HUMAN	O9ukr3 homo sapien
34	60	87.0	277	1	TRY2_ANOGA	P35036 anopheles g
35	60	87.0	281	1	TRYZ_DROER	P54630 drosophila
36	60	87.0	394	1	URIG_DESRO	P49150 desmodus ro
37	60	87.0	418	1	HATT_HUMAN	O60235 homo sapien
38	60	87.0	422	1	DESI_HUMAN	O9ul52 homo sapien
39	60	87.0	431	1	URTB_DESRO	P98121 desmodus ro
40	60	87.0	455	1	TMS5_MOUSE	O9er04 mus musculu
41	60	87.0	457	1	TMS5_HUMAN	O9h3s3 homo sapien
42	60	87.0	458	1	PRTC_RABIT	O28661 oryctolagus
43	60	87.0	461	1	PRTC_MOUSE	P35887 mus musculu
44	60	87.0	461	1	PRTC_RAT	P31394 rattus norv
45	60	87.0	477	1	URT1_DESRO	P98119 desmodus ro

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1		THRB_RAT		STANDARD;		PRT;		617 AA.	
ID	AC	THRB_RAT	AC	THRB_RAT	AC	THRB_RAT	AC	THRB_RAT	AC
DT	01-NOV-1990	(Rel. 16, Created)	DT	01-NOV-1990	(Rel. 16, Last sequence update)	DT	01-NOV-1990	(Rel. 16, Last sequence update)	DT
DT	28-FEB-2003	(Rel. 41, Last annotation update)	DT	28-FEB-2003	(Rel. 41, Last annotation update)	DT	28-FEB-2003	(Rel. 41, Last annotation update)	DT
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).		DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).		DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).		DE
GN	F2.		GN	F2.		GN	F2.		GN
OS	Rattus norvegicus (Rat).		OS	Rattus norvegicus (Rat).		OS	Rattus norvegicus (Rat).		OS
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		OC
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.		OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.		OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.		OC
OX	NCBI_TaxID=10116;		OX	NCBI_TaxID=10116;		OX	NCBI_TaxID=10116;		OX
RN	[1]		RN	[1]		RN	[1]		RN
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		RP
RC	STRAIN-Sprague-Dawley; TISSUE=Liver;		RC	STRAIN-Sprague-Dawley; TISSUE=Liver;		RC	STRAIN-Sprague-Dawley; TISSUE=Liver;		RC
RA	MEDLINE=90332426; PubMed=2377469;		RA	MEDLINE=90332426; PubMed=2377469;		RA	MEDLINE=90332426; PubMed=2377469;		RA
RT	"cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin."		RT	"cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin."		RT	"cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin."		RT
RL	Nucleic Acids Res. 18:4251-4251(1990).		RL	Nucleic Acids Res. 18:4251-4251(1990).		RL	Nucleic Acids Res. 18:4251-4251(1990).		RL
RN	[2]		RN	[2]		RN	[2]		RN
RP	SEQUENCE OF 383-617 FROM N.A.		RP	SEQUENCE OF 383-617 FROM N.A.		RP	SEQUENCE OF 383-617 FROM N.A.		RP
RC	TISSUE=Liver;		RC	TISSUE=Liver;		RC	TISSUE=Liver;		RC
RX	MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;		RX	MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;		RX	MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;		RX

RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptides A and B.
CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
CC THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL
CC FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
CC BY FACTOR XA.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.
CC -----
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
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CC -----
DR EMBL; X52835; CAA37017.1; -.
DR EMBL; M81397; AAA42240.1; -.
DR PIR; S10311; S10311.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR002383; GLA_blood.
DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
DR InterPro; IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
DR Pfam; PF00594; Glaj; 1.
DR Pfam; PF00031; kringle; 2.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR00001; GLABLOOD.
DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.
DR SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.
DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU CARBOXYLATION; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPsin_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPsin_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPsin_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydrolyase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 24 POTENTIAL.
FT PROPEP 25 43
FT CHAIN 44 617 PROTHROMBIN.
FT PEPTIDE 44 200 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 1).
FT PEPTIDE 201 323 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 2).
FT CHAIN 324 359 THROMBIN LIGHT CHAIN (A).
FT CHAIN 360 617 THROMBIN HEAVY CHAIN (B).
FT DONAIN 109 197 KRINGLE 1.
FT DONAIN 215 292 KRINGLE 2.
FT DONAIN 360 617 SERINE PROTEASE.
FT SITE 200 201 CLEAVAGE (BY THROMBIN).
FT SITE 323 324 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT SITE 359 360 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT ACT_SITE 402 402 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE 458 458 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE 564 564 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 50 50 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 51 51 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 58 58 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 60 60 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 63 63 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 64 64 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 69 69 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 70 70 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 73 73 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 76 76 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT CARBOHYD 120 120 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 144 144 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 412 412 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 552 552 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. .) (POTENTIAL).
FT DISULFID 61 66 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 91 104 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 109 187 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 130 170 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 158 182 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 215 292 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 236 276 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 264 287 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 332 478 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID 387 403 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 532 546 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 560 590 BY SIMILARITY.
SQ SEQUENCE 617 AA; 70411 MW; AD27D1B71445DBID CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 617;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00031;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY : DACEGSGGFV 12
|||||||
Db 538 DACEGSGGFV 569

RESULT 2

THRB_MOUSE

AC P19221; STANDARD; PRT; 618 AA.
DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).
GN F2 OR CF2.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=C57BL/6; TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=91025551; PubMed=2222810;
RA Friesner Degen S.J., Schaffer L.A., Jamison C.S., Grant S.G.,
RA Fitzgibbon J.J., Pai J.-A., Chapman V.M., Elliott R.W.;
RT "Characterization of the cDNA coding for mouse prothrombin and
RT localization of the gene on mouse chromosome 2.";
RL DNA Cell Biol. 9:487-498(1990).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 394-618 FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1537383;
RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOmal
CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
CC THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL

FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
BY FACTOR XA.

-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.

-1- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.

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CC -----

CC EMBL; X52308; CAA36548.1; -.

CC EMBL; M81394; AAA40435.1; -.

CC F1R; A35827; A35827.

CC HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.

CC MEROPS; S01.217; -.

CC MGD; MGI:88380; F2.

CC InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.

CC InterPro; IPR002383; GLA_blood.

CC InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.

CC InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.

CC InterPro; IPR001294; Ser_Protease_Try.

CC Pfam; PF00594; gla; 1.

CC Pfam; PF00051; kringle; 2.

CC Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.

CC PRINTS; PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.

CC PRINTS; PRO0001; GLABLOOD.

CC PRINTS; PRO0018; KRINGLE.

CC PRINTS; PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.

CC ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.

CC SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.

CC SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.

CC SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.

CC PROSITE; PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.

CC PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.

CC PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.

CC PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.

CC PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.

CC PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.

CC Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;

CC Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxylglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;

CC Hydrolase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal.

CC SIGNAL 1 24 POTENTIAL.

CC PROPEP 25 43

CC CHAIN 44 618

CC PEPTIDE 44 200

CC PEPTIDE 201 324

CC CHAIN 325 360

CC CHAIN 361 618

CC DOMAIN 109 187

CC DOMAIN 215 292

CC DOMAIN 361 618

CC SITE 200 201

CC SITE 324 325

CC CLEAVAGE (BY THROMBIN).

CC CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).

FT SITE	360	361	CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT ACT_SITE	403	403	CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE	459	459	CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE	565	565	CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES	50	50	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	51	51	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	58	58	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	60	60	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	63	63	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	64	64	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	69	69	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	70	70	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	73	73	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES	76	76	GLNNA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT DISULFID	61	66	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	91	104	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	109	187	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	130	170	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	158	182	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	215	293	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	236	276	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	264	288	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	333	479	INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID	388	404	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	533	547	BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID	561	591	BY SIMILARITY.
FT CARBOHYD	122	122	N-LINKED (GLNNA. . .).
FT CARBOHYD	144	144	N-LINKED (GLNNA. . .).
FT CARBOHYD	413	413	N-LINKED (GLNNA. . .).
FT CARBOHYD	553	553	N-LINKED (GLNNA. . .).
FT SEQUENCE	618 AA; 70268 MW; B9F719AADF601E0 CRO64;		
Query Match	100.0%;	Score 69; DB 1; Length 618;	
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 0.00031;	
Matches 12; Conservative	0; Mismatches	0; Indels	0; Gaps
QY	1 DACEGSGGFFV 12		
DB	559 DACEGSGGFFV 570		
RESULT 3			
ID	THRE_HUMAN	STANDARD;	PRT; 622 AA.
AC	P00734;		
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)		
DT	01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)		
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)		
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).		
GN	F2.		
OS	Homo sapiens (human).		
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.		
GN	NCBI_Taxid=9606;		
OX	[1]		
RN	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RP	MEDLINE=65077877; PubMed=2825773;		

RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RP MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Locht A., Bode W., Huber R., le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 RA Esmen C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPII complex reveals gross structural
 RT rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 RT and thrombomodulin.";
 RL EMBO J. 16:2977-2984(1997).
 RN [10]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 RP MEDLINE=99162521; PubMed=10051358;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fuatterer K., Wakman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 225 in serine proteases.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [12]
 RP VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RP MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furiel B.C., Furiel B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 RT for arginine at residue 273.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RP VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RP MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 RT substitution of Glu-466 by Ala.";
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RP VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RP MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 RA Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 RT prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His).";
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RP VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RP MEDLINE=95169858; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RT "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 RT substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site.";
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RP MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382.";
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9165(1988).
 RN [17]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RP MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity.";
 RN Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RN [18]
 RP VARIANT SALAKTA.
 RP MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Guillain M.-C.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 RT reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity.";
 RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462(1992).
 RN [19]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RP MEDLINE=87165407; PubMed=3567158;
 RA Miyata T., Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan
 RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin
 RT Tokushima.";
 RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122(1987).
 RN [20]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RP MEDLINE=87101511; PubMed=3801671;
 RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigeakiyo T., Saito S.,
 RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin
 RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin.";
 RL Blood 69:565-569(1987).
 RN [21]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RP MEDLINE=92256895; PubMed=13498938;
 RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigeakiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,
 RA Itakura M.;
 RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin
 RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular
 RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia.";
 RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100(1992).
 RN [22]
 RP VARIANT TYPE-3.
 RP MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;
 RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;
 RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin
 RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third
 RT thrombin cleavage site.";
 RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254(1983).
 RN [23]
 RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.
 RP MEDLINE=99316093; PubMed=10391209;
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipschutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions
 RT of human genes.";
 RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238(1999).
 RN [24]
 RP ERRATUM.
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.O.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
 CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DS 1; Length 622;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00031; Mismatches 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Indels 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 DQ 562 DACEGDSGGPFV 373
 |||||

RESULT 4

THRB_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 625 AA.

AC P00735;
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).
 GN P2.
 OS Bos taurus (Bovine).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;
 OC Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9913;
 RN (1)
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=68245190; PubMed=3379642;
 RA Irwin D.M., Robertson K.A., Macgillivray R.T.A.;
 RT "Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 200:131-45(1988).
 RN (2)
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=84203525; PubMed=6326805;
 RA McGillivray R.T.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation
 RT product."
 RL Biochemistry 23:1626-1634(1984).
 RN (3)
 RP SEQUENCE OF 44-625, DISULFIDE BONDS, AND CARBOHYDRATE-LINKAGE SITES.
 RA Magnusson S., Sottrup-Jensen L., Petersen T.E., Claess H.;
 RL (In) Hemker H.C., Veltkamp J.J. (eds.);
 RL Boerhaave symposium on prothrombin and related coagulation factors,

RL PP-25-46, Leiden University Press, Leiden (1975).
 RN (4)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.8 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=86296631; PubMed=3741841;
 RA Park C.H., Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of
 RT prothrombin fragment 1."
 RL Biochemistry 25:3977-3982(1986).
 RN (5)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.25 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=91311686; PubMed=1856869;
 RA Seshadri T.P., Tulinsky A., Skrzypczak-Jankun E., Park C.H.;
 RT "Structure of bovine prothrombin fragment 1 refined at 2.25-A
 RT resolution."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 220:481-494(1991).
 RN (6)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=92190185; PubMed=1547238;
 RA Soriano-Garcia M., Padmanabhan K., de Vos A.M., Tulinsky A.;
 RT "The Ca²⁺ ion and membrane binding structure of the Gla domain of Ca-
 RT prothrombin fragment 1."
 RL Biochemistry 31:2554-2566(1992).
 RN (7)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92216459; PubMed=1560020;
 RA Martin P.D., Robertson W., Turk D., Huber R., Bode W., Edwards B.F.P.;
 RT "The structure of residues 7-16 of the A alpha-chain of human
 RT fibrinogen bound to bovine thrombin at 2.3-A resolution."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 267:7911-7920(1992).
 RN (8)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92389319; PubMed=1518046;
 RA Brandstetter H., Turk D., Hoeffken H.W., Grosse D., Stuerzebecher J.,
 RA Martin P.D., Edwards B.F.P., Bode W.;
 RT "Refined 2.3 A X-ray crystal structure of bovine thrombin complexes
 RT formed with the benzamide and arginine-based thrombin inhibitors
 RT NAPAP, 4-TAPAP and MQPA. A starting point for improving
 RT antithrombotics."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 226:1085-1089(1992).
 RN (9)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (3.1 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH ORNITHODORIN.
 RX MEDLINE=97102783; PubMed=8947023;
 RA van de Locht A., Stubbs M.T., Bode W., Friedrich T., Bollschweiler C.,
 RA Hoffken W., Huber R.;
 RT "The ornithodorin-thrombin crystal structure, a key to the TAP
 RT enigma?"
 RL EMBO J. 15:6011-6017(1996).
 RN (10)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.6 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH TRIABIN.
 RX MEDLINE=98004486; PubMed=9342325;
 RA Fuentes-Prior P., Noeske-Jungblut C., Donner P., Schleuning W.D.,
 RA Huber R., Bode W.;
 RT "Structure of the thrombin complex with triabin, a lipocalin-like
 RT exosite-binding inhibitor derived from a triatomine bug."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:11845-11850(1997).
 RN (11)
 RP GENE STRUCTURE.

PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
PDB: 1LVT; 19-NOV-97.
PDB: 2HPF; 31-JAN-94.
MEROPS: S01.217; -.
InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
InterPro: IPR002383; GLA_Blood.
InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
pfam: PF00051; kringle; 2.
pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS: PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PROSITE: PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydroxylase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
ET SIGNAL 1 24
PROPEP 25 43
CHAIN 44 623
PT PEPTIDE 44 199
FT PEPTIDE 200 317
FT CHAIN 318 366
FT CHAIN 367 625
FT DOMAIN 109 187
FT DOMAIN 214 292
FT DOMAIN 367 623
FT SITE 199 200
FT SITE 317 318
FT SITE 366 367
FT ACT_SITE 409 409
FT ACT_SITE 465 465
FT ACT_SITE 571 571
FT MOD_RES 50 50
FT MOD_RES 51 51
FT MOD_RES 58 58
FT MOD_RES 60 60
FT MOD_RES 63 63
FT MOD_RES 64 64

PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
PDB: 1LVT; 19-NOV-97.
PDB: 2HPF; 31-JAN-94.
MEROPS: S01.217; -.
InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
InterPro: IPR002383; GLA_Blood.
InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
pfam: PF00051; kringle; 2.
pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS: PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PROSITE: PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydroxylase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
ET SIGNAL 1 24
PROPEP 25 43
CHAIN 44 623
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FT DOMAIN 109 187
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FT DOMAIN 367 623
FT SITE 199 200
FT SITE 317 318
FT SITE 366 367
FT ACT_SITE 409 409
FT ACT_SITE 465 465
FT ACT_SITE 571 571
FT MOD_RES 50 50
FT MOD_RES 51 51
FT MOD_RES 58 58
FT MOD_RES 60 60
FT MOD_RES 63 63
FT MOD_RES 64 64

PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
PDB: 1LVT; 19-NOV-97.
PDB: 2HPF; 31-JAN-94.
MEROPS: S01.217; -.
InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
InterPro: IPR002383; GLA_Blood.
InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
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InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
pfam: PF00051; kringle; 2.
pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS: PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PROSITE: PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydroxylase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
ET SIGNAL 1 24
PROPEP 25 43
CHAIN 44 623
PT PEPTIDE 44 199
FT PEPTIDE 200 317
FT CHAIN 318 366
FT CHAIN 367 625
FT DOMAIN 109 187
FT DOMAIN 214 292
FT DOMAIN 367 623
FT SITE 199 200
FT SITE 317 318
FT SITE 366 367
FT ACT_SITE 409 409
FT ACT_SITE 465 465
FT ACT_SITE 571 571
FT MOD_RES 50 50
FT MOD_RES 51 51
FT MOD_RES 58 58
FT MOD_RES 60 60
FT MOD_RES 63 63
FT MOD_RES 64 64

PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
PDB: 1LVT; 19-NOV-97.
PDB: 2HPF; 31-JAN-94.
MEROPS: S01.217; -.
InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
InterPro: IPR002383; GLA_Blood.
InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
pfam: PF00051; kringle; 2.
pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS: PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PROSITE: PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydroxylase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
ET SIGNAL 1 24
PROPEP 25 43
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FT CHAIN 318 366
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FT DOMAIN 367 623
FT SITE 199 200
FT SITE 317 318
FT SITE 366 367
FT ACT_SITE 409 409
FT ACT_SITE 465 465
FT ACT_SITE 571 571
FT MOD_RES 50 50
FT MOD_RES 51 51
FT MOD_RES 58 58
FT MOD_RES 60 60
FT MOD_RES 63 63
FT MOD_RES 64 64

PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
PDB: 1LVT; 19-NOV-97.
PDB: 2HPF; 31-JAN-94.
MEROPS: S01.217; -.
InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
InterPro: IPR002383; GLA_Blood.
InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
pfam: PF00051; kringle; 2.
pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS: PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PRO

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 625;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00032;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGFFV 12
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 565 DACEGDSGGFFV 576

RESULT 5

HEPS_HUMAN
ID HEP5_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 417 AA.
AC P05981;
DT 01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Serine protease hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-) (Transmembrane protease, serine
DE 1).
GN HPN OR TMRSS1.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=88209431; PubMed=2835076;
RA Leytus S.P., Loeb K.R., Hagen F.S., Kurachi K., Davie E.W.;
RT "A novel trypsin-like serine protease (hepsin) with a putative
RT transmembrane domain expressed by human liver and hepatoma cells.";
RL Biochemistry 27:1067-1074(1988).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Pancreas, and Spleen;
RX MEDLINE=2368257; PubMed=12477932;
RA Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G.,
RA Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D.,
RA Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K.,
RA Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Hsieh F.,
RA Diatchenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,
RA Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Donald M.F., Casavant I.L., Scheetz T.E.,
RA Brownstein M.J., Udell T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C.,
RA Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullaly S.J.,
RA Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H.,
RA Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulyk S.W.,
RA Villalón D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A.,
RA Fahy J., Helton E., Kettman M., Madan A., Rodriguez S., Sanchez A.,
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko I., Bouffard G.G.,
RA Blakeley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C.,
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M.,
RA Butterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smalilus D.E.,
RA Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RT "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length
RT human and mouse cDNA sequences.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).
RN [3]
RP CHARACTERIZATION.

RX MEDLINE=91358502; PubMed=1885621;
RA Tsuji A., Torres-Rosado A., Arai T., le Beau M.M., Lemons R.S.,
RA Chou S.H., Kurachi K.;
RT "Hepsin, a cell membrane-associated protease. Characterization,
RT tissue distribution, and gene localization.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 266:16948-16953(1991).
RN [4]
RP CHARACTERIZATION.
RX MEDLINE=93348237; PubMed=8346233;
RA Torres-Rosado A., O'Shea K.S., Tsuji A., Chou S.H., Kurachi K.;
RT "Hepsin, a putative cell-surface serine protease, is required for
RT mammalian cell growth.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:7181-7187(1993).
CC -!- FUNCTION: Plays an essential role in cell growth and maintenance
CC of cell morphology.
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Type II membrane protein.
CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Present in most tissues, with the highest
CC level in liver.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
CC
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC
CC ENBL; M19930; AAA36013.1; -.
CC ENBL; X07732; CAA30558.1; -.
CC ENBL; X07002; CAA30058.1; -.
CC ENBL; BC025716; AAH25716.1; -.
CC PIR; S00845; S00845.
CC HSSP; P00763; 1DPO.
CC MEROPS; S01.224; -.
CC Genew; HGNC:5155; HPN.
CC MIM; 142440; -.
CC GO; GO:0005887; C: integral to plasma membrane; TAS.
CC GO; GO:0008151; P: cell growth and/or maintenance; TAS.
CC InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
CC InterPro; IPR001254; Ser. protease_Try.
CC Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
CC PRINTS; PRC0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
CC SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
CC PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
CC PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
CC PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
CC Hydrolase; Serine protease; Transmembrane; Signal-anchor.
KW CHAIN 1 162
FT SERINE PROTEASE HEP5IN, NON-CATALYTIC
FT CHAIN 163 417
FT SERINE PROTEASE HEP5IN, CATALYTIC CHAIN
FT (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 1 17
FT CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT TRANSMEM 18 44
FT SIGNAL-ANCHOR (TYPE-II MEMBRANE PROTEIN)
FT (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 45 417
FT EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 163 417
FT SERINE PROTEASE.

FT ACT SITE 203 203 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT ACT SITE 257 257 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT ACT SITE 353 353 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT DISULFID 153 277 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).

FT DISULFID 188 204 BY SIMILARITY.

FT DISULFID 322 338 BY SIMILARITY.

FT DISULFID 349 381 BY SIMILARITY.

FT CARBOHYD 112 112 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).

SQ SEQUENCE 417 AA; 45011 MW; B2086FF661E551D7 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 1; Length 417;

Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.00067;

Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||

Db 347 DACQDGGGPFV 358

RESULT 6

HEPS_MOUSE

ID HEPS_MOUSE STANDARD; PRI; 436 AA.

AC O35453; Q9CW97;

DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Created)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last sequence update)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)

DE Serine protease hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-).

GN HPN.

OS Mus musculus (Mouse).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.

OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;

RN (1)

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 2).

RC TISSUE=Liver;

RA Vu T.-K.H., Liu R.W., Haakma C., Tomasek J.J., Howard E.W.;

RT "Identification and cloning of the membrane-associated serine protease, hepsin, from mouse preimplantation embryos.";

RL J. Biol. Chem. 272:31315-31320(1997).

RN (2)

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORMS 1 AND 2).

RA MEDLINE=9939944; PubMed=1041637;

RA Kawamura S., Kurachi Y., Deyashiki K.;

RT "Complete nucleotide sequence, origin of isoform and functional characterization of the mouse hepsin gene.";

RL Eur. J. Biochem. 262:755-764(1999).

RN (3)

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;

RX MEDLINE=21085660; PubMed=11217851;

RA Kawai J., Shinagawa A., Shibata K., Yoshino M., Itoh M., Ishii Y.,

RA Arakawa I., Hara A., Fukunishi Y., Konno H., Adachi J., Fukuda S.,

RA Aizawa K., Izawa M., Nishi K., Kiyosawa H., Kondo S., Yamanaka I.,

RA Saito T., Okazaki Y., Gojibori T., Bono H., Kasukawa T., Saito R.,

RA Radota K., Matsuda H.A., Ashburner M., Batalov S., Casavant T.,

RA Fieischmann W., Gaasterland T., Giesi C., King B., Koehnli H.,

RA Kuehl P., Lewis S., Matsuo Y., Nikaide I., Pesole G., Quackenbush J.,

RA Schriml L.M., Staabli F., Suzuki R., Tomita M., Wagner L., Washio T.,

RA Sakai K., Okido T., Furuno M., Aono H., Baldarelli R., Barsh G.,

RA Blake J., Boffelli D., Bojunga N., Carninci P., de Bernaldo M.F.,

RA Brownstein M.J., Bult C., Fletcher C., Fujita M., Gariboldi M.,

RA Gustincich S., Hall D., Hofmann M., Hume D.A., Kaniya M., Lee N.H.,

RA Lyons P., Marchionni L., Mashima J., Mazzarelli J., Mombaerts P.,

RA Nordone P., Ring B., Ringwald M., Rodriguez I., Sakamoto N.,

RA Sasaki H., Sato K., Schoenbach C., Seya T., Shibata Y., Storch K.-F.,

RA Suzuki H., Toyooka K., Wang K.H., Weitz C., Whittaker C., Wilming L.,

RA Wyszewski A., Yoshida K., Hasegawa Y., Kawai H., Kotsuki S.,

RA Hayashizaki Y.;

RT "Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection.";

RL Nature 409:685-690(2001).

CC -|- FUNCTION: Plays an essential role in cell growth and maintenance of cell morphology.

CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Type II membrane protein.

CC -|- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS:

CC Event=Alternative splicing; Named isoforms=2;

CC Name1; Synonyms=1a;

CC IsoId=O35453-1; Sequence=Displayed;

CC Note=Minor isoform;

CC Name2; Synonyms=2a;

CC IsoId=O35453-2; Sequence=VSP_007232;

CC Note=Major isoform;

CC -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.

CC -|- CAUTION: Ref.3 sequence differs from that shown due to frameshifts in positions 155, 191 and 233.

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DR EMBL; AF030065; AAB84221.1; -.

DR EMBL; AK002694; BAE22489.2; ALT_FRAME.

DR HSPSP; P00763; 1DPO.

DR MEROPS; S01-224; -.

DR MGD; MGI:1196620; Hpn.

DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.

DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.

DR InterPro; IPR001190; Srrc_receptor.

DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.

DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.

DR SMART; SMC0202; SR; 1.

DR SMART; SMC0020; TRYPSIN; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.

KW Hydrolase; Serine protease; Transmembrane; Signal-anchor;

KW Alternative splicing.

FT CHAIN 1 181 SERINE PROTEASE HEPSPIN, NON-CATALYTIC CHAIN (POTENTIAL)

FT CHAIN 192 436 SERINE PROTEASE HEPSPIN, CATALYTIC CHAIN

FT DOMAIN 21 36 (POTENTIAL).
FT CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT SIGNAL-ANCHOR (TYPE-II MEMBRANE PROTEIN)
FT TRANSMEM 37 63 (POTENTIAL).
FT EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT SERINE PROTEASE.
FT DOMAIN 64 436
FT DOMAIN 182 436
FT ACT SITE 222 222 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT SITE 276 276 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT SITE 372 372 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID 172 296 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID 207 223 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 341 357 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 368 400 BY SIMILARITY.
FT CARBOHYD 131 131 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT VARSPLIC 25 44 Missing (in isoform 2).
FT /FTid=vsp_007232.
FT L -> F (IN REF. 2 AND 3).
FT T -> Y (IN REF. 3).
FT G -> R (IN REF. 3).
FT NR -> ET (IN REF. 3).
FT P -> L (IN REF. 3).
FT H -> N (IN REF. 3).
SQ SEQUENCE 436 AA: 46787 MW: 4A0993148C620BD0 CRC64;

OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 20.5161 Seconds
(without alignments)
150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2
Perfect score: 69
Sequence: 1 DACGDSGGPFV 12
Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SPTREMBL_23:
1: sp_archaea:
2: sp_bacteria:
3: sp_fungi:
4: sp_human:
5: sp_invertebrate:
6: sp_mammal:
7: sp_mhc:
8: sp_organelle:
9: sp_phage:
10: sp_plant:
11: sp_rodent:
12: sp_virus:
13: sp Vertebrate:
14: sp_unclassified:
15: sp_rvirus:
16: sp_bacteriap:
17: sp_archheap:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Query	Score	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
------------	-------	-------	-------	--------	----	----	-------------

Query Match 95.7% ; Score 66; DB 1; Length 436;
Best Local Similarity 91.7% ; Pred. No. 0.0007; 0; Caps 0;
Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0;

QY 1 DACGDSGGPFV 12
Db 366 DACQGDGGPFV 377
|:::|||||

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:03
Job time : 5.03226 secs

ALIGNMENTS

DE	Thrombin (Fragment).
GN	THROMBIN.
OS	Oryctolagus cuniculus (Rabbit).
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
CC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Lagomorpha; Leporidae; Cricetidae; Oryctolagus.
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9986;
CB	[1]
RN	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RP	TISSUE=Liver;
RC	MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA	Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.I.A.;
RT	"Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT	Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT	nine different species.";
RL	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR	EXEL; M61396; AAA31477.1; -.
DR	HSSP; P00734; IUVS.
DR	MEROPS; S01_217; -.
DR	InterPro; IPRO01314; Chymotrypsin.
DR	InterPro; IPRO03966; Prothrombin.
DR	InterPro; IPRO01254; Ser-protease_Try.
DR	Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR	PRINTS; PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR	PRINTS; PRO1503; PROTHROMBIN.
DR	SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR	PROSITE; PS02040; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR	PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR	PROSITE; FS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW	Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT	NON_TER
FT	1
SQ	SEQUENCE 235 AA; 27093 MW; 92FF3E4F93B360E0 CRC64;
Query Match	100.0%; Score 69; DB 6; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred.No. 0.0006;
Matches 12; Conservative	0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	1 DACEGDSGGGFV 12
D6	176 DACEGDSGGGFV 187
RESULT 2	
Q91004	
ID Q91004	PRELIMINARY; PRT; 235 AA.
AC Q91004;	
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)	
DC 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)	
DD 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)	
DE Thrombin (Fragment).	
GN THROMBIN.	
OS Gecko gecko (Tokay gecko).	
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;	
CC Lepidosauria; Squamata; Sceleroglossa; Geckota; Gekkoniae; Gekko.	
OX NCBI_TaxID=36310;	
CB [1]	
RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.	
RP TISSUE=Liver;	
RC	

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RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81392; AAA49399.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
FT TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 235 AA; 26933 MW; 122A5C09F6F2276A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

RESULT 3
Q90387
ID Q90387 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 235 AA.
AC Q90387;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TRENBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Cynops pyrrhogaster (Japanese common newt).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Caudata; Salamandroidea; Salamandridae; Cynops.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8330;
RN [1]_TaxID=8330;
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81395; AAA49391.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 10UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

RESULT 4
Q91218
ID Q91218 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 239 AA.
AC Q91218;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TRENBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (Salmo gairdneri).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei;
OC Protacanthopterygii; Salmoniformes; Salmonidae; Oncorhynchus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8022;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81396; AAA49433.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
FT TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 235 AA; 27272 MW; 49264DD29A57A41F CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

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DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 239 AA; 27396 MW; F0F43F9A3205BF36 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 239;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0087;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 5
Q91001
ID Q91001 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 607 AA.
AC Q91001;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin.
OS Gallus gallus (Chicken).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Phasianinae;
OC Gallus.
CX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=94223694; PubMed=7513365;
RA Banfield D.K., Irwin D.M., Walz D.A., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Evolution of prothrombin: isolation and characterization of the cDNAs
RT encoding chicken and hagfish prothrombin."
RL J. Mol. Evol. 38:177-187(1994).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RA Banfield D.K.;
RL Submitted (DEC-1991) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 KRINGLE DOMAINS.
DR EMBL; M81391; AAA21619.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR002383; GLA blood.
DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.

InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
InterPro; IPR001254; Ser. protease Try.
InterPro; IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
Pfam; PF00594; gla; 1.
Pfam; PF00051; Kringle; 2.
Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
PRINTS; PR00001; GLABLOOD.
PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.
SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.
SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.
SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
PROSITE; PS00011; GLU CARBOXYLATION; 1.
PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE 1; 2.
PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE 2; 2.
PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Glycoprotein; Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.
SQ SEQUENCE 607 AA; 69110 MW; 002F3606EA36270F CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 607;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0022;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
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Db 548 DACEGDSGGPFV 559

RESULT 6
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ID Q9PTW7 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 608 AA.
AC Q9PTW7;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Prothrombin.
GN OSPT.
OS Struthio camelus (Ostrich).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauria; Aves; Palaeognathae; Struthioniformes; Struthionidae;
OC Struthio.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8801;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=20579470; PubMed=1137455;
RA Frost C., Naude R., Oelofsen W., Muramoto K., Naganuma T., Ogawa T.;
RT "Purification and characterization of ostrich prothrombin."
RL Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 32:1151-1159(2000).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 KRINGLE DOMAINS.
DR EMBL; AB028571; BAA89046.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR002383; GLA blood.
DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.

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DR InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro: IPR002383; GLA blood.
DR InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
DR InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
DR Pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
DR Pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 2.
DR PRINTS: PRO0051; Kringle; 1.
DR PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS: PRO001; GLABLOOD.
DR PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR ProDom: PD00395; Kringle; 2.
DR SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
DR SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
DR SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00011; GLU CARBOXYLATION; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
DR PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
DR PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Glycoprotein; Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.
SQ SEQUENCE 608 AA; 69392 MW; 11897489AE54EA2 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 608;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0022;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
Db 548 DACEGDSGGPFV 559
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RESULT 7
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ID Q90244 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 234 AA.
AC Q90244;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Acipenser transmontanus (White sturgeon).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Chondrostei; Acipenseriformes; Acipenseridae;
OC Acipenser.
OX NCBI_TaxID=7904;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
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Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL: M81399; AAA48514.1; -.
DR HSP: P00734; 2HNT.
DR MEROPS: S01_217; -.
DR InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
DR Pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 234 AA; 26846 MW; 45C558D6618E0585 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 13; Length 234;
Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0027;
Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
Db 175 DCEGDSGGPFV 186
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RESULT 8
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ID Q9CW97 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 435 AA.
AC Q9CW97;
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Created)
DT 01-VAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DT 01-VAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Adult male kidney cDNA, RIKEN full-length enriched library,
DE clone:0610030A17 product:hepsin, full insert sequence.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
RA Adachi J., Aizawa K., Akahira S., Akimura T., Arai A., Aono H.,
RA Atakawa T., Bono H., Carninci P., Fukuda S., Fukunishi Y., Furuno M.,
RA Hanagaki T., Hara A., Hayatsu N., Hiramoto K., Hiraoka T., Hori F.,
RA Inotani K., Ishii Y., Itoh M., Izawa M., Kasukawa T., Kato H.,
RA Kawai J., Kojima Y., Konno H., Kouda M., Koya S., Kurihara C.,
RA Matsuyama T., Miyazaki A., Nishi K., Nomura K., Numazaki R., Ohno M.,
RA Okazaki Y., Okido T., Owa C., Saito H., Saito R., Sakai C., Sakai K.,
RA Sano H., Sasaki D., Shibata K., Shibata Y., Shinagawa A., Shiraki T.,
RA Sogabe Y., Suzuki H., Tagami M., Tagawa A., Takahashi F., Tanaka T.,
RA Tejima Y., Toya T., Yamamura T., Yasunishi A., Yoshida K., Yoshino M.,
RA Muramatsu M., Hayashizaki Y.;
RN [2]
RP Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBSJ databases.
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RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=22354683; PubMed=12456851;
 RA The PANTOM Consortium;
 RA "Analysis of the mouse transcriptome based on functional annotation of
 RT 60,770 full-length cDNAs.";
 RL Nature 420:563-573(2002).
 RN [13]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=21085660; PubMed=11217851;
 RA RIKEN PANTOM Consortium;
 RA "Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection.";
 RL Nature 409:685-690(2001).
 RN [14]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=99279253; PubMed=10349636;
 RA Carninci P., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RA "High-efficiency full-length cDNA cloning.";
 RL Meth. Enzymol. 303:19-44(1999).
 RN [15]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=20499374; PubMed=11042159;
 RA Carninci P., Shibata Y., Hayatsu N., Sugahara Y., Shibata K., Itoh M.,
 RA Kono H., Okazaki Y., Muramatsu M., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RA "Normalization and subtraction of cap-trapper-selected cDNAs to
 RT prepare full-length cDNA libraries for rapid discovery of new genes.";
 RL Genome Res. 10:1617-1630(2000).
 RN [16]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=20330913; PubMed=11076861;
 RA Shibata K., Itoh M., Aizawa K., Nagaoka S., Sasaki N., Carninci P.,
 RA Kono H., Akiyama J., Nishi K., Kitsumai T., Tashiro H., Itoh M.,
 RA Sumi N., Ishii Y., Nakamura S., Hazama N., Nishine T., Harada A.,
 RA Yamamoto R., Matsumoto H., Sakaguchi S., Ikegami T., Kashiwagi K.,
 RA Fujiwaki S., Inoue K., Togawa Y., Izawa M., Ohara E., Watahiki M.,
 RA Yoneda Y., Ishikawa T., Ozawa K., Tanaka T., Matsumura S., Kawai J.,
 RA Okazaki Y., Muramatsu M., Inoue Y., Kira A., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RA "RIKEN integrated sequence analysis (RISA) system-384-format
 RT sequencing pipeline with 384 multicapillary sequencer.";
 RL Genome Res. 10:1757-1771(2000).
 DR EMBL; AK002694; BAB22289.2; -.
 SQ SEQUENCE 435 AA; 45944 MW; 019B2A9DE3EEF40 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 11; Length 435;
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Db 365 DAQCGDSGGPFV 376

RESULT 9

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 ID Q91674 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 1524 AA.
 AC Q91674;
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 DT 01-NOV-1998 (TREMBLrel. 08, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Polypeptide.
 OS Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Mesobatrachia; Pipidae; Pipidae;
 OC Xenopodinae; Xenopus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=8355;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC MEDLINE=99432219; PubMed=10500163;
 RA Lindsay L.L., Yang J.C., Hedrick J.L.;
 RA "Ovochymase, a Xenopus laevis egg extracellular protease, is
 RT translated as part of an unusual polypeptide.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:11253-11258(1999).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Yang J.C., Lindsey L.L., Hedrick J.L.;
 RT "cDNA Cloning of Ovochymase, a Chymotrypsin-like Protease Released
 RT From Xenopus laevis Eggs at Fertilization.";
 RL Submitted (MAR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 4 CUB DOMAINS.
 DR EMBL; U81290; AAC24717.1; -.
 DR HSP; P00763; IDFO.
 DR MEROPS; S01.022; -.
 DR MEROPS; S01.245; -.
 DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro; IPR000859; CUB domain.
 DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam; PF00431; CUB; 5.
 DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 3.
 DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR SMART; SM00042; CUB; 4.
 DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS01180; CUB; 5.
 DR PROSITE; PS02440; TRYPSIN_DOM; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 3.
 KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
 FT CHAIN 57 308 SERINE PROTEASE.
 FT CHAIN 584 817 SERINE PROTEASE.
 FT CHAIN 1295 1524 OVOCHYMASE.
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QY 1 DACGDSGGPFV 12
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Db 241 DAQCGDSGGPFV 252

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 Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.011;
 Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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 Db 359 DPCEGDSGGPFV 370
 Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:04
 Job time : 22.5161 secs

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 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Thrombin.
 OS Eptatretus stoutii (Pacific hagfish).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Hyperotreti; Myxiniiformes;
 OC Myxiniidae; Eptatretinae; Eptatretus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=7765;
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 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=94223694; PubMed=1557383;
 RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.;
 RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
 amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
 nine different species."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=94223694; PubMed=7513365;
 RA Banfield D.K., Irwin D.M., Walz D.A., MacGillivray R.T.;
 RT "Evolution of prothrombin: Isolation and characterization of the cDNAs
 encoding chicken and hagfish prothrombin."
 RL J. Mol. Evol. 38:177-187(1994).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RA Banfield D.K.;
 RL Submitted (DEC-1991) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 KRINGLE DOMAIN.
 DR EMBL; M81393; AAA21620.1; -.
 DR HSSP; P00734; 1UUVS.
 DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
 DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.
 DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
 DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam; PF00051; Kringle; 1.
 DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
 DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
 DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 1.
 DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 1.
 DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_SPC; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
 KW Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.

and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

GenCore version 5.1.6
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SUMMARIES

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 49.7097 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
Perfect score: 131
Sequence: 1 AGYKPEDEKRGKAGEGSGGFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	23	20	AAW83414
2	131	100.0	23	21	AA812893
3	131	100.0	23	22	AA870363
4	131	100.0	23	23	AA822363
5	131	100.0	23	23	AA820159
6	131	100.0	116	20	AAW50858
7	131	100.0	116	20	AAW99115
8	131	100.0	259	18	AAW11545
9	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60563
10	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60565
11	131	100.0	295	16	AA874775
12	131	100.0	295	16	AA874776
13	131	100.0	295	16	AA874777
14	131	100.0	295	16	AA874778
15	131	100.0	295	16	AA874779
16	131	100.0	295	16	AA874780
17	131	100.0	295	16	AA876033
18	131	100.0	295	16	AA876034
19	131	100.0	295	16	AA876035
20	131	100.0	295	16	AA876036
21	131	100.0	295	16	AA876037
22	131	100.0	295	16	AA876038
23	131	100.0	295	16	AA876039
24	131	100.0	295	16	AA876040
25	131	100.0	295	18	AAW22892
26	131	100.0	295	21	AA808633
27	131	100.0	295	24	ABP60362
28	131	100.0	308	20	ABP60364
29	131	100.0	308	20	AAW99109
30	131	100.0	376	14	AA841797
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33	131	100.0	579	14	AA835763
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35	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11544
36	131	100.0	579	20	AAW99108
37	131	100.0	615	14	AA838741
38	131	100.0	615	17	AA896216
39	131	100.0	615	17	AA890377
40	131	100.0	622	18	AAW11543
41	131	100.0	622	20	AAV49566
42	131	100.0	622	24	ABG74671
43	124	94.7	111	20	AAW99113
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ALIGNMENTS

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XX	AAW83414;	
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XX	26-FEB-1999 (first entry)	
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XX		
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XX		
DE	Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;	
XX	biotissue; bone reinforcement; nerve regeneration; RMP resin.	
KW		
XX		
XX	Synthetic.	
OS		
XX	JP10316581-A.	
XX		
PN		
XX	02-DEC-1998.	
PD		
XX	15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.	
XX		
PF		
XX	15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.	
XX		
PR		
XX		
XX	{KORS } KURARAY CO LTD.	
PA		
XX	WPI; 1999-076400/07.	
XX		
XX	Material for medical treatment comprises new peptide - used for	
PT	covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues, bone	
PT	reinforcing and nerve regeneration	
PT		
XX	Claim 1; Page 12; 14pp; Japanese.	
XX		
PS		

The present invention describes a material for medical treatment which comprises one or more peptides of the formula X(MAGG)MP(Gly) , or their salts, immobilised on a substrate where X = H, CH₃CO or CH₃COlys; A = Ser or Thr; B = Ile, Val or Leu; E = Lys or Arg; F = Ile, Val or Leu; J = Gly or Ala; L = Ile, Val or Leu; M = Gly or Ala; G = Gly, Val or Gly-Lys-Lys-Gly; Y = OH or NH₂. Also described is an agent for cell growth promotion and/or cell adhesion promotion containing the above peptide or its salt as the active component. The peptide and its salt can be used for covering injuries, promoting adhesion of biotissues, bone reinforcing and nerve regeneration. The present sequence represents a specifically claimed peptide of the present invention.

xx	Sequence	23 AA:	Query Match	100.0%	Score 131;	DS 20;	Length 23;
xx	Sequence	23 AA:	Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 3.4e-08;		
			Matches 23;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches	0;
						Indels	0;

Qy 1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||

Db 1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 2

RESULT 2

AAB12893

ID AAB12893 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

XX	
XX	AAB12893;
AC	
XX	
XX	02-NOV-2000 (first entry)
DT	
XX	
DE	Nerve tissue regenerative peptide SEQ ID #5.
XX	
DE	Nerve regeneration; nerve cell proliferation; axon extension; treatment;
KW	central nervous system disorder; peripheral nervous system disorder;
KW	spinal disorder; head injury; cerebrovascular disorder.
XX	
XX	Synthetic.
OS	

1

PN JP2000143531-A.

XX

PD 23-MAY-2000.

XXXX

PF 11-AUG-1999: 99JP-0227108.

[illegible]

PR 09-SEP-1998: 98JP-027049B.

[illegible]

PA (KIRS) KIRARAY CO LTD.

PA (NTSH/) NTSHMIRA Y.

2d (112115) (112115) Y

PA (TANT /) TANTHARA M.

XXXX
XXXX / XXXX /

WB: 2000-415772/36

XX
XX

Neur. nerv. regener. 10: 1-12 (1967)

21 new nerve regeneration in 100% of cases
xx

Claim 3: Page 5: 17nn: Japanese

This invention relates to a new nerve regenerative material which contains a peptide immobilised to a base which consists of a polysaccharide gel such as alginate acid. Sequences AAR12886-B12899 represent examples of the peptides used in the nerve regeneration material. The peptide containing material causes nerve cell proliferation and also causes axonal extension. The material can be used for the treatment of central or peripheral nervous system disorders, spinal disorders, head injury or cerebrovascular disorders.

Sequence	23 AA;
50	

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 131;	DE 21;	Length 23;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 3.4e-08;		
Matches 23;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

QV 1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 3

AAB70363

ID AAB70363 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

```

XX AAE22563;
AC
XX
XX 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
DE
XX
XX Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnerary;
KW
KW antiinflammatory.
KW
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX US6184342-B1.
PN
XX
XX 06-FEB-2001.
PD
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PF
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PR
XX
XX (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
PA
XX
XX Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2001-202003/20.
DR
XX
XX New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
PT
PT generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
PT
PT response and wound healing -
XX
XX Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
CC
CC neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnerary and
CC
CC antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
CC
CC chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
CC
CC which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
CC
CC for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
CC
CC healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
CC
CC fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
CC
CC binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
CC
CC domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 23 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 22; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
DB 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
RESULT 4
AAE22563
ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

```

```

XX AAE22563;
AC
XX
XX 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
DE
XX
XX Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
KW
KW chemotactic agent; PART; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
KW
KW immune response; vulnerary; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
KW
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX US2002032314-A1.
PN
XX
XX 14-MAR-2002.
PD
XX
XX 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
PF
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PR
XX
XX (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
PA
XX
XX Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2002-371207/40.
DR
XX
XX New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
PT
PT stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
PT
PT particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
PT
PT response or in wound healing -
XX
XX Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
CC
CC which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
CC
CC invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
CC
CC proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PART). They are useful
CC
CC for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
CC
CC for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
CC
CC are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
CC
CC enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
CC
CC They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
CC
CC response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
CC
CC domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
CC
CC of the invention.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 23 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
DB 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

```

RESULT 5	
AAE20159	
ID AAE20159 standard; peptide; 23 AA.	
XX AC AAE20159;	
XX DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)	
XX DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.	
XX XX Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;	
KW KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;	
KW KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.	
OS OS Homo sapiens.	
XX PN WO200207748-A2.	
XX PD 31-JAN-2002.	
XX PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22668.	
XX PP 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.	
PR PR (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.	
XX PA Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;	
XX PI WPI; 2002-268953/31.	
DR DR Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.	
PT PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically	
PPT PPT activated thrombin receptor -	
XX XX Claim 12; Page 25; 28pp; English.	
PS PS The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of	
CC CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist	
CC CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method	
CC CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic	
CC CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also	
CC CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide	
CC CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.	
CC CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves	
CC CC as a NPAR agonist.	
XX XX Sequence 23 AA;	
SQ SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;	
Query Match Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;	
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
QY QY 1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23	
Db Db	
1 AGYKPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23	

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same
 CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started
 CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A')
 CC having IC50 less than 1 mu M identified by this assay. (A') are
 CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of
 CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method
 CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for
 CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence
 CC represents human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.

XX SQ Sequence 116 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 20; Length 116;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 Db 45 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 67

RESULT 8

AAW11545
 ID AAW11545 standard; Protein; 259 AA.

XX AC AAW11545;

XX DT 01-OCT-1997 (first entry)

XX DE Human thrombin Asn99 mutant.

XX KW Prothrombin; mutant; mutein; platelet aggregation; blood clotting;
 KW coagulation; reduce; decrease; hirudin; heparin; anti-thrombin III;
 KW antagonist; D99N.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Protein 1..259

FT /label= thrombin_Asn99

FT Misc-difference 99

FT /note= "Wild-type Asp residue has been replaced by
 Asn"

XX PN WO9641868-A2.

XX PD 27-DEC-1996.

XX PF 12-JUN-1996; 96WO-AT00105.

XX PR 13-JUN-1995; 95AT-0001006.

XX PA (IMMO) IMMUNO AG.

XX PI Eibl J, Falkner F, Fischer B, Mitterer A, Schlokot U;

XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 Db 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 7

AAW99115
 ID AAW99115 standard; protein; 116 AA.

XX AC AAW99115;

XX DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)

XX DE Human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.

XX KW Prothrombin; exosite assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;
 KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX PN WO9855130-A1.

XX PD 10-DEC-1998.

XX PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.

XX PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.

XX PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.

XX PA (UDEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX PI Krishnaswamy S;

XX WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX FT Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of
 FT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,
 FT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX PS Disclosure; Page 44-45; 61pp; English.

XX CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic
 CC cleavage of prothrombin (Pth) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at
 CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a
 CC solution containing 0.03-20 mu M substrate (S), that includes a protease
 CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;
 CC 30-500 micro M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH
 CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;
 CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor
 CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va
 CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the
 CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

DR WPI; 1997-065455/06.

XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as

PT antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy

XX

XX Example 3; Page -; 73pp; German.

XX

XX Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence

CC compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)

CC of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the

CC changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the

CC mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have

CC greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of

CC thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.

CC The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life

CC of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes

CC or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than

CC 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-

CC effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive

CC thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for

CC binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin

CC mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically

CC claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is

CC changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only

CC 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic

CC substrate.

CC (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human

CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).

XX

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 18; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

DB 188 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 9

ID ABP60563

XX ABP60563 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX AC ABP60563;

XX DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX DE Human thrombin variant W215A B-chain.

XX KW Human; thrombin; W215A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

XX KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"

FT WO2002100337-A2.

XX

XX 19-DEC-2002.

XX

XX 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.

XX

XX 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.

XX

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX

XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;

XX WPI; 2003-156907/15.

XX

XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting

PT the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C

PT activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic

PT potential of a patient -

XX

XX Claim 15; Fig 2; 95pp; English.

XX

XX The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin

CC variant of the invention has anticoagulant activity. The variant thrombin

CC or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the

CC formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for

CC determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the

CC thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the

CC B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A.

XX

SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

DB 188 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 10

ID ABP60565

XX ABP60565 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX AC ABP60565;

XX DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX DE Human thrombin variant W215A/E217A B-chain.

XX KW Human; thrombin; W215A/E217A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

XX KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

AAR74776
 ID AAR74776 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR74776;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin K52A, R233A.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 88 /note= "Lys in wild-type"
 FT Misc-difference 269 /note= "Arg in wild-type"
 FT Protein 37..295 /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN WO9513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 PT Thrombin derives with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumors, etc.
 XX
 PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 23-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYFDEGRGDACGDSGGPFV 23
 |
 Db 224 AGYFDEGRGDACGDSGGPFV 246
 |
 RESULT 13
 AAR74777
 ID AAR74777 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR74777;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229D.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265 /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT Protein 37..295 /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN WO9513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 PT Thrombin derives with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumors, etc.
 XX
 PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 23-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;

CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 14
 AAR74778
 ID AAR74778 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74778;
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX Mutant thrombin E229F.
 DE Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 KW Homo sapiens.
 OS
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 XX Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.

XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 PS
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 15
 AAR74779
 ID AAR74779 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74779;
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX Mutant thrombin E229S.
 DE Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 KW Homo sapiens.
 OS
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.

XX

PI Gibbs CS, Leung LK, Tsiang M;

XX

DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.

XX

XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
PT treatment of tumours, etc.

XX

PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.

XX

CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)

XX

SQ Sequence 295 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 3.3e-07;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEDEKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

|||||

224 AGYKPEDEKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

Db

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:25
Job time : 50.7097 secs

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 15.5806 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
Perfect score: 131
Sequence: 1 AGYKPEDEKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76:*

1: pir1:*

2: pir2:*

3: pir3:*

4: pir4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1 TBHU	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	127	96.9	236	2 C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	124	94.7	625	1 TBBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	118	90.1	234	2 F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	113	86.3	235	2 D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	113	86.3	235	2 E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	110	84.0	236	2 I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	109	83.2	239	2 G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	102	77.9	617	2 S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	102	77.9	618	2 A35827	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	89	67.9	235	2 H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
12	71.5	54.6	417	1 S00845	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
13	71	54.2	461	1 KXHU	protein C (activat

14 70.5 53.8 482 1 EXRT coagulation factor
15 70.5 53.8 638 1 KQHP plasma kallikrein
16 69.5 53.1 275 2 S40007 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
17 69.5 53.1 1524 2 T30337 polyprotein - Afri
18 68.5 52.3 161 2 T30337 coagulation factor
19 68.5 52.3 488 1 EXHU coagulation factor
20 68.5 52.3 1019 2 A38738 coagulation factor
21 67.5 51.5 161 2 I48158 coagulation factor
22 67.5 51.5 282 2 I84621 coagulation factor
23 67.5 51.5 459 2 JQ0419 coagulation factor
24 67.5 51.5 475 1 EXCH plasma kallikrein
25 67.5 51.5 638 1 KQMSPL probable serine pr
26 67 51.1 225 2 S45356 trypsin-like prote
27 67 51.1 264 2 S32794 coagulation factor
28 66.5 50.8 309 2 B49878 oviductin (EC 3.4.
29 66.5 50.8 1004 2 T30338 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
30 65.5 50.0 267 2 S40006 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
31 65.5 50.0 274 2 S35339 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
32 65.5 50.0 275 2 S40005 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
33 65.5 50.0 277 2 S35340 plasma kallikrein
34 65.5 50.0 638 1 KQRTPL serine proteinase
35 64.5 49.2 237 2 S55378 trypsin-like prote
36 64.5 49.2 238 1 TRWVSY complement factor
37 64 48.9 191 2 S54115 protein C (activat
38 64 48.9 246 1 DEHU nuclel protein prec
39 64 48.9 456 1 KXBO coagulation factor
40 64 48.9 2616 2 A57096 protein C (activat
41 63.5 48.5 625 1 KFHU1 coagulation factor
42 63 48.1 461 1 JX0210 protein C (activat
43 62.5 47.7 375 1 A23689 limulus clotting e
44 62.5 47.7 416 1 S33777 hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
45 62.5 47.7 492 1 EXBO coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II
N/Contains: prothrombin
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000
C/Accession: A29351; A00914; E00914; A37549; A37550; I51952
R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 26, 6163-6177, 1987
A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:88077877; PMID:2825773
A/Accession: A29351
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M17262; GB:M33691; NID:g556069; PIDN:AAC63054.1;
PID:g339641
R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983

A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407
A/Accession: A00914
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 165-622 <DE2>
A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g37126; PIDN:CAA23842.1;
PID:g1335344
A/Accession: B00914
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 188-311 <DE3>
R/Walz, D.A.; Hewett-Evans, D.; Seegers, W.H.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1989-1972, 1977
A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:77193964; PMID:266717
A/Accession: A37549
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', 120, 'S', 122-163, 'I', 165-175, 'A', 177-182, 'T', 184-193, 'WV', 196-308, 'EE', 309-314 <WAL>
R/Butkowski, R.J.; Ellison, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.
J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977
A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.
A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923
A/Accession: A37550
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', 336-348, 'N', 350-368, 'N', 370-397, 'N', 399-413, 'N', 415-484, 'N', 486-493, 'G', 495-503, 'V', 505-508, 'S', 510, 'V', 512-513, 'D', 515-528, 'AL', 531, 'Q', 533-622 <BUT>
R/Rabiet, M.J.; Blashill, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.
J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986
A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958
A/Contents: annotation; activation cleavages
R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.
Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986
A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.
A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87182874; PMID:3471151
A/Accession: I51952
A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', 5-100 <RES>
A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724
C/Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.
C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.
C/Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.
C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.
C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.
C/Genetics:

A:Gene: GDB:F2
 A:Cross-references: GDB:119894; OMIM:176930
 A:Map position: 11p11-11q12
 A:Introns: 27/1; 60/3; 89/1; 106/1; 141/2; 187/1; 292/1; 335/1; 377/2; 433/2; 491/2; 532/1; 575/3
 C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
 C:Keywords: acute phase; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase
 F:1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
 F:28-87/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
 F:44-622/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <VAR>
 F:108-186/Domain: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>
 F:213-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
 F:328-363/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>
 F:364-622/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
 F:364-613/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
 F:49,50,57,59,62,63,68,69,72,75/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental
 F:60-65,90-103,108-186,129-169,157-181,213-291,234-274,262-286/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
 F:121,143/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted
 F:336-482,536-550,564-594/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
 F:391-407/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental
 F:406,482/Active site: His, Asp #status predicted
 F:416/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
 F:568/Active site: Ser #status experimental
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e-10;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 Db 551 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 573
 RESULT 2
 C42696
 Thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rabbit (fragment)
 C:Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)
 C:Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
 C:Accession: C42696
 R:Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
 A:Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
 A:Reference number: A42696; PMID:92212913; PMID:1557383
 A:Accession: C42696
 A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-236 <BAU>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M81396
 C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C:Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
 F:1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>
 Query Match 96.9%; Score 127; DB 2; Length 236;
 Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 2.6e-10;
 Matches 22; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 Db 165 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 187
 Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:57
 Job time : 16.5806 secs

GenCore version 5.1.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 9.64516 Seconds
 (without alignments)
 112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
 Perfect score: 131
 Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
 Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues 127863

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:

Minimum DB seq length: 0
 Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
 Maximum Match 100%
 Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES				
Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1 THR_HUMAN P00734 homo sapien
2	124	94.7	623	1 THR_BOVIN P00735 bos taurus
3	102	77.9	617	1 THR_RAT P18292 rattus norv
4	102	77.9	618	1 THR_MOUSE P19221 mus musculu
5	73.5	56.1	290	1 MEN_HUMAN Q9bqr3 homo sapien
6	71.5	54.6	417	1 HEP5_HUMAN P05981 homo sapien
7	71.3	54.6	436	1 HEP5_MOUSE Q35453 mus musculu
8	71	54.2	161	1 PRTC_MACRUS Q28506 macaca mula
9	71	54.2	461	1 PRTC_HUMAN P04070 homo sapien
10	70.5	53.8	638	1 KAL_HUMAN P03952 homo sapien
11	70	53.4	281	1 TRY2_DROER P54630 drosophila
12	69.5	53.1	275	1 TRY3_ANOGA P35037 anopheles g
13	68.5	52.3	488	1 FA10_HUMAN P00742 homo sapien
14	68.5	52.3	1019	1 LFC_CARBO Q26422 carnoscor
15	68.5	52.3	1019	1 LFC_TACTR Q28175 tachyleus
16	68	51.9	458	1 PRTC_RABIT Q28661 cryctolagus
17	67.5	51.5	282	1 FA9_RAT P16296 rattus norv

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1				
ID	THR_HUMAN	STANDARD;	PRT;	622 AA.
AC	P00734;			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).			
GN	F2.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=88077877; PubMed=2825773;			
RA	Degen S.J.F., Davie E.W.;			
RT	"Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.";			
RL	Biochemistry 26:6169-6177(1987).			
RN	[2]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND VARIANT MET-165.			
RA	Rieder M.J., Armel T.Z., Carrington D.P., Chung M.-W., Lee K.L.,			
RA	Oruna M., Peel C.L., Roth E.J., Yi Q., Nickerson D.A.;			
RL	Submitted (JAN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBSJ databases.			

18	67.5	51.5	459	1	FA9_MOUSE	P16294 mus musculu
19	67.5	51.5	475	1	FA10_CHICK	P25155 gallus gall
20	67.5	51.5	638	1	KAL_MOUSE	P26262 mus musculu
21	67	51.1	256	1	KLKF_HUMAN	Q9h2r5 homo sapien
22	67	51.1	264	1	VDP_BOMMO	Q07943 bombyx mori
23	66.5	50.8	455	1	TMS5_MOUSE	Q9et04 mus musculu
24	66.5	50.8	457	1	TMS5_HUMAN	Q9h363 homo sapien
25	65.5	50.0	287	1	TRY7_ANOGA	P35041 anopheles g
26	65.5	50.0	274	1	TRY1_ANOGA	P35038 anopheles g
27	65.5	50.0	275	1	TRY4_ANOGA	P35036 anopheles g
28	65.5	50.0	277	1	TRY2_ANOGA	P35036 anopheles g
29	65.5	50.0	638	1	KAL_RAT	P14272 rattus norv
30	65	49.6	157	1	PRTC_CANFA	Q28278 canis famal
31	65	49.6	157	1	PRTC_CAPHI	Q28315 capra hircu
32	65	49.6	157	1	PRTC_FELCA	Q28412 felis silve
33	65	49.6	157	1	PRTC_HORSE	Q28380 equus cabal
34	65	49.6	459	1	PRTC_PIG	Q9glp2 sus scrofa
35	64.5	49.2	238	1	TRY5_AEDAE	P29787 aedes aegy
36	64.5	49.2	422	1	DES1_HUMAN	Q9ul52 homo sapien
37	64.5	49.2	430	1	FA10_RABIT	Q19045 cryctolagus
38	64	48.9	233	1	CFAD_HUMAN	P00746 homo sapien
39	64	48.9	239	1	CFAD_PIG	P51779 sus scrofa
40	64	48.9	456	1	PRTC_BOVIN	P00745 bos taurus
41	64	48.9	875	1	NETR_HUMAN	P56730 homo sapien
42	64	48.9	2616	1	NDL_DROME	P98159 drosophila
43	63.5	48.5	625	1	FA11_HUMAN	P03851 homo sapien
44	63	48.1	256	1	TRYE_DROER	P54627 drosophila
45	63	48.1	461	1	PRTC_MOUSE	P33587 mus musculu

RN SEQUENCE OF 8-622 FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=83231469; PubMed=6305407;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McGillivray R.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene
 coding for human prothrombin.";
 RL Biochemistry 22:2087-2097(1983).
 RN [4]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 44-314.
 RX MEDLINE=77193964; PubMed=266717;
 RA Walz D.A., Hewett-Emslett D., Seegers W.H.;
 RT "Amino acid sequence of human prothrombin fragments 1 and 2.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74:1969-1972(1977).
 RN [5]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 315-622.
 RX MEDLINE=77207112; PubMed=873923;
 RA Burkowski R.J., Ellison J., Downing M.R., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 252:4942-4957(1977).
 RN [6]
 RP PROCESSING.
 RX MEDLINE=87008532; PubMed=3759958;
 RA Rabiet M.J., Blashill A., Furlie B., Furlie B.C.;
 RT "Prothrombin fragment 1 X 2 X 3, a major product of prothrombin
 activation in human plasma.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:13210-13215(1986).
 RN [7]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90059942; PubMed=2583108;
 RA Bode W., Mayr I., Baumann U., Huber R., Stone S.R., Hofsteenge J.;
 RT "The refined 1.9 A crystal structure of human alpha-thrombin:
 interaction with D-Phe-Pro-Arg chloromethylketone and significance of
 the Tyr-Pro-Tyr insertion segment.";
 RL EMBO J. 8:3467-3475(1989).
 RN [8]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90327074; PubMed=2374926;
 RA Rydel T.J., Ravichandran K.G., Tulinsky A., Bode W., Huber R.,
 RA Roitsch C., Fenton J.W. II;
 RT "The structure of a complex of recombinant hirudin and human alpha-
 thrombin.";
 RL Science 249:277-280(1990).
 RN [9]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.5 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=94350942; PubMed=8071320;
 RA Rydel T.J., Yin M., Padmanabhan K.P., Blankenship D.T., Cardin A.D.,
 RA Correa P.E., Fenton J.W. II, Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Crystallographic structure of human gamma-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 269:22000-22006(1994).
 RN [10]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Lecht A., Bode W., Huber R., le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 RA Esmen C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPTI complex reveals gross structural
 rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 and thrombomodulin.";
 RN [11]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 RX MEDLINE=95162521; PubMed=10051598;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fueterer K., Waksman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 223 in serine proteases.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [12]
 RP VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RX MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furlie B.C., Furlie B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 for arginine at residue 273.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RP VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RX MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 substitution of Glu-466 by Ala.";
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RP VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RX MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 RA Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His).";
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RP VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RX MEDLINE=95169898; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RT "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site.";
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RX MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysthrombin
 thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382.";
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9163(1988).
 RN [17]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RX MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysthrombin
 thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity.";
 RL Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RN [18]
 RP VARIANT SALARTA.
 RX MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Gullin M.-C.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity.";
 RN [19]

RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462 (1992).

RN [19]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=87183407; PubMed=3567189;

RA Miyata T., Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,

RA Iwanaga S.;

RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan

RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin

RT Tokushima.";

RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122 (1987).

RN [20]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=87101511; PubMed=3801671;

RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigekiyo T., Saito S.,

RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;

RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin

RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin.";

RL Blood 69:565-569 (1987).

RN [21]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=92256895; PubMed=1349838;

RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigekiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,

RA Itakura M.;

RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin

RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular

RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia.";

RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100 (1992).

RN [22]

RP VARIANT TYPE-3.

RX MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;

RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;

RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin

RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third

RT thrombin cleavage site.";

RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254 (1983).

RN [23]

RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.

RX MEDLINE=99318093; PubMed=10391209;

RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,

RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nimesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,

RA Lander E.S.;

RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions

RT of human genes.";

RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238 (1999).

RN [24]

RP ERRATUM.

RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,

RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nimesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,

RA Lander E.S.;

RL Nat. Genet. 23:373-373 (1999).

CC -!- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS

CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,

CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.

CC -!- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates

CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.

CC

-!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.

-!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.

-!- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,

CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSMAL

CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES

CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY

CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e-10;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKDEKGRGDCGDSGGPFV 23

Db 551 AGYKDEKGRGDCGDSGGPFV 573

RESULT 2

THRB_BOVIN

ID THRB_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 625 AA.

AC P00735;

DT 21-JUL-1996 (Rel. 01, Created)

DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14, Last sequence update)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)

DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).

GN F2.

OS Bos taurus (Bovine).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;

OC Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.

OX NCBI_TaxID=9913;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=88245190; PubMed=3379642;

RA Irwin D.M., Robertson K.A., Macgillivray R.T.A.;

RT "Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene.";

RL J. Mol. Biol. 200:31-45 (1988).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=84203525; PubMed=6326805;

RA McGillivray R.T.A., Davie E.W.;

RT "Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation

RT product.";

RL Biochemistry 23:1626-1634 (1984).

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE OF 44-625, DISULFIDE BONDS, AND CARBOHYDRATE-LINKAGE SITES.

RA Magnusson S., Sottrup-Jensen L., Petersen T.E., Claeys H.;

RL (In) Hemker H.C., Velkamp J.J. (eds.).

RL Biochemie symposium on prothrombin and related coagulation factors,

RL pp.25-46, Leiden University Press, Leiden (1975).

RN [4]

RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.8 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.

RX MEDLINE=86296631; PubMed=3741841;

RA Park C.H., Tullinsky A.;

RT "Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of

RT prothrombin fragment 1.";

RL Biochemistry 25:3977-3982 (1986).

RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.25 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RP MEDLINE=91311686; PubMed=1856869;
 RX Seshadri T.-P., Tulinsky A., Skrzypczak-Jankun E., Park C.H.;
 RA "Structure of bovine prothrombin fragment 1 refined at 2.25-A
 RT resolution.";
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 220:481-494(1991).
 RN [6]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=92190185; PubMed=1547238;
 RA Soriano-Garcia M., Padmanabhan K., de Vos A.M., Tulinsky A.;
 RT "The Ca²⁺ ion and membrane binding structure of the Gla domain of Ca-
 RL prothrombin fragment 1.";
 RL Biochemistry 31:2554-2566(1992).
 RN [7]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92218459; PubMed=1560020;
 RA Martin P.D., Robertson W., Turk D., Huber R., Bode W., Edwards B.F.P.;
 RT "The structure of residues 7-16 of the A alpha-chain of human
 RL fibrinogen bound to bovine thrombin at 2.3-A resolution.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 267:7911-7920(1992).
 RN [8]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92389319; PubMed=1518046;
 RA Brandstatter H., Turk D., Hoeffken H.W., Grosse D., Stuerzebecher J.,
 RA Martin P.D., Edwards B.F.P., Bode W.;
 RT "Refined 2.3 A X-ray crystal structure of bovine thrombin complexes
 RL formed with the benzamidine and arginine-based thrombin inhibitors
 RT NAPAP, 4-TAPAP and MOPA. A starting point for improving
 RL antithrombotics.";
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 226:1085-1089(1992).
 RN [9]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (3.1 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH ORNITHODORIN.
 RX MEDLINE=97102783; PubMed=8947023;
 RA van de Locht A., Stubbs M.T., Bode W., Friedrich T., Bollschweiler C.,
 RA Hoeffken W., Huber R.;
 RT "The ornithodorin-thrombin crystal structure, a key to the TAP
 RL enigma?";
 RL EMBO J. 15:6011-6017(1996).
 RN [10]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.6 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH TRIABIN.
 RX MEDLINE=98004486; PubMed=9342325;
 RA Fuentes-Prior P., Noeske-Jungblut C., Donner P., Schleuning W.D.,
 RA Huber R., Bode W.;
 RT "Structure of the thrombin complex with triabin, a lipocalin-like
 RL exosite-binding inhibitor derived from a triatomine bug.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:11845-11850(1997).
 RN [11]
 RP GENE STRUCTURE.
 RX MEDLINE=96077733; PubMed=3000440;
 RA Irwin D.M., Ahern K.G., Pearson G.D., McGillivray R.T.A.;
 RT "Characterization of the bovine prothrombin gene.";
 RL Biochemistry 24:6854-6861(1985).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -|- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-|-Gly; activates
 CC

fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
 -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 -|- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOomal
 ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
 OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
 -|- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
 PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
 FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
 THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
 HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
 V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
 THROMBIN.
 -|- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL
 FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
 BY FACTOR XA.
 -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
 -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.
 -|- DATABASE: NAME=Prozyme technical fact sheet;
 WWW="http://www.prozyme.com/technical/thrombindata.html".

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 CC EMBL: V00135; CAA23451.1; -.
 CC EMBL: J00041; AAA30781.1; -.
 DR PIR: S02837; IREBO.
 DR PDB: 1BBY; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 1ETR; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 1ETS; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 1ETT; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 1HRT; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 2PE1; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 2PF2; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 2SPT; 31-MAY-94.
 DR PDB: 1MKW; 07-JUL-97.
 DR PDB: 1BQX; 07-JUL-97.
 DR PDB: 1TBR; 14-OCT-96.
 DR PDB: 1TBR; 14-OCT-96.
 DR PDB: 1TOC; 23-JUL-97.
 DR PDB: 1VIT; 21-APR-97.
 DR PDB: 1YCP; 06-MAY-96.
 DR PDB: 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
 DR PDB: 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
 DR PDB: 1BTH; 24-DEC-97.
 DR PDB: 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
 DR PDB: 1UVT; 19-NOV-97.
 DR PDB: 2HPP; 31-JAN-94.
 DR MEROPS: S01.217; -.

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 39.3226 Seconds
 (without alignments)
 150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
 Perfect score: 131
 Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
 Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues 830525

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0
 Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
 Maximum Match 100%
 Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1:	sp_arches:*	235	6	Q28731	oryctolagus
2:	sp_bacteria:*	118	13	Q90387	Q90387 cynops pyrr
3:	sp_fungi:*	113	235	Q91004	Q91004 gekko gekko
4:	sp_human:*	113	235	Q91001	Q91001 gallus gall
5:	sp_invertebrate:*	113	607	Q9PTW7	Q9PTW7 struthio ca
6:	sp_mammal:*	109	239	Q91218	Q91218 oncorhynch
7:	sp_mhc:*	105	420	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
8:	sp_organelle:*	98	172	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
9:	sp_phage:*	92	172	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
10:	sp_plant:*	72.5	339	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
11:	sp_rodent:*	72.5	339	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
12:	sp_virus:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
13:	sp_vertebrate:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
14:	sp_unclassified:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
15:	sp_rvirus:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
16:	sp_bacteriap:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu
17:	sp_archaeap:*	71.5	374	Q90504	Q90504 eptretetu

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:05
 Job time : 40.3226 secs

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
 score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
 and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match Length	ID	Description

and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 49.7097 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4

Perfect score: 131

Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGSGGPFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A.Geneseq.19Jun03.*

- 1: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT.*
- 2: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT.*
- 3: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT.*
- 4: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT.*
- 5: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT.*
- 6: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT.*
- 7: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT.*
- 8: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT.*
- 9: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT.*
- 10: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT.*
- 11: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT.*
- 12: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1991.DAT.*
- 13: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT.*
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- 15: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1994.DAT.*
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- 22: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.*
- 23: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2002.DAT.*
- 24: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2003.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Query			DB ID	Description
		Match	Length			
1	131	100.0	23	20	AAW83414	Cell growth/adhesi
2	131	100.0	23	21	AAB12893	Nerve tissue regen
3	131	100.0	23	22	AAB70363	Human thrombin rec
4	131	100.0	23	23	AA322563	Human thrombin big
5	131	100.0	23	23	AA320159	Human thrombin pep
6	131	100.0	23	23	AAW50858	Thrombin-derived p
7	131	100.0	116	20	AAW99115	Human zeta 2 preth
8	131	100.0	259	18	AAW11545	Human thrombin var
9	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60563	Human thrombin var
10	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60565	Human thrombin var
11	131	100.0	295	16	AA74775	Wild-type thrombin
12	131	100.0	295	16	AA74776	Mutant thrombin K5
13	131	100.0	295	16	AA74777	Mutant thrombin E2
14	131	100.0	295	16	AA74778	Mutant thrombin E2
15	131	100.0	295	16	AA74779	Mutant thrombin E2
16	131	100.0	295	16	AA74780	Mutant thrombin E2
17	131	100.0	295	16	AA76033	Mutant thrombin R2
18	131	100.0	295	16	AA76034	Mutant thrombin R2
19	131	100.0	295	16	AA76035	Mutant thrombin R2
20	131	100.0	295	16	AA76036	Mutant thrombin R2
21	131	100.0	295	16	AA76037	Mutant thrombin W5
22	131	100.0	295	16	AA76038	Mutant thrombin K5
23	131	100.0	295	16	AA76039	Mutant thrombin W5
24	131	100.0	295	16	AA76040	Mutant thrombin W5
25	131	100.0	295	18	AAW22892	Human mature throm
26	131	100.0	295	21	AA808633	Amino acid sequenc
27	131	100.0	295	24	ABP60562	Human thrombin var
28	131	100.0	295	24	ABP60564	Human thrombin var
29	131	100.0	308	20	AAW99109	Human prethrombin
30	131	100.0	376	14	AA41797	CD4/Thrombin fusio
31	131	100.0	376	20	AA42789	Human CD4-thrombin
32	131	100.0	376	23	AAU10703	Human CD4-thrombin
33	131	100.0	579	14	AA835763	Prothrombin (PT).
34	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11546	Human prothrombin
35	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11544	Human prothrombin
36	131	100.0	579	20	AAW99108	Human prothrombin.
37	131	100.0	615	14	AA38741	Human prothrombin.
38	131	100.0	615	17	AA96216	Human prothrombin.
39	131	100.0	615	17	AA90377	Human prothrombin.
40	131	100.0	622	18	AAW11543	Human preprothromb
41	131	100.0	622	20	AA49566	Platelet membrane
42	131	100.0	622	24	ABG74671	Human F2 protein.
43	124	94.7	111	20	AAW99113	Bovine zeta 2 preth
44	124	94.7	308	20	AAW99107	Bovine prethrombin
45	124	94.7	582	20	AAW99106	Bovine prothrombin

ALIGNMENTS

AAW83414
ID AAW83414 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

XX
AC AAW83414:

XX
DT 26-FEB-1999 (first entry)

XX	Cell growth/adhesion promoting peptide #1.
DE	
XX	Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
KW	biotissue; bone reinforcement; nerve regeneration; HMP resin.
XX	
OS	Synthetic.
OS	

XX
PN JP10316581

03-DEC-1998
XX
0F10310901-A.

FD
XX
DE

PF 15-MAY-1997; 97JF-0140885.
XX

PR 15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.
XX

PA (KURS) KURARAY CO LTD.
XX

DR WPI; 1999-076400/07.
XX

PT Material for medical treatment comprises new peptide - used for
PT covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues, bone
PT reinforcing and nerve regeneration
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 12: 14pp: Japanese.

XX The present invention describes a

comprises one or more peptides of the formula XADGSLMPHQY, or their salts, immobilised on a substrate: where X = H, CH₃CO or CH₃CO₂lys; A = Ser or Thr; D = Ile, Val or Leu; E = Lys or Arg; G = Ile, Val or Leu; J = Gly or Ala; L = Ile, Val or Leu; M = Gly or Ala; Q = Gly, Ala or Gly-Lys-Lys-Gly; Y = OH or NH₂. Also described is an agent for cell growth promotion and/or cell adhesion promotion containing the above peptide or its salt as the active component. The peptide and its salt can be used for covering injuries, promoting adhesion of biotissues, bone reinforcing and nerve regeneration. The present sequence represents a specifically claimed peptide of the present invention.

Sequence 23 AA:

Query Match	100.0%	Score 131;	DB 20;	Length 23;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 3.4e-08;		
Matches 23; Conservative	0;	Mismatches	0;	Indels

1 NOV 20 09 06:00:00 23

I AGINPDEGRKDACEDSGGFFV ZS

|||||

ZQUHPPBQIMGGDZCEGDTCTDY ZC

Db I AGYRPDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULTS

AAB12893

IID AAB12893 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
 XX

AC AAB12893;
XX

DT 02-NOV-2000 (first entry)
XX

DE Nerve tissue regenerative peptide SEQ ID #8.
XX

KW Nerve regeneration; nerve cell proliferation; axon extension; treatment;
 KW central nervous system disorder; peripheral nervous system disorder;
 KW spinal disorder; head injury; cerebrovascular disorder.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.

XX
PN JP20001435

XX
PD 23-MAY-2000.

11-AUG-1999:

11 AUG 1999 00Z 0220100
XX
08-SEP-1998 08JP-0270498

09-SEP-1990, 0001-02,0450,
XX
XX

PA (RURS) KURARAY CO. LTD.
PA (NISH/) NISHIMURA Y.

PA (SUZU/) SUZUKI Y.
PA (TANI/) TANIHARA M.

XX
DR WPI; 2000-415772/36

XX New nerve regenerati

XX
Claim 2; Page 5; 17pp; Japanese.

XX
CC This invention relates to a new

CC contains a peptide immobilised to a base which consists of a
CC polysaccharide gel such as alginate acid. Sequences ABL12866-BL2899
CC represent examples of the peptides used in the nerve regeneration
CC material. The peptide containing material causes nerve cell
CC proliferation and also causes axonal extension. The material can be used
CC for the treatment of central or peripheral nervous system disorders,
CC spinal disorders, head injury or cerebrovascular disorders.

XX
XX
XX
SO

Sequence 23 AA:

Sequence

Query Match	Score	Pos	Length
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 3,4e-08	
Matches	23	Conservative	0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QV	1	AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDGGPFV	23

1 AGYKPEDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

AAB 70363
ID AAB

```

XX AC AAE22563;
XX DT 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
XX KW Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnery;
XX KW antiinflammatory.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN US6184342-B1.
XX PD 06-FEB-2001.
XX PF 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PA (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX PI WPI; 2001-202003/20.
XX DR
XX PT New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
XX PT generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
XX PT response and wound healing -
XX PS Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
XX CC The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
XX CC neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnerary and
XX CC antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
XX CC chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
XX CC which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
XX CC for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
XX CC healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
XX CC fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
XX CC binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
XX CC domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 22; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
XX Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
   |||||
Db 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 4
AAE22563
ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

```

```

XX AAE22563;
XX DT 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
XX KW Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
XX KW chemotactic agent; PART; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
XX KW immune response; vulnerary; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN US2002032314-A1.
XX PD 14-MAR-2002.
XX PF 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
XX PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PA (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX PI WPI; 2002-371207/40.
XX DR
XX PT New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
XX PT stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
XX PT particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
XX PT response or in wound healing -
XX PS Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
XX CC The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
XX CC which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
XX CC invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
XX CC proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PART). They are useful
XX CC for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
XX CC for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
XX CC are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
XX CC enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
XX CC They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
XX CC response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
XX CC domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
XX CC of the invention.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
XX Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
   |||||
Db 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

```

RESULT 5

AAE20159 ID AAE20159 standard; peptide: 23 AA.

XX AC AAE20159;

XX DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)

XX DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.

XX KW Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;

XX KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;

XX KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX PN WO200207748-A2.

XX PD 31-JAN-2002.

XX PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22668.

XX PR 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.

XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.

XX PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;

XX DR WPI; 2002-268953/31.

XX PS Claim 12; Page 23; 28pp; English.

XX CC The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage. The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves as a NPAR agonist.

XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGRGDACGDSGGPFV 23

Db 1 AGYKPEGRGDACGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 6

AAM50858 ID AAM50858 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.

XX AC AAM50858;

XX DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)

XX DE Thrombin-derived peptide used to promote cardiac tissue repair.

XX KW Thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion; tissue repair;

XX KW vulnery; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis; restenosis;

XX KW therapy; human.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Peptide 10..13

XX FT Peptide /note= "thrombin receptor binding domain"

XX FT Peptide 12..23

XX FT /note= "serine esterase conserved sequence"

XX PN WO200204008-A2.

XX PD 17-JAN-2002.

XX PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.

XX PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.

XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.

XX PI Carney DH;

XX DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.

XX PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,

XX PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting

XX PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -

XX PS Claim 4; Page 19; 24pp; English.

XX CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived peptide, TP508,

XX CC that includes a thrombin receptor binding domain sequence (see also

XX CC AAM50856) and a serine esterase conserved sequence (see also

XX CC AAM50857). The peptide is used in a claimed method for promoting

XX CC cardiac tissue repair. It is administered during or following

XX CC cardiac surgery by injection into cardiac tissue, and may be

XX CC formulated as a sustained release formulation. The thrombin

XX CC derivative peptide is also used in claimed methods of stimulating

XX CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell

XX CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting

XX CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case it may be

XX CC coated onto the catheter.

XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same
 CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started
 CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A')
 CC having IC50 less than 1 mu M identified by this assay. (A') are
 CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of
 CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method
 CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for
 CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence
 CC represents human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.
 XX

SQ Sequence 116 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 20; Length 116;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 45 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 67

RESULT 8

AAW11545

ID AAW11545 standard; Protein; 259 AA.

XX AC AAW11545;

XX DT 01-OCT-1997 (first entry)

XX DE Human thrombin Asn99 mutant.

XX KW Prothrombin; mutant; mutein; platelet aggregation; blood clotting;

XX KW coagulation; reduce; decrease; hirudin; heparin; anti-thrombin III;

XX KW antagonist; D99N.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX PH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Protein 1..239

FT Misc-difference 99 /label= thrombin_Asn99

FT /note= "Wild-type Asp residue has been replaced by

FT Asn"

XX PN WO9641868-A2.

XX XX 27-DEC-1996.

XX PF 12-JUN-1996; 96WO-AT00105.

XX PR 13-JUN-1995; 95AT-0001006.

XX PA (IMMO) IMMUNO AG.

XX PI Eibl J, Falkner F, Fischer B, Mitterer A, Schlokat U;

XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

DB 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 7

AAW99115

ID AAW99115 standard; protein; 116 AA.

XX AC AAW99115;

XX DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)

XX DE Human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.

XX KW Prothrombin; exosite assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;

XX KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX PN WO955130-A1.

XX PD 10-DEC-1998.

XX PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.

XX PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.

XX PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.

XX PA (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX PI Krishnaswamy S;

XX WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX PT Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX PS Disclosure; Page 44-45; 61pp; English.

XX CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (Pth) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 mu M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 micro M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

DR WP1; 1997-069455/06.

XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as

PT antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy

XX

XX Example 3; Page -: 73pp; German.

XX

CC Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence

CC compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)

CC of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the

CC changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the

CC mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have

CC greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of

CC thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.

CC The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life

CC of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes

CC or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than

CC 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-

CC effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive

CC thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for

CC binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin

CC mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically

CC claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is

CC changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only

CC 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic

CC substrate.

CC (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human

CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).

XX

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 18; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

|||||

Db 188 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 9

ID ABP60563

XX ABP60563 standard; protein; 259 AA.

AC ABP60563;

XX

DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombin variant W215A B-chain.

XX

XX Human; thrombin; W215A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"

FT

XX WO2002100337-A2.

PN

XX 19-DEC-2002.

PD

XX

XX 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.

PF

XX 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.

PR

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

PA

XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;

PI

XX WP1; 2003-156907/15.

DR

XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting

XX the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C

PT activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic

PT potential of a patient -

XX

XX Claim 15; Fig 2; 95pp; English.

PS

XX The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin

CC variant of the invention has anticoagulant activity. The variant thrombin

CC or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the

CC formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for

CC determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the

CC thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the

CC B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A.

XX

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

|||||

Db 188 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 10

ID ABP60565

XX ABP60565 standard; protein; 259 AA.

AC ABP60565;

XX

DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombin variant W215A/E217A B-chain.

XX

XX Human; thrombin; W215A/E217A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH Misc-difference 227 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"
 FT Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Glu substituted by Ala"
 FT Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Glu substituted by Ala"
 XX WO2002100337-A2.
 PN 19-DEC-2002.
 PD 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.
 PF 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.
 PR (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.
 XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;
 PI WPI; 2003-156907/15.
 DR N-PSDB; AB224535.
 XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting
 PT the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C
 PT activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic
 PT potential of a patient -
 XX Claim 2; Fig 4; 95pp; English.
 PS The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin
 CC or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the
 CC formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for
 CC determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the
 CC thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the
 CC B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A/E217A (WE).
 XX Sequence 259 AA;
 SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 DQ 188 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210
 RESULT 11
 AAR74775
 ID AAR74775 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX AAR74775;
 AC AAR74775;
 XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX

DE Wild-type thrombin.
 XX Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH Protein 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX WO9513385-A2.
 PN 18-MAY-1995.
 PD 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 PF 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 PI WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 DR N-PSDB; AAQ2455.
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.
 XX Disclosure; Fig 1; 78pp; English.
 PS The sequence represents wild-type (reference) thrombin. Mutants
 CC of this sequence (AAR74776-80 and AAR76033-41) have at least 80%
 CC homology with thrombin, and are capable of protein-C activation
 CC without significant fibrinogen clotting activity, and vice versa
 CC (specifically have a ratio of protein-C activity to fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity of less than 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to
 CC thrombin). The mutant thrombin sequences, produced in recombinant
 CC cell culture or by in vitro methods, and are used to treat
 CC thrombotic conditions, particularly during cardiac bypass surgery
 CC and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX Sequence 295 AA;
 SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 DQ 224 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246
 RESULT 12

AAR74776
 ID AAR74776 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR74776;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin K52A, R233A.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW antioagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 88 /note= "Lys in wild-type"
 FT Misc-difference 269 /note= "Lys in wild-type"
 FT Protein 37..295 /note= "Arg in wild-type"
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN WO9513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0132657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LK, Tsiang M;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 PT Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and antioagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.
 XX
 PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 CC Sequence 295 AA;
 XX

CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 ||||||||||||||||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 14
 AAR74778
 ID AAR74778 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74778;
 XX
 XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229F.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 XX Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 DR
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 FT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.

XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 PS
 XX The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 ||||||||||||||||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 15
 AAR74779
 ID AAR74779 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74779;
 XX
 XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229S.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.

XX
PI
XX
XX
XX
XX
PT
PT
PT
XX
PS
XX
XX
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
CC
XX
SQ

Gibbs CS, Leung LK, Tsiang M;
WPI; 1995-194103/25.
Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
treatment of tumours, etc.
Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
(Updated on 23-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
Sequence 295 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||
Db 224 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246
|||||

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:25
Job time : 49.7097 secs

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 15.5806 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4
Perfect score: 131
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Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5
Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308
Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76:.*
1: pir1:.*
2: pir2:.*
3: pir3:.*
4: pir4:.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query			DB ID	Description
		Match	Length	%		
1	131	100.0	622	1	TBJU	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	127	96.9	236	2	C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	124	94.7	625	1	TBBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	118	90.1	234	2	F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	113	86.3	235	2	D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	113	86.3	235	2	E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	110	84.0	236	2	I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	109	83.2	239	2	G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	102	77.9	617	2	S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	102	77.9	618	2	A35827	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	89	67.9	235	2	H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
12	71.5	54.6	417	1	S00845	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
13	71	54.2	461	1	KXHU	protein C (activat

14	70.5	53.8	482	1	EXRT	coagulation factor
15	70.5	53.8	636	1	KQHUP	plasma kallikrein
16	69.5	53.1	275	2	S40007	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
17	69.5	53.1	1324	2	I30337	polyprotein - Afri
18	68.5	52.3	161	2	I62744	coagulation factor
19	68.5	52.3	488	1	EXHU	coagulation factor
20	68.5	52.3	1019	2	A38738	coagulation factor
21	67.5	51.5	161	2	I48158	coagulation factor
22	67.5	51.5	282	2	I84621	coagulation factor
23	67.5	51.5	459	2	I70419	coagulation factor
24	67.5	51.5	638	1	EXCH	coagulation factor
25	67.5	51.5	638	1	KQMEPL	plasma kallikrein
26	67	51.1	225	2	S45356	probable serine pr
27	67	51.1	264	2	S32794	trypsin-like prote
28	66.5	50.8	309	2	B49678	coagulation factor
29	66.5	50.8	1004	2	T30338	oviductin (EC 3.4
30	65.5	50.0	267	2	S40006	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
31	65.5	50.0	274	2	S35339	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
32	65.5	50.0	275	2	S40005	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
33	65.5	50.0	277	2	S35340	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
34	65.5	50.0	638	1	KQRTPL	plasma kallikrein
35	64.5	49.2	237	2	S55378	serine proteinase
36	64.5	49.2	238	1	TRW5Y	trypsin-like prote
37	64	48.9	191	2	S54115	complement factor
38	64	48.9	246	1	DEHU	complement factor
39	64	48.9	456	1	KXBO	protein C (activat
40	64	48.9	2616	2	A57096	nudel protein prec
41	63.5	48.5	625	1	KFHU1	coagulation factor
42	63	48.1	461	1	JK0210	protein C (activat
43	62.5	47.7	375	1	A23689	limulus clotting e
44	62.5	47.7	416	1	S33777	hepsin (EC 3.4.21
45	62.5	47.7	492	1	EXBO	coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

TBRU
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II
N/Contains: prothrombin
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000
R/Accession: A29351; A00914; E00914; A37549; A37550; I51352
R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W., 1987
Biochemistry 26, 6163-6177, 1987
A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:8607877; PMID:2825773
A/Accession: A29351
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M17262; GS:M33691; NID:g556069; PIDN:AAC63054.1;
PID:g339641
R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.,
Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983

A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407
A/Accession: A00914
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 165-622 <DE2>
A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g97129; PIDN:CAA23842.1;
PID:g1335344
A/Accession: B00914
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 166-311 <DE3>
R/Walz, D.A.; Hewett-Emmett, D.; Seegers, W.H.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1968-1972, 1977
A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:7719364; PMID:266717
A/Accession: A37549
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', 120, 'S', 122-163, 'I', 165-175, 'A', 177-182, 'T', 184-193, 'VV', 196-308, 'EE', 309-314 <WAL>
R/Burkowski, R.J.; Ellison, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.
J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977
A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.
A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923
A/Accession: A37550
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', 336-348, 'N', 350-368, 'N', 370-397, 'N', 399-413, 'N', 415-464, 'N', 466-493, 'G', 495-503, 'V', 505-508, 'S', 510, 'V', 512-513, 'D', 515-528, 'AL', 531, 'Q', 533-622 <BUT>
R/Rabiet, M.J.; Blashill, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.
J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986
A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958
A/Contents: annotation; activation cleavages
R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.
Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986
A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.
A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87182874; PMID:3471151
A/Accession: I51952
A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', 5-100 <RES>
A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724
C/Comment: thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.
C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.
C/Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.
C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.
C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.
C/Genetics:

A:Gene: GDB:t2
A:Cross-references: GDB:119894; OMIM:176930
A:Map position: 11p11-11q12
A:Introns: 27/1; 60/3; 89/1; 106/1; 141/2; 187/1; 292/1; 335/1; 377/2; 433/2; 491/2; 552/1; 575/3
C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C:Keywords: acute phase; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase
F:1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F:25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F:28-87/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F:44-622/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <WAT>
F:44-622/Product: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>
F:108-186/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F:213-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>
F:328-363/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>
F:364-622/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
F:364-613/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F:49-50,57,59,62,63,68,69,72,75/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental
F:60-65,90-103,108-186,129-169,157-181,213-234-274,262-286/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F:121,143/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted
F:336-482,536-550,564-594/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F:391-407/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental
F:406,462/Active site: His, Asp #status predicted
F:416/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
F:568/Active site: Ser #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e-10;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 AGYKPEEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||
Db 551 AGYKPEEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 573

RESULT 2
C42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rabbit (fragment)
C:Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)
C>Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C:Accession: C42696
R:Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A:Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A:Reference number: A42696; PMID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A:Accession: C42696
A>Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-236 <BAN>
A:Cross-references: GB:X81396
C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C:Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F:1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 96.9%; Score 127; DB 2; Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 2.6e-10;
Matches 22; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 AGYKPEEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||
Db 165 AGYKPEEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 187

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:57
Job time : 15.5806 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 9.64516 Seconds
 (without alignments)
 112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4
 Perfect score: 131
 Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDAGEGSGPVF 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
 Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DS seq length: 0
 Maximum DS seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
 Maximum Match 100%
 Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1	THRB_HUMAN
2	124	94.7	623	1	THRB_BOVIN
3	102	77.9	617	1	THRB_RAT
4	102	77.9	618	1	THRB_MOUSE
5	73.5	56.1	290	1	MPN_HUMAN
6	71.5	54.6	417	1	HEPS_HUMAN
7	71.5	54.6	436	1	HEPS_MOUSE
8	71	54.2	161	1	PTC_MACMU
9	71	54.2	161	1	PTC_HUMAN
10	70.5	53.8	638	1	KAL_HUMAN
11	70	53.4	281	1	TRY3_ANOGA
12	69.5	53.1	275	1	TRY3_MOUSE
13	68.5	52.3	488	1	FAL0_HUMAN
14	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_CARRO
15	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_TACTR
16	68	51.9	458	1	PTC_RABIT
17	67.5	51.5	282	1	FA9_RAT

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID	THRB_HUMAN	STANDARD	PRT	622 AA
AC	P00734;			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).			
GN	F2.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=86077877; PubMed=2825773;			
RA	Degen S.J.F., Davie E.W.;			
RT	"Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.";			
RL	Biochemistry 26:6165-6177(1987).			
RN	[2]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND VARIANT MET-165.			
RA	Rieder M.J., Armel T.Z., Carrington D.P., Chung M.-W., Lee K.L.,			
RA	Ozuna M., Peol C.I., Toth E.J., Yi Q., Nickerson D.A.;			
RL	Submitted (JAN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			

18	67.5	51.5	459	1	FA9_MOUSE	P16294 mus musculus
19	67.5	51.5	475	1	FA10_CHICK	P25155 gallus gall
20	67.5	51.5	638	1	KAL_MOUSE	P26262 mus musculus
21	67	51.1	256	1	KLKE_HUMAN	Q9h2r5 homo sapien
22	67	51.1	264	1	VDP_EOMMO	Q07943 bombyx mori
23	66.5	50.8	455	1	TMS5_MOUSE	Q9er04 mus musculus
24	66.5	50.8	457	1	TMS5_HUMAN	Q9h3s3 homo sapien
25	65.5	50.0	267	1	TRY7_ANOGA	P35041 anopheles g
26	65.5	50.0	274	1	TRY1_ANOGA	P35035 anopheles g
27	65.5	50.0	275	1	TRY4_ANOGA	P35038 anopheles g
28	65.5	50.0	277	1	TRY2_ANOGA	P35036 anopheles g
29	65.5	50.0	638	1	KAL_RAT	P14272 rattus norv
30	65	49.6	157	1	PTC_CANFA	Q28278 canis famil
31	65	49.6	157	1	PTC_CAPHI	Q28315 capra hircu
32	65	49.6	157	1	PTC_FELCA	Q28412 felis silve
33	65	49.6	157	1	PTC_HORSE	Q28380 equus cabal
34	65	49.6	459	1	PTC_PIG	Q9g1p2 sus scrofa
35	64.5	49.2	238	1	TRY5_AEDAE	P29787 aedes aegypt
36	64.5	49.2	422	1	DES1_HUMAN	Q9ul52 homo sapien
37	64.5	49.2	490	1	FA10_RABIT	P19045 cryptolagus
38	64	48.9	253	1	CFAD_HUMAN	P00746 homo sapien
39	64	48.9	259	1	CFAD_PIG	P51779 sus scrofa
40	64	48.9	456	1	PTC_BOVIN	P00745 bos taurus
41	64	48.9	875	1	NETR_HUMAN	P56730 homo sapien
42	64	48.9	2616	1	NDL_DROME	P98159 drosophila
43	63.5	48.5	623	1	FAL1_HUMAN	P03931 homo sapien
44	63	48.1	256	1	TRYE_DROER	P34627 drosophila
45	63	48.1	461	1	PTC_MOUSE	P33587 mus musculus

RN SEQUENCE OF 8-622 FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=83231469; PubMed=603407;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McGilivray R.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene
 coding for human prothrombin.";
 RL Biochemistry 22:2087-2097(1983).
 RN [4]
 RN SEQUENCE OF 44-314.
 RX MEDLINE=77193964; PubMed=266717;
 RA Walz D.A., Hewett-Emsmet D., Seegers W.H.;
 RT "Amino acid sequence of human prothrombin fragments 1 and 2.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74:1969-1972(1977).
 RN [5]
 RN SEQUENCE OF 315-622.
 RX MEDLINE=77207112; PubMed=873923;
 RA Burkowski R.J., Ellison J., Downing M.R., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 252:4942-4957(1977).
 RN [6]
 RN PROCESSING.
 RX MEDLINE=87008532; PubMed=3759958;
 RA Rabiet M.J., Blashill A., Furie B., Furie B.C.;
 RT "Prothrombin fragment 1 X 2 X 3, a major product of prothrombin
 activation in human plasma.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:13210-13215(1986).
 RN [7]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90059942; PubMed=2583108;
 RA Bode W., Mayr I., Baumann U., Huber R., Stone S.R., Hofsteenge J.;
 RT "The refined 1.9 A crystal structure of human alpha-thrombin:
 interaction with D-Phe-Pro-Arg chloromethylketone and significance of
 the Tyr-Pro-Trp insertion segment.";
 RL EMBO J. 8:3467-3475(1989).
 RN [8]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90327074; PubMed=2374926;
 RA Rydel T.J., Ravichandran K.G., Tulinsky A., Bode W., Huber R.,
 Roitsch C., Fenton J.W. II;
 RT "The structure of a complex of recombinant hirudin and human alpha-
 thrombin.";
 RL Science 249:277-280(1990).
 RN [9]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.5 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=94350942; PubMed=8071320;
 RA Rydel T.J., Yin M., Padmanabhan K.P., Blankenship D.T., Cardin A.D.,
 Correa P.E., Fenton J.W. II, Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Crystallographic structure of human gamma-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 269:22000-22006(1994).
 RN [10]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Lecht A., Bode W., Huber R., Le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 Esmon C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPTI complex reveals gross structural
 rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 and thrombomodulin.";
 RN [11]
 RN EMBO J. 16:2977-2984(1997).
 RX X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 MEDLINE=99162321; PubMed=10051558;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fueterer K., Waksman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 223 in serine proteases.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [12]
 RN VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RX MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furie B.C., Furie B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 for arginine at residue 273.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RN VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RX MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 substitution of Glu-466 by Ala.";
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RN VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RX MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His).";
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RN VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RX MEDLINE=95169898; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RT "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site.";
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RN VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RX MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysfibrinogen
 thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382.";
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9163(1988).
 RN [17]
 RN VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RX MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysfibrinogen
 thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity.";
 RL Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RN [18]
 RN VARIANT SALAKTA.
 RX MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Guillin M.-C.,
 Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity.";
 RN [19]

RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462 (1992).
 RN [19]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=8718340; PubMed=3567158;
 RA Miyata T., Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan
 RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin
 RT Tokushima.";
 RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122 (1987).
 RN [20]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=8710151; PubMed=3801671;
 RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigekiyo T., Saito S.,
 RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin
 RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin.";
 RL Blood 69:565-569 (1987).
 RN [21]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=9225689; PubMed=1349838;
 RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigekiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,
 RA Itakura M.;
 RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin
 RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular
 RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia.";
 RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100 (1992).
 RN [22]
 RP VARIANT TYPE-3.
 RX MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;
 RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;
 RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin
 RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third
 RT thrombin cleavage site.";
 RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254 (1983).
 RN [23]
 RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.
 RX MEDLINE=99318093; PubMed=10391209;
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions
 RT of human genes.";
 RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238 (1999).
 RN [24]
 RP ERRATUM.
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RL Nat. Genet. 23:373-373 (1999).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -|- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-|-Gly; activates
 CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.

CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -|- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e-10;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 DB 551 AGYKDEKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 573
 Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:04
 Job time : 9.64516 secs

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 39.3226 Seconds
(without alignments)
150.938 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4
Perfect score: 131
Sequence: 1 AGXPEKRGDAGEGSGPFTV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SPTREMBL23.*
1: sp_archaea.*
2: sp_bacteria.*
3: sp_fungi.*
4: sp_human.*
5: sp_invertebrate.*
6: sp_mammal.*
7: sp_ptic.*
8: sp_organelle.*
9: sp_phage.*
10: sp_plant.*
11: sp_rodent.*
12: sp_virus.*
13: sp_vertibrate.*
14: sp_unclassified.*
15: sp_rvirus.*
16: sp_bacteriap.*
17: sp_archaeap.*

1 127 96.9 235 6 Q28731
2 118 90.1 235 13 Q90387
3 113 86.3 235 13 Q91004
4 113 86.3 607 13 Q91001
5 113 86.3 608 13 Q9PTW7
6 109 83.2 239 13 Q91218
7 105 80.2 420 13 Q90504
8 98 74.8 172 13 Q9PFD1
9 92 70.2 234 13 Q90244
10 72.5 55.3 389 13 Q9PWX7
11 72.5 55.3 974 13 Q90WD8
12 71.5 54.6 435 11 Q9CW97
13 71.5 54.6 799 11 Q9DAI0
14 71.5 54.6 802 4 Q8IUE2
15 71.5 54.6 811 4 Q8IUB0
16 71 54.2 195 4 Q8J008
17 71 54.2 195 4 Q8J007
18 71 54.2 195 4 Q8J006
19 71 54.2 195 4 Q8IXB4
20 71 54.2 211 4 Q8J009
21 70.5 53.8 161 11 Q63109
22 70.5 53.8 267 5 Q8X161
23 70.5 53.8 481 11 Q54740
24 70.5 53.8 481 11 Q99L32
25 70.5 53.8 481 11 Q88947
26 70.5 53.8 482 11 Q63207
27 70.5 53.8 378 5 Q8SV50
28 70 53.4 200 11 Q924U6
29 69.5 53.1 1524 13 Q91674
30 69.5 52.3 161 6 Q28511
31 68.5 52.3 236 5 Q9TVH3
32 68.5 52.3 488 5 Q9TVH4
33 68.5 52.3 766 4 Q8NBY4
34 68.5 52.3 1019 5 Q8T9S1
35 68.5 52.3 1083 5 Q26423
36 68.5 52.3 686 13 Q9D9C2
37 68 51.9 156 5 Q16007
38 67.5 51.5 161 11 Q60546
39 67.5 51.5 264 5 Q02569
40 67.5 51.5 328 11 Q8BJR6
41 67.5 51.5 370 5 Q9VA44
42 67.5 51.5 387 5 Q8X157
43 67.5 51.5 474 13 Q8UHC8
44 67.5 51.5 638 11 Q8ROP5
45 67.5 51.5

Q28731 oryctolagus
Q90387 cymops pyrr
Q91004 gecko gecko
Q91001 gallus gall
Q9PTW7 struthio ca
Q91218 oncorhynch
Q90504 eptatretus
Q9PFD1 oncorhynch
Q90244 acipenser t
Q9PWX7 xenopus lae
Q90WD8 bufo japoni
Q9CW97 mus musculu
Q9DAI0 mus musculu
Q8IUE2 homo sapien
Q8IUB0 homo sapien
Q8J008 homo sapien
Q8J007 homo sapien
Q8J006 homo sapien
Q8IXB4 homo sapien
Q8J009 homo sapien
Q63109 rattus norv
Q8X161 ctenecephal
Q54740 luidia foil
Q99L32 mus musculu
Q88947 mus musculu
Q63207 rattus norv
Q8SV50 drosophila
Q924U6 mus musculu
Q91674 xenopus lae
Q28511 macaca mula
Q9TVH3 schistosoma
Q9TVH4 schistosoma
Q8NBY4 homo sapien
Q8T9S1 tachypieus
Q26423 carcinoscor
Q9D9C2 cyprinus ca
Q16007 schistosoma
Q60546 mesocricetu
Q02569 cullex quing
Q8BJR6 mus musculu
Q9VA44 drosophila
Q8X157 ctenecephal
Q8UHC8 brachydanio
Q8ROP5 mus musculu

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:05
Job time : 39.3226 secs

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
